TREET

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA. GA., FRIDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 18, 1887

THE TREASURY.

VOL. XVIII.

THE QUESTION AS TO MANNING'S

The Pressure Brought to Bear for Different Candi-sies- A Man Who Can Manipulate New York Wanted-Savannah's Appropriation— Other Naws Notes of Interest.

WASHINGTON, February 17 .- [Special.] -The speculation as to who will be the next secretary of the treasury is general and various. Because nobody knows anything everybody feels at liberty to predict. Minister Pendleton's return has suggested him as a probable appointee. His friends here deny that he is a probability in

CARLISLE MENTIONED

Today Speaker Carlisle has been the favorite with the slate-makers as Secretary Manning's successor, but it is not easy to understand how a man will resign the speakership of one house, with what is counted a good mortgage on the speakership of the next, to accept such a laborious office as that of the secretary of the treasary. Some peaple think the president will appoint Mr. Bissell, of Buffalo, his former law partner, but the friends of the president deny that he has any such intention. The chances are largely in favor of the appointment of some New York man to this important office. THE PROBABILITY FOR FAIRCHILD.

The opinion still prevails that Mr. Fairchild will be selected by the president. However, It is believed that there is strong influence being exerted by certain New York politicians to place the portfolio in other hands. Ex-Mayor Grace was at the white house this morning, and it is understood that the burden of his business was upon this matter, particularly with reference to its possible influence upon the temper of the New York delegation at the next neminating convention. It is understood that the county democrats have a man whom they would like to be secretary of the treasury. The president may deem it advisable, for political reasons, to appoint an active politician, or may decide that to accept the choice of one faction in New York would only make him enemies in the others, and this may be further inducement for the appointment of Mr. Fairchild, whose selection would not excite jealousy. It is said that besides the pressure coming from New York, there are western members who think a representative of the county democrats should succeed Mr. Manning. THE SAVANNAH APPROPRIATION.

In the river and harbor bill, which was reported to the senate today. Savannah has an increase of the house appropriation of \$45,000 to \$65,000. The engineers' report asked for \$180,-000, and the committee, headed by Mayor Lester, which was here week before last, made a strong case to prove that the engineer's estimate should be granted to protect the work already in progress. The senate has been very cantious in its additions to the house bill, which carries a total of only seven millions and a half. The bill had a stormy passage through the house, meager as it is, and it was feared that if it were greatly increased by the senate, an opposition, which might prove fatal, would-spring up in the house. The senate has raised the total appropriation about one million, and Savannah fared comparatively well. The other Georgia items are left as they were fixed by the house. SENATOR BROWN'S RETURN.

Senator Brown returned with his family last night, and was in his seat at the senate today. General P. M. B. Young, who has been sick for several days, has recovered, and was out F. H. R.

RULERS OF THE SEA. The Senate Passes Hale's Bill for an Increase

of the Navy.
Washington, February 17.—In the senate,

bills were introduced and referred as follows: By Mr. Mahone, granting the right of way and other privileges to the Hampton and Old Point Railroad company of Virginia.

By Mr. Whitthorne, to create a naval reserve in auxiliary cruiser; officers and men, from the mercantile marine of the United States. The senate resumed consideration of the bill to provide for an increase of the naval establishment (Hale's bill.)

The senate resumed consideration of the bill to provide for an increase of the naval establishment (Hale's bill.)

The amendment offored yesterday, by Mr. Buller (requiring vessels to be "for sea service"), was withdrawn.

The bill was then passed, yeas 46, nays 7.

The nays were Messrs. Coke, Jones of Arkansas, Plumb, Vance, VanWyck, Vest and Voorhees.

As amended it reads:

That for the purpose of increasing the naval establishment of zithe United States, the sums of money hereinafter named are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to be expended by the president, in the exercise of his discretion upon plans and specifications to be furnished by the navy department, for the construction of heavily armored vessels or ammored floating batteries or rams to be used for coast and harbor defense. Ten millions of dollars for the construction of light draught gunboats suitable for interior water ways and canal service, \$1.200,000, said gun boats to be completed and tested within twelve months from the date of signing of any contract for their construction. For the construction of torpedo boats of the highest attainable speed and efficiency, \$600,000, said torpedo boats to be completed and tested within twelve months from the signing of any contract for their construction. For the completed from naval vessels, floating batteries or rams, \$600,000.

Sec. 2. That for the armament of the vessels here-inbefore provided for, the sum of \$3,000,000 is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. That the material used in all naval structures provided for in this bill, and the armament for the same, shall be furnished and manufactured in the United States, and all contracts made for their construction shall be under the provision of the act of August 3, 1886, (am act to interest the naval establishment.)

Sec. 4. That the appropriation made by this act shall be available during five years from March 4, 1887.

trease the naval establishment.)
Sec. 4. That the appropriation made by this act shall be available during five years from March 4.

Scuate then proceeded to the consideration of house bills on the calendar to which there were no objections.

several house bills were passed, among them the following:
To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Tennessee river, at or near Chattanooga, Tenn., (with amendments); for the construction of a graveled road to the Richmond National cemetery, Va.; for the delivery to rightful owners the contents of cartain boxes deposited in the treasury department by the scretary of war, valuables captured in the south during the war; for holding terms of the United States courts at Vicksburg, Miss., with amendments; to change the lines between the

amendments; to change the lines between the easiern and western judicial districts of North Carolina, with an amendment. There were, in all, thirty-two bills passed, and where amendments were adopted, conferences were asked and scarte centerces appointed.

The senate, at two p. m., resumed consideration of the Eads-Tehauntepec ship railway bill, and Mr. Vest offered a new substitute for the bill. It recites that the government of Mexico has granted to Captain Eads a concession for the construction and operation of a ship railway across the isthmus of Tehauntepec, and has authorized him and his associates to obtain a charter either in Mexico or else-

hundred million dollars, and when ten per cent of the stock has been subscribed and ten per cent thereon paid in cash, a meeting of stockholders is to be held in Washington or New York for the election of directors. If the ten million of stock is not subscribed for and ten per cent in cash paid thereon within two years, the charter is to expire by limitation.

Mr. Van Wyck offered to this substitute the amendment which he had offered to the original one: that no certificate of stock shall be issued until it shall have been fully paid for in money at par value, and that no bonds in excess of the amount of capital actually paid in shall be issued, and that no bonds shall be issued or disposed of at less than their par value. On motion of Mr. Hoar, the amendment of-

fered by Mr. VanWyck was amended by a provision that the ten per cent of the stock, to be subscribed for and paid before the issue of certificates, shall not be assignable until the whole of it shall have been paid in; and that no bonds shall be authorized or issued until the paid in capital shall amount to five million dollars, instead of ten millions.

As thus amended, Mr. VanWyck's amend-

As thus amended, Mr. VanWyck's amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Vest's substitute amended as stated was agreed to without—division, and the bill as thus amended was passed; yeas 46, mays 7.

The nays were Messrs. Edmunds, Jones of Arksusas, Morrill, Platt, Vance, VanWyck and Wilson of Iowa.

The senate then, on motion of Mr. Edmunds, took by the bill to insuperstate the

took up the bill to inangurate the Maratime canal company, of Nicaragua. It went over till tomorrow as unfinished

The senate then adjourned.

THE PRESIDENT SUSTAINED. The House Refuses to Pass the Texas Seed

Washington, February 17.—The speaker laid before the house message from the president, returning without his appropriating \$10,000 for special distribution of seed to the drought-stricken district of

Texas.

Mr. Lanham, of Texas, moved that the bill and accompanying message be referred to the committee on agriculture. "Inasmuch," he said, "as he had introduced this bill, he was unwilling to let the occasion pass without saying a word in vindication of the action of congress in passing this measure. In doing so, ft followed precedents established in 1875 and in 1883, when bills of a similar character were 1883, when bills of a similar character were passed by congress and became laws. If the organization of the department of agriculture was constitutional; if seeds could be distributed for the declared object of the promotion of agriculture; if the agricultural interest was continental in its character; if the needs of agriculture should be considered equal in rank to any other requirement of the government; when government was accustomed to make a general distribution of seed, it did not seem unconstitutional to concentrate that distribution in a particular locality where need was the greatest.

The motion to refer was lost, 57 to 74. The question was then put "Would the house pass the bill, the president's objections to the contrary notwithstanding?" and it was decided

contrary notwithstanding?" and it was decided in the negative—yeas 83, nays 160.

The following was the affirmative vote:
Messrs. Anderson of Kansas, Baker, Brady, Boutelle, Brown of Obio, Brown of Fennsylvania, Catchanan, Burleigh, Campbell of Pennsylvania, Catchanan, Burleigh, Campbell of Pennsylvania, Catchanan, Burleigh, Campbell of Pennsylvania, Catchanon, Caswell, Clardy, Conger, Calberson, Cutcheon, Doney, Evans, Fitchday, Fisher, Fleeger, Fuller, Funston, Gallinger, Gay, Geddes, Giffillan, God, Grevenor, Hele, Harmer, Heude son of Iowa, Herman, Full, Hines, Holmes Hauk, Jackson, Johnston et Indiana, Kleiner, Laird, Lanham, Libbey, Lindsley, Loutti, Lyman, Martin, McKenna McKinley, Millard, Morrow, Neal, Nees, Nelson O'Tennell, O'Hara, O'Nell, of Pennsylvania, Payson, Peters, Perkins, Plumb, Price, Reed, Rowell Kyan, Sayers, Sessions, Smalls, Stevenson, Strait swinturne, Symmes, Z. Taylor, of Tennessee, Tremss, of Wiscouri, Weaver, of Iowa, Weaver, of Nebraska, Webor, West, White, of Pennsylvania, Wolford and Weedburg—Si.

Mr. Hammond, of Georgia, called up the con rence report upon the anti-Mormon bill, and

ference report upon the anti-Mormon bill, and it was agreed to—yeas 203, nays 40. Following is the negative vote:
Messes, Barbour, Bennett, Bragg, Cabell, T. J. Campbell of New York, Carleton, Clardy, Collins, Compton, Culberson, Daniel, Dorgan, Dibble, Eden, Foran, Frederick, Hale, Hall, Hill, Trion, Jones of Texas, Kleiner, Fefevre, Martin, Mills, Mitchell, Recee, O'Hara, O'Nell of Missouri, Outwaite, Price, Reagan, Stone of Missouri, Skinner, Tarsney, Turner, Ward of Indiana, Warner of Ohio, and Wilson. The speaker appointed Messes. Scott, Lanham and Felton as conferees on the trade dollar bill.

The house then, in spite of opposition of Mr.

The house then, in spite of opposition of Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, and Crain, of Texas, who desired to get up the letter carrier bill, went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic

and consular appropriation bill.

In order to simplify and facilitate the consideration of the bill, Mr. Belmont, of New York, offered a substitute for so much of the bill as had not already been disposed of. This substitute is framed so as to avoid points of order which would operate against the original bill in the matter of re-classification of the consular service. The ex sting classification is retained, thus cutting off the proposed in-crease of salaries. The provision for appoint-ment of two inspectors of consulates is also omitted from the substitute and the appropriation for the contingent expenses of consulates is reduced from \$200,000 to \$150,000. The

obstitute was agreed to.
The bill, as amended, was reported to the

house and passed. Mr. Randall, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the sundry civil appropriation bill with senate amendments, commending concurrence in twenty-two o these amendments, concurrence with amend-ments in four amendments, and non-concur-rence in 236 amendments.

In response to a question by Mr. Reed, Mr. Randall stated that the chief points in controversy were relative to the appropriations for the coast survey, seamen's retreat in New York and Vellersteen rest. York and Yellowstone park.

The republicans demanded a reading of the mendments seriatim.

Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, moved concurrence in amendment-appropriating \$5,940 for a public building at Clarksburg, W. Va., and on being voted down, raised a point of "no

THEY WILL BESUPPLIED.

Pending action, the house, at 5:10, adjourn

The Commissioner of Agricultura Will Furnish Texas With Seed.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—Commissioner Colman of the agricultural department, today in speaking of the suggestion contained in th president's message vetoing the bill for the distribution of seed to Texas sufferers said:

"The suggestions of the president that members of congress relinquish their quota of seed for the benefit of distressed districts is an ex-

cellent one. It is entirely feasible and if adopted will enable me to do a great deal of good. There are now remaining to the credit of sen ters and representatives 228,000 packages of seed. On the 11th instant, I addressed a letter to those who have city constituents suggesting such a donation of seed but have obtained thus far in this way only 13,000 packages. County judges throughout the drougth-stricken regions are sending in the names of the sufferers at the rate of nearly 1,000 per day, and what-ever is done should be done quickly. If this suggestion of the president is adopted, I shall give my personal attention to the distribution and carefully divide the seed among the re-gions affected."

to obtain a charter either in Mexico or elsewhere. It therefore incorporates James B. Eads and some eighty other persons named as a body politic, under the name and title of "The Atlantic and Pacific Ship Railway company." Stock is not to exceed one LONDON, February 17 .- The French steam

THE CARVING OF BOHLE.

UNGER TELLS THE HORRIBLE STO-RY TO A JURY.

Mistory of the Prisoner-His Relations with the Murdered Man-The Blow With the Hammer-Cutting Up of the Corpse and Packing It in a Trunk-Other Facts, Etc. Etc.

NEW YORK, February 17,-The trial of Captain Unger for the murder of August Bohle became unusually sensational today, when the prisoner was placed on the witness stand by his counsel. This is the case where a murdered man's remains were dismembered, packed in a trunk and shipped by express to Baltimore to a fictitious address. Unger gave a history of his life since reaching manhood, from which it appears that he made a creditable record in the navy during the late war, rising from a seaman's berth to the command of a dispatch boat. He is now lame from the ef-

ing, from a seaman's berth to the command of a dispatch boat. He is now lame from the effects of a wound, and lost his hearing from the concussion of a mortar explosion. His story of how be formed Bohle's acquaintance and Bohle finally went with him, has been often published. Unger relates that Bohle was moreose, quarrelsome and abusive in speech.

On the morning of the murder Bohle became offensive in his talk, and Unger sent his children out on made-up errands. After they were alone, Bohle soon became violent again and snatched up a long knife from a table and started for Unger with the evident intent to kill him. Unger hastily seized a haumer that was in reach and struck Bohle on the top of his head. Unger's left hand was cut, and he saved his life by grasping Bohle's sleeve and preventing him using the knife as he intended. The hammer crushed Bohle's skull, and he feli on the sofa dead.

Unger's recital was very dramatic, and he was worked up to a high pitch of excitement as he described Bohle's assault and illustrated his own movements, grasping the arm, holding the descending knife and striking back with the hammer.

"You knew August Bohle was dead?" said

the hammer.
'You knew August Bohle was dead?" said

'You knew August Bohle was dead?" said his counsel quietly.

"Yes, sir," answered Unger, in subdued tones; "I knew that he was dead, and I thought what I should do. It was nearly 10 o'clock, and my boy would soon be back; so I pulled out the settee, put Bohle behind it, and wiped the blood off the sofa. Then I got ready to receive my boy. When he came I told him Bohle was gone and he went to bed."

Unger related the story of the night of horror, which passed while the body of Bohle was behind the cot. He had a fitful sleep broken by horrible dreams, and in each of them Bohle appeared standing at his bed. Unger would start up and spring out of bed, again and again. appeared standing at his bed. Unger would start up and spring out of bed, again and again. This was repeated. Then the story of how he cut up the remains was told in all its minutest details. The head would not go into the trunk with all his efforts. Unger wrapped it up in a piece of cloth with some scraps of iron and dropped it off a ferry boat. The trunk was so full without it that Unger was obliged to bear the weight of his lody upon the lid, in closing.

the weight of his body upon the lid in closing it. Unger said in closing:
"I don't know, but it don't seem that I did it. I don't seem to be awake. I am a miserable man. I seem to be dreaming. I certainly did it in self-defense. I can't blame myself. I am a miserable man."

Uncer's voice had sank lower and grow more.

Unger's voice had sank lower and grew more busky until his words were scarcely audible.
The court room was as still as death during his recital. The jury leaned forward to eath every syllable. When he was through every eye was on him as he came down from the stand.

After recess, upon cross examination, Unger said he supposed that Bohle had about \$600 when he came to live with him. Unger again described the fracas minutely and without the lightest variation from his former relation At the request of his lawyer Unger looked the jury squarely and unflinchingly in the face "I have told you all I know about it."

The defense rested. Tomorrow the prosecubuttal and the case will be given to the jury no doubt.

A LOVER'S REVENCE.

Trying to Have the Young Lady Burned to Death. Death.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., February 17.—[Special.]
The arrest of Elisha Greig here reveals a diabolical plot to commit murder and arson. On Sunday night the residence of Mr. Jesse Nolan, a farmer of Davidson county was a farmer of Davidson county was a farmer of Davidson county. farmer of Davidson county, was burned, and the inmates of the house, Miss Mattie Orment and Mrs. Hamlet, barely escaped cremation. The fire was supposed to be incendiary, and new Greig makes confession of having set fire to the house. He said he had been hired by a farmer neighbor, Jim Bullayjack, to burn the place. Bullayjack had planned, he said, to burn Miss Orment, who had refused him in marriage. The plan was to catch her if she escaped burning and murder her. They took a rope along to drag her to the river and throw the body in. After they set fire both got frightened and aroused the ladies, who were slone, Mr. Nolan being in Nashville. The men ran off before the ladies, who had barely time to get out, could see who they were Greig was arrested on suspicion, and confessed as above related. Eullayjack has disappeared, but officers are after him. Miss Orment was to have married Bullayjack's rival next week, and hence his desire for revenge.

LOST IN THE ALABAMA.

An Alabama River Engineer Disappeared From View.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 17.—[Special.]---J. R. Moffit, engineer on the steamor Alabama, running between Mobile and Montgomery, is missing today, and was probably drowned in the Alabama river last night. The boat was coming up the river to this edy, and when seventeen miles above Selma, Moffit took a lantern and oil can, and went to the extrem rear end of the boat to oil some machinery. He did not return, and when the search was instituted, could not be found on deck. The conclusion is that he fell or was knocked over bcaid by the lever, and drowned. The boat was landed, and a yawl manned and sent back to search for him. The boat reached here to-day, and the captain received a telegram from the searching party, who went back to Solna, bringing information that the missing engin-cer had not been found. Mofit was about 65

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 17 .- [Spe cial.)—Andrew Joselynn, a farmer residing of Lookout mountain, his wife and two small child ren, had a thrilling experience while descending the steep mountain road on a wagon. His team became unmanageable and ran away. The wagon was pitched over a precipice, carrying all its occupants, who were dashed into a ravine. All were more or less injured, and it is feared Joselynn and his son will not recover.

St. Louis, February 17 .- The federal grand rry, which has been investigating frauds con itted at the election in this city last Novembe

made it final report to Judge Treat in the United States district court today, and returned twenty-two indictment in addition to those heretofore found. A special jury has been called to try these cases at the March term of the court.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., February 17.—[Special.]—The local trustees of the Methodist Episcopal university met and decided to purchase the building and grounds from the Freedman's Aid society. Committees were appointed to solicit \$125,000, which will secure the property and endowment. The university is worth \$250,000. The neoposity of the later of CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., February 17.—[Special.]—The relatives of John Hobbs, pilot of the second passener train which left Chattanogga over the Georgia division of the East Tennessee road. It is a contract to the contract of t

THE TEXAS INVESTIGATION.

Continuation of Evidence Before the Sen ate Committee.

Ate Committee.

Washington, February 17.—The Evarts sub-committee today continued the examination of witnesses in the Texas election investigation. E. S. Brown, colored, described the destruction of the ballot box at Graball precinct. He was clerk of the election. No trouble had occurred until the count was progressing, when three armed and disguised men entered the room, ordered the election officers to "hold up" and carried away the ballot box, which was found the next day in the road crushed and the contents torn and seattered and trampled into the sand. G. A. Mayo, another colored man, was one of the judges of the election when his democratic colleague objected to counting the republican tickets, which were diamond-shaped, on the ground that they did not conform to the law.

Accordingly 188 of these tickets were laid acide. This witness said he had served as a constable in this precinct three terms. A decision of the Texas supreme court was read, rendered over a year recylong to the election undered over a year recylong the property of the election undered over a year recylong to the election undered over a year recylong to the election undered over a year recylong to the election undered over a year recylong the property of the election undered over a year recylong to the election undered over a year recylong the property of the election undered over a year to the election undered over a year to the election to the election undered over a year to the election undered over the election undered over a year to the election

sion of the Texas supreme court was read, ren-dered over a year previous to the election un-der investigation, which held these diamond-shaped tickets to be lawful.

A. G. Scott, (colored,) was sworn and exam-

ined. He is thirty-four years old, a minister of the gespel, a school teacher and republican in politics; he is a voter at Chapel Hill polling politics; he is a voter at Chapel Hill politing place, and was there on last election day. He passed by the Chadwick gin house polling place on that morning, the polls were not open, though between sixty-five and seventy colored men were waiting to vote; the men told him they lacked a man to act as presiding judge, Mr. Nichels having declined to act. Colored men who were asked to serve declined, because they feared repetition of the affair at Chapel Hill, two years before when three negroes were thot. Witness named three of the colored men there, who to his knowledge could read and write. In consequence of the murder of Dewes Bolton, an indignation meeting of white people was held at Brenham and committees for each precinct was appointed in the interest of peace. Witness's congregation became so much alarmed that they would not come to church. Some colored men were informed that the meeting had decided that they must leave the country. Witness called on the committee and was authorized to state that they were not after the colored people, but were after several people whom they named, who had been acting with the white republicans who made incendiary speeches. Mr. Glass, the justice of the peace, was present at this conversation. Witness though a republic place, and was there on last election day. He Glass, the justice of the peace, was present at this conversation. Witness, though a republi-can, voted for Judge Kirk, and told his congregation from his pulpit that he was going to vote for him. He knew Judge Kirk personally and thought him a good friend of the colored people. The schools for colored people had improved under Kirk's administration. Witness, during a subsequent examination, devel-oped preference for republican local adminis-trations in general but with democratic predi-

tections in particular cases.

W. S. Busten, white, was sworn and examined by Senator Everts. He described the lynching of three colored men at Brenham, but hrew no new light upon the matters under rectivation. ections in particular cases.

G. W. Brown, colored, successful republican G. W. Brown, colored, successful republican candidate for country commissioner, defeating D. D. Bolton, whose son, Dewes Bolton, was killed, was sworn. It was for killing Dowes Eolton that the negroes were lynehed at Brenbarn. After the election witness was informed by friends that he was in danger, and had better not stay sergual home. Witness was confor not tay around home. Witness was conglerably alarmed, and described the precautions he took to keep out of trouble. After he
was sworn into office, he received a note advising him to leave the county and not serve

s commissioner. He has not been disturbed u the performance of his duty. F. M. Newman, white, was sworn and exam-ned. He is a democrat. He described the indignation meeting of white citizens of Brenham two or three days after the election. Judge Kirk offered a resolution declaring that as Hacksworth, Schuetze, Moore, Gilder, Lockett and Potter had been making incendiary sycches they must hereafter be more quict, or the committee would instruct them to leave the county. Judge Kirk made a speech in support of his resolution. Colonel Gildings offered an amendment modifying the resolution considerably. Harry Haines made a speech, alluding to the killing of Bolton, and declared that his voice was for war. Miles Tider said that the previous administration of dignation meeting of white citizens of Bren-

ness said that Judge Kirk stated in substance that the man he named had been going among the colored people, and there was danger that they would be incited to violence by incendi-

ary speeches.
Witness, in answer to Senator Evarts, said he did not know of any outbreak or threatened outbreak on the part of the colored people, or any speeches other than the public ones alany speeches other ready testified to.

THE LABOR TROUBLES.

Satisfied With the New Men-The Boston Street Car Strike, New York, February 17.—Captain Bourne, of the Old Dominion steamship line, replying to a deputation of strikers who called on him with view to their getting back to work, said that he had 250 men at work who were equally as good now as the strikers and he did not in-tend to discharge any of them to make room for men, who, at the call of irresponsible ties, were liable to leave the company in the

Longshoremen's union No. 2., tonight had a meeting, and there was long and turbulent controversy upon a proposition that members of the union should be permitted by the union to work wherever they could secure employment, no matter whether with non-union men, or otherwise. Men who want to work, and who are tired of union dictation prevailed in the controversy, and the men will return to

work, whenever employers will permit.

BOSTON, February 17.—Affairs at South Boston, as far as a settlement of the trouble between the striking horse car men and officials of the road is concerned, seems to have reached a point where it is difficult to state which side will eventually be winner. The directors are firm and the men determined, and that is all that can be said of the strike at this writing. The company have a small number of cars running. Everything is quiet in Cambridge and two new lines were started this morning with a limited number of cars. There has been no attempt at intimidation from the strikers or their expunctions to the strikers.

their sympathizers today.

New York, February 17.—About one hundred Mutual district measengers in Wall and New streets struck this morning. About half of those at the New street office remained at work, but nearly all in the office at Wall street joined in the strike. The boys state they cannot stand the fines levied on them by the mannot stand the fines levied on them by the man ager, and assert that they will not go back until the system of fining is discontinued. The manager at 10 Wall street alleges that the boys do not know what they struck for, and that each one gives a different reason for refusing

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., February 17 cial.]—The joint committee of the board of alder-men, beard of trade and from. Coal and Manufac-turers' association met and decided to forward to the legislature at once a bill providing for a board of public works, and an issuance of \$500,000 bonds to pave the streets. The bill meets with universal

THE KNIGHTS OF MOMUS.

DEPICTING THE MYTHS OF THE NEW WORLD.

Commencement of the Mardi Gras 2. tivities in New Orleans-Sixteen Tableau Cars Rep. senting the Legends of the American Indians. and the Astees-The City Crowded.

NEW ORLEANS, February 17 .- The Mard. Gras festivities began today. The Knights of Momus appeared tonight in gorgeous tableaux, representing "Myths of the New World." For this purpose, Momus has had his counsellors collecting facts from the legends of the races of America, and their accounts of the creation of the world. The Indians of America and legends of the Aztecs are liberally drawn upon, and are brought forth so that they can be real ly appreciated by all. The first is the title car, emblematic of the subject portrayed. It consists of a stone temple of pyramid-shape, covered with the heads of Maya divinities Through spaces in the stone, worn away by time's irresistible decay, sprouts forth a poculiar vegetation. In golden letters on the front of the car can be seen "Myths of the

front of the car can be seen "Myths of the New World."
Car No. 2, Manitou, the Great Spirit. Momus has chosen to represent himself as the Great Spirit, that all powerful deity, the God of Peace of the North American Indians.
Car No. 3, the Happy Hunting Grounds.
Car No. 4, Megissogwen, known as the Great Pearl Father, who was the evil spirit feared by the Indians, whom Hiawatha slew.
Car No. 5, South Winds; Shawaedaze, custodian of the south winds. dian of the south winds.

dian of the south winds.

Car No. 6, Viracechs, creator of the world, according to the Peruvian traditions.

Car No. 7, The Coming of Montezuma.

Car No. 8, Departure of Quelzacouth, who was the Aztec Jupiter.

Car No. 9, Bocab, four gods of Yacatan—Kair, the gods of the east, ruler over precious stone; Mulue, god of the north, who ruled over snow and silver; Ix, god of the west, ruler over darkness and night, and anac, god of the south, ruler of light, heat and fire.

Car No. 10, Michabo, the great hare. A huge white rabbit is seen in a palace of ice, guarded

white rabbit is seen in a palace of ice, guarded by four spirits. Michabo taught the art of planting, and established religion. He it was who originated the idea of fishing with nets. and the aurorea borealis was his creation. and the aurorea borealis was his creation.

Car No. 11, temple of the sun.

Car No. 12, Cupaj.the Peruvian under-world.

Car No. 13, the Aztec heaven. The sun is here represented surrounded by beautiful flowers, floating in a sea of clouds. The Aztec idea is that at death the body is transferred into flowers, which is floated in perfumed clouds.

near the sun, to be, in course of time, absorbed by it.

Car No. 14, Hurakin, god of storms. Car No. 15, the fountain of youth. Car No. 16, Mano, the Eldorado.

The streets along the route of the procession were densely packed with spectators. A greatmany strangers have arrived in the city to witness the Mardi Gras festivities, and excursion parties are coming in from all directions.

TEMPERANCE IN TENNESSEE. The Principle of Compensation in Disfavor

NASHVILLE, February 17 .- [Special.]-The

NASHVILLE, February 17.—[Special.]—The Tennessee State Temperance alliance was called to order this morning by President Jo H. Tussell, but the real work of the alliance began last night in the parlors of the Nicholson house, where about ferty of the most carnest workers were in attendance upon an informal conference. Colonel James Homan presided, and George A. Armstead, editor of the Issue, was made secretary. There was much exthusians and unanimity.

When the convention opened with singing and payer by Rev. M. B. Dewitt, the hall was filled with representatives from every part of the state, politicizer, lawyers, ministers, doctors, farmers, mechanics, teachers and a large number of ladies, among whem were Mrs. Merriwether, of Memphis, and Mrs. Wells, of Chattaroogs.

Hon. Jo H. Tussell, president of the alliance, said he had no written report, but he felt that he stood in the midst of a mighty upheaval, the power being Ged himself. He compensulated the temperance workers on the victory gained in the passage of the prohibition amendments. He was touching upon the proposition to compensate the liquot cealers, wen Mr. L. G. Munford amounced that the judiciary committee has reported adversely to the compensation bill. The wildest applause followed the announcement.

Committees were then announced. A member moved to havite the presidents of the colleges in the city to be added to the committees.

Rev. T. J. Duncan said: "We do not know the sentiments of the presidents of these colleges."

This brought out the fact that every college in the city was in favor of prohibition.

Rev. Dr. Candler, Chancellor N. Green, A. S. Colyer, Presion Taylor, colored, delivered addresses.

The afternoon session was passed in speech mak The afternoon session was passed in speech making from prominent delegates, among them Dr.D.C. Kelly, Rev. G. C. Rankin, of Chattanooga, Mrs. M. H. Wells, of Chattanooga, vice-president of the National Christian Temperance Union, Mrs. Lide Meriwether, of Memphis, sister of the late Mrs. Vignina French, the Tennessee poetess, herself a poetess of no mean merit, and president of the Tennessee Women's Christian Temperance union, and Professors Gilmer and Bennett, of Fisk university. versity.
At night addresseswere made by J. H. Tussell,
T, J. Duncan and others.

A GREAT SURPRISE. A Change of Three Votes Makes West Vir-

ginia Vote on the Liquor Question. CHARLESTON, West Va., February 17.

CHARLESTON, West Va., February 17.—An unexpected turn was taken by the senate this morning when the bill which had been passed by the lower houses to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors and drinks within the state came up for its passage. Opponents of the bill discovered the fact that they could not defeat it, and in order to do the next best thing they called for a vote on the joint resolution which provides for the submission of the question to the people of prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in this state, which had not yet been announced. Upon the call of the vote on submission, three Upon the call of the vote on submission, three members who had voted against submission changed their votes to aye, which gave the resolution a two-third majority. Submission will be voted on in November, 1888, at the next general election. The lower house passed the resolution two weeks ago. The bill prohibiting sale of liquors and drinks was then laid on the table. The prohibitionists are very en-

thusiastic over their victory. Anniston Is Dry,
Anniston, Ala., February 17.—[Special.]—
The prohibition election today passed quietly The returns show the county dry certain, it is estimated by one thousand majority.

THE TRIAL OF DILLON.

A Subscription to the Fund From Archbishop Walsh.

Dishop Walsh.

DUBLIN, February 17.—In the case of the government against John Dillon, et al., the prosecution teday applied for an order compelling the defendants to be present during the trial. The court refused the application.

Archbishop Walsh, of Dublin, has subscribed fifty deliars to the defense fund in behalf of Dillon, O'Brien, Redmond, Crilly, and others, who are being prosecuted by the crown on the charge of conspiring for agitating the plan of campaign. The archbishop, in his letter eaclesing the subscription, says he sends the contribution as a protest against an insult to many members of his flock by packing the jury chosen to try the defendants, and the exclusion therefrom of numerous members of the archishop's diocese solely because of their religion.

A Trial Justice Dead.

A Trial Justice Dead. COLUMBIA, S. C., February 17.—[Special.]—
First Justice H. W. Fiebling, of this city, died this city died this city and first city of cases. It has lived been seen therein for a page 3. PRICE FIVE CENTS

MISS MOORE'S STORY.

She is Very Indignant But Will Not Sue for

Slander.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., February 17.—The Louisville Evening Post has the following concerning the Moore-Bloom affair in this city last week:

"A reporter of the Post interviewed Miss Flora Moore, the actress, who was charged by the Courier-Journal with some very scandalous conduct in a room at the Maxwell house, Nashville, in company with a Mr. Bloom, who was to take the management of the "Bunch of Keys" company with which she is connected.

M's Moore was very indignant about the

ne. ted.

M. 's Moore was very indignant about the report of the affair, and denied the whole story, saying a 'e had no doubt it was a piece of spitework man, e up by Mr. Kline, her former manager. "You see," said she, "I had been finding fault with h is management, and told him he could conside." himself 'fired;' and that naturally made bim mad. As for Kirkpatrick, he must have been drunk or crazy, or couldn't see straight, for I hat, on a morning gown; it looked very much like a night dress, I'll admit, but it was a gown I the owever my clothes when I ed very much like a might dress, I'll aumit, out it was a gown I the awover my clothes when I am preparing for bus iness. I hunted the whole town over for Kirkp atrick with a detective, only to learn that he had skipped to this city. I can't find him here. As for kline, he skipped out to Chicago, where I'll go this evening and hunt him up, when I'll have satisfaction or die."

die."
"What kind of satisfaction?" "What kind of satisfaction?"

"Oh, I've got a big brother over here, and we'll fix him so bad that the curls will not leave his hair for a long time to come. He's so contemptible he is hardly worth noticing. When Mr. Bloom was in my room there were three others, and I don't think I'm such a fool as to make an exhibition of myself before them."

them."
"Will you institute suit for libel against the

"Will you institute suit for libel against the Courier-Journal?"

"No; it would keep me here too long and would cost me too much; besides, the retraction this morning sets me right before the public again, and that is all I want."

"What object could Kirkpatrick have in reporting such tales about you?"

"I don't know what lo think of it, unless he was crazy or blind. I'll make it hot for Kline, though, and don't you forget it."

Yesterday morning the Louisville Commercial contained the following: "Miss Flora Moore, the actress, who came here to suc the Courier-Journal for libel in case she should not obtain a correction of the story published concerning her conduct in the Maxwell house, Nashville, in company with E. L. Bloom, left last night for Chicago. She professed to be satisfied with the statement which has been published, although it was not a straight-out retraction. Rather than fight the matter in the courts she preferred to let it rest with the correction she was given."

THE FALL IN STOCKS.

Which Alarmed the Holders of Richmond

Terminal. New York, February 17.—[Special.]—Stock trading today was enlivened by an unexpected fall in Richmond Terminal. The talk in uptrading today was enlivened by an unexpected fall in Richmond Terminal. The talk in uptown broker resorts last night was decidedly bullish on this specialty, and a higher opening was freely predicted. The forecasts, however, were at fault, as they have often been in Richmond Terminal. It opened ½ lower, and large blocks were offered so rapidly that the price went down with a run until 43½ was quoted. A rally followed and the price mounted by small frections to 44½. The other shares on the list sympathized, and generally showed a lower opening when they were quoted at all. But the bulk of the 69,000 shares traded in during the first hour was of that single stock, and after its flurry the prevailing duliness of the previous four days resumed sway. Richmond Terminal's erratic course enjoys two explanations. It has been hinted for several days that treason has destroyed harmony in the pool that has been bulling it; somebody has been quietly unloading and realizing profits on every two or three point rise. This caused the stock to fluctuate in a way that was very alarming to the other members of the deal. Rumor has it that Thomas, who was one of the chief parties in the East Teunessee deal is the party at fault. It is known that he deal. Rumor has it that Thomas, who was one of the chief parties in the East Tennessee deal, is the party at fault. It is known that he marketed his share of the stock acquired by the deal named, but it was not suspected until recently that he has been getting rid of his other holdings as well. Those who discredit this explanation say that it is part of the tactics of the pool to shake out weak holders. They have money and credit enough to engineer a large advance in the stock and don't want outside assistance. Hence, they mark prices down, shake out outsiders, who know little about the true in wardness, and when the rise comes, will be in a position to monopolize all the profits without any danger of having the rise checked by too

hasty profit-taking.

The East Tennessee had another advance of several points to 201 for second preferred and 77 for first preferred, despite the weakness of other stocks. The advance, however, was based on so few transactions and embrace so few shares that it was open to suspicion of

Which Had the Effect of Making the Bond

ASHEVILLE, N. C., February 17.-[Special.] Information has reached this city in regard to a wholesale isil escape at Morranton, some fifty miles from here, which occurred on Monday night. Among the number of criminals confight. Among the number of entimals confined in the prison was one Sam Pearson, a notorious character, but a scient of one of the best families in the state and a fellow having many friends. The sheriff lives several miles in the country, and entrusts the prisoners to his jailer. Peason's friends wrote the unsuspecting jailer a note and signed the sheriff's name. This ordered the jailer to allow Pearson to go out to visit his veletices his causif a maily whose out to visit his relatives, his aunt's family, who lives in the town. As the jailer came to let out Pearson, the signal was made, and by a preconcerted arrangement, the prisoners overpowered the jailer and escaped. The alarm was given and a pesse pursued, but only two were cap-

HONORS TO HASKELL. A Carolinian Who Rises Steadily in the

COLUMBIA, S. C., February 17.—[Special.]— The recent appointment of ex-Judge A. C. Haskell, of this city, to succeed General E. P. Alexander as a director of the Union Pacific railway, is an inci-

of this city, to succeed General E. F. Alexander as a director of the Union Facific railway, is an incident in the career of a man who has been peculiarly honored by his people. Judge Haskell was yet a young man when he came out of the confederate war, after serving with great gallanty and rising to the position of brigadier-general. On the establishment of the state university he was pressed for the chairmanship of its faculty, and missed by but one vote an election over his only competitor, the Hon. R. W. Barnwell, for years a prominent man in South Carolina. Judge Haskell was shortly afterwards made law professor in the university, resigning that position to take an active part in the Seymour and Blair campaign. Resuming the practice of law, he took no part in politics till 1876, when he was chairman of the democratic state executive committee. In 1877 he was elected associate justice of the state supreme court, filling that position in a manner highly creditable to himself and equally gratifying to the bar of the state. Two years later he received the offer of the presidency of the Charlotte, Columbia and Argusta railroad company, which position he still loids. His recent appointment gives general satisfaction in South Carolina.

The New Jersey Legislature.

The New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., February 17.—After an all day battle in the assembly the democrats late this afternoon won a double victory and seated—heyond further contest in the state—Waiter and Turkey, democratic representatives from Mercer and Camden counties, respectively, whose elections had been contested since the opening of the season.

ound Griffin-Two Raiding Parties Out on the Scent-Arrests of Moonsbiners and Destruction of Stills in the State.

GRIFFIN, Ga., February 17 .- [Special.]-The mountains of northern Georgia will have to surrender the palm as the moonshine district, to the valleys and red hills of middle Georgia. It has been the impression that the mountain was the home of the illicit distillers, but if reports are true, Palding, Pike, Henry, Butts, Menroe, Upson and Fayette are in the race with their mountain sisters and are selling first in the pool. Since the capture and the disclosures made by the arrest of the parties connected with the Crawford distillery, many reports of crookedness in this moral vineyard we been rife. But our people were little prepared for the arrival of such an array as

SWOOPED DOWN YESTERDAY and last night. Yesterday afternoon Revenue Officers J. P. Chisholm and Wellborn Colquitt came down and had an interview with a few people here; their manner showed conclusively that they were up to something, They went to the livery stable and engaged half a dozen of the best teams in the stable. Last night ten deputy United States marshals came down on the train covered from head to feet with guns and pistols; each man was verily a walking arsenal. About 12 o'clock last night, the party left town quietly in several different direction. They were bent on capturing some illicit distilleries in this section. They had received reliable information that in a radius of fifteen miles from here, there were eight full fledged distilleries running on full time, and turning out the "orphan maker" in a fearful rapid manner." The disclosures expected to be made by some of these captures, will be startling and surprising. Ontside of the capture of the illicit distiller. ies, the officers came here also to get addi-

EVIDENCE ABOUT THE CRAWFORD matter. It is reported that there will be at least one dozen warrants issued immediately against parties living in this county, who the officers claim had connection with the Crawford crookedness.

It is rumored here that there will be a number of changes in the revenue service, both in high and low places. If one half of what is said is true, the internal revenue department is in a chaotic state.

UNIVERSITY TOPICS.

Mr. Meldrim Likely to Accept the Post of Orator.

ATHENS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Hon. Peter W. Meldrim, who was selected by the Phi Kanpa society as commencement orator, has not as yet accepted but it is highly pro The report that the Phi able that he will. Kappas are trying for some northern statesman

not true. The junior class have organized an excellent

baseball nine. The other classes will organize nines. A series of games will then be played for the college championship. The University Reportor of last Saturday contained an excellent article on alumni. It was an appeal to the alumni of the university to stand up to the institution. On March 1st R. L. Foreman assumes the editor in chiefship of the Reporter. Mr. Foreman is one of the most versatile writers in the university and he vill no doubt make the Reporter a newsy sheet.

The boardinghouse boycotters seem to have retired; no boycotting has been indulged in during the past week THE MERCY OF THE COURT.

A Notable Murder Case on Trial in Jackson JEFFERSON, Ga., February 17 .- [Special.] --About three o'clock, Tuesday evening, the case of The State vs. Armistead Camp, colored, who was charged with the offense of murder, was taken up by the court, and both sides announced ready. A jury was soon empanelled, and the trial begun. The entire evening and a greater part of yesterday was occupied in hearing the witnesses for the state. The state made out a good case, and everyone was anxi-ous to hear the defense. The defense set up was "self-de fense."

The jury, after remaining in their room for wo hours, brought in the following verdiet:
"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty of murer, and recommend him to the mercy of the

As soon as the verdict was received, Judge Hutchins sentenced the defendant to hard labor in the penitentiary for life.

THE WIFE OF FOUR HUSBANDS. The Death of Mrs. Hall, the Wife of the Hall County Ordinary.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., February 17.—[Special]—
Mis, I. Mary Law wife of Captain
James F. Law, ordinary of Hall county, died yesterday morning at 5 o'clock—very suddenly. For some time Mrs.
Law has been in bad health, but it was a great surprise to the citizens of Gainesville to hear that she was dead. Captain Law was Mrs. Law's fourth husband, she having been mar-ried three times before her alliance with Cap-tain Law. Her first husband was a brother tain Law. Her first husband was a brother to Rev. L. I. Davis, who was a member of the North Georgia conference, and who died in Gainesville last year. Her second husband's name was Gardner, and the third Roberts, a brother of W. S. Roberts, of Augusta, Ga.

From Black to White.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—T. A. Lumpkin, a negro, residing in this city, is the father of a four-year-old child that is really a curiosity. About six months ago the is really a curiosity. About six months ago the child was nearly black. It then began changing color, spot at a time. It is new nearly white, and its hair is following suit. It, too, is almost The child is very smart in its books, and is in good health. It is a very unusual thing to see a white-haired child, espe-cially after the child has gone through with

Returns to View the Ruins.

ELEFRION, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Colonel John H. Jones, president of the Elberton railroad, arrived at home from Washidgton, D. C., last night, where he had gone to attend an important meeting of the Richmond and Danville. The burning of his home on Sunday hastened his return. Colonel Jones takes a philosophical view of his principal view. takes a philosophical view of his misfortune and says it might have been much worse. He will proceed at once to build a handsome dwelling.

Sraw Brooms Brought In.

Toccoa, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—
Among the many loads of mountain produce
that come to Toccoa was a load of straw brooms
brought today. There were three hundred of
them made by an old lady wholives in the
mountains. She asks twenty-five cents per dozen
for them but finds brooms of that kind very
dull sale. She will likely get to use them herself

Illness of H. W. J. Bam.

GAINESVILLE. Ga., February 17.—[Special.]
Hon. H. W. J. Ham, member of the house of
representatives from the county of Hall is
quite sick. Some time ago he contracted a
very severe cold, which went into pneumonia,
and while reported quite low today it is hoped
that he will be better in a short time.

Business in Mitton Court.

ALFHARETTA, Ga., February 17.—[Special.] At Milton superior court, which has just adjourned the grand jury returned about fifteen true bills—all for minor offenses. The dockets, both civil and criminal, were about cleared, and mo important cases were tried.

"Rough on Bile" Pills.

Small granules, small dose, big results, ant in operation, don't disturb the sto

THE GAY PASTOR Whose Friends Stand Up for Him in Mc

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—
There was a lively time at Elder Brown's church, on East Commons, last night. It appears that the church is divided in two factions, a Brown faction and an anti-Brown faction. The anti-Brownites want to oust Brown, and get another pastor. It was with a view to doing this that a largely attended meeting was doing this that a largely attended meeting was held at the church last night. It appears that the church owes Elder Brown some back salary, and he refuses to resign until it is paid. He has friends in the church who are pleased with him, and do not want him to resign, and although in the minority they "stood up" for him last night. The anti-Brownites accuse him of saying that he went to school with Jesus Christ and played marbles with him and they object to such blaswhemy. with him, and they object to such blasphemy. The meeting was so exciting last night that two policemen had to be called in and one of them sat in the pulpit, while the other remain-ed in the back part of the church. It was after one o'clock this morning when the meeting adjourned, without taking any action. It is a colored Primitive Baptist church

GLENN'S LIFE AT STAKE.

The Great Public Interest in the Trial In-

GRIFFIN, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]— Spalding superior court convened at 8:30 o'clock this morning. Colonel Dismuke continued his argument; and concluded the same about 9:30. Judge Stewart and Solicitor Gen-eral Womack followed. Judge Hall concluded for the defense. The argument consumed the entire day. The case was given to the jury after an able and exhaustive charge by Jidge Boynton at 5:30 o'clock, when they retired to their room. Never was a man more vigorously prescented for his life, never was a prisoner more ably defended. The speeches made by the counsel of both sides were the strongest ever delivered in Spalding court house, and have been highly complimented. The court house has been crowded all day, many ladies being present, and showing much interest in the proceedings. The jury will hardly return a verdict tonight.

THE DOCTORS UNITE

And form an Association in Sweet Water

Austell, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—The physicians of Dallas, Powder Springs, Austell, Villa Rica, Douglasville, and Lost Mountain districts, comprising the Sweet Water water-shed, met here today and formed a permanent organization, and will hereafter be known as "The Sweet Water Medical association." The object is a more therough acquaintages and "The Sweet Water Medical association." The object is a more thorough acquaintance and fraternal association combined, to promote and advance their profession, etc. The following officers were elected: T. J. Foster, M. D., Dallas, president; Rev. T. H. Dozier, M. D., Austell, first vice president; T. R. Whitley, M. D., Douglasville, second vice president; J. T. Gilmer, M. D., Villa Rica, third vice president; W. C. Connally, M. D., Dallas, recording secretary; J. B. Medlock, M. D., Austell, corresponding secretary: C. C. Garnett, M. D., Salt Springs, treasurer. Next meeting first Wednes-Springs, treasurer. Next meeting first Wednesday in April, at Douglasville.

RUNNING FOR THE LINE.

The Bloody Result of a Hamburg Chicken

Fight. AUGUSTA, Ga., February 17.-[Special.]-During a chicken fight in Hamburg the afternoon, a difficulty occurred between two spectators, which came near resulting serious-ly. It seems that Messrs. D. Cross and Polk Thomas got into a dispute over a bet on the weight of a cock, when the lie was given, and a few blows passed before they were separated. Shortly afterward, while Cross was leaning against the rope around the pit, Thomas hurled weight at him, striking him in the mouth knocking some of his teeth out and felling him to the ground. Thomas then set out on the run for the bridge, but Cross quickly recovered himself and gave chase, firing as he ran. Thomas returned the fire, but kept on running until he reached the Georgia side, when Cross turned back. Neither party has been arrested

Arranging for Arbor Day.

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—A mass meeting of the citizens of the Peabody school district of Alabama was held in the Baptist church, over the river, last night, for the purpose of perfecting arrangements for s nitable and successful celebration of the 22 instant, as Arbor Day. The attendance wallsrge. Speeches were made by several gentle men, setting forth the objects and importance of the celebration. The board of trustees have inclosed the school grounds, which embrace several acres, and have put all things in readiness for the occasion. The entire day will be occupied in the celebration, and it will be a grand glorification. A letter was read from Senator Mitchell, announcing the important fact that the bill to establish a technological school within the district had passed the Alabama senate and was now before the house with every prospect of its passage.

The Buildings in Flames SPARTA, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Last night at half past ten o'clock the house, embracing the barns, stables and carriage house of Mr. Henry T. Middlebrooks was found to be in flames. The building contained all the corn, forage and other produce which the owner had made on his little farm last year, and also his farming implements, vehicles, etc., including a carriage. Everything was lost but the stock that were stabled there. It was with difficulty that the fire was kept from the dwelling. Fortunately the flames had sub sided when the well began to give out. It is not known how the fire originated. Mr. Mid-dlebrooks's loss was very great.

Saving His Patron Trouble. ATHENS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—There is a young fellow in Athens who is being educated by an interested kinsman. He goes to Professor Hudson, at Winterville, and being a high toned young fellow, desirous of saving his benefactor all the trouble possible, will not ride to Winterville, but walks from

Athens every day.

The new academy at Winterville will be a success. The new Baptist and Methodist churches will be finished in a few days.

Lodged in Hancock Jail.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., February 17.-[Special.]-A man named Morris, charged with burglary in Sparta, was arrested in this city yesterday and lodged in the Hancock county No one seems to know much about Mor ris, but he seems to be a very honest man. There are others implicated in the crime and detectives are working the case for all it is

Iron Ore in Oglethorpe.

ATHENS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Iron ore has been found on the Pittard land, near Winterville, with nearly fifty per cent of iron. Strong sulphur water runs beneath the iron and fine sulphur water is also found at Coiles spring, which Dr. W. Leroy Brown pronounced the finest he had seen in this section.

Two Moonshiners Arrested.

ToccoA, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Last night Deputy Marshall Carter made a raid in Flintsville district and captured two prisoners, Dunk Wheeler, white, and Ben Hicks, colored. He left with them this morning on the 7:25 train for Atlanta.

LEXINGTON, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—
Mr. Haden, of Connecticut, is here, and is now
placing the clock in the tower of the new courthouse. The bell to the clock is said to weigh one thousand pounds.

Quite a Difference.

AMERICUS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Mr. J. B. Dunn, receiver, today sold the entire stock of S. M. Cohen for \$900. The stock was

FITS! All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelleus cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

-MACON NEWS.

EVENTS OF INTERESTTRANSPIRING IN THE CENTRAL CITY,

Action of the State Fair Committee-News at Hall- In Superior Court-Stock of E. Stein-Other Interesting Items Ploked Up in the Central City, Etc., Etc.

MACON, Ga., February 17 .- [Special.]-The executive committee of the state agricultural society held a meeting last night, at the Hotel Lanier. Colonel Greer, the secretary of the society, told your correspondent: "Everything is arranged for the best fair ever given under the auspices of the agricultural society. We will have every attraction possible to make the fair a success. The exhibits promise to be larger and more numerous than ever. The fair will begin on October 24, and continue one week. The races promise to be of unusual interest. Twelve races are on the programme this fall, and the purses will be as liberal as heretofore. The premiums for best exhibit; of field crops have been increased \$1,5000. This will make the farmers take more interest than ever in this exhibit. The sum total of the premiums offered this year will be \$2,500 above those awarded last fall.

"The city authorities are lending their aidto he association in every way possible, the citithe association in every way possible, the citizens are subscribing liberally, and we will have

the support of the press. The outlook has never been more promising."

Another meeting was held this morning, and at that time the following superintendents of the different departments were elected as fol-

lows: General superintendent, R. A. Nisbet, Macon, Department 1, horses, mules and jacks; A. T.

Department 2, cattle, sheep and swine; Pierce forne, Dalton, Ga., superintendent.

Department 3, poultry, bees; Sam Hape, Atlanta.

ia., superintendent.
Department 4, field crops and home industry; J.
Waddell, Cedartown, Ga., superintendent.
Department 5, needle work; H. H. Cary, LaJiange, Ga., superintendent.
Department 6, fine arts and merchants' displays;
E. Hurd, Athens, Ga., superintendent.
Department 7, tools and implements, manufacures, machinery; G. H. Jones, Norcross, Ga., superntendent.

Department 8, races; T. J. Lyon, Cartersville, Ga., superintendent. A special committee, consisting of Captain R. J. Powell, of Barnesville, and Mr. R. A. Nisbet, of Macon, was appointed to meet the citizens' committee for the purpose of co operating in booming and advertising Macon and the fair.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The Paid Department Soon to be in Operation.

Ga., Feburuary 17 .- [Special]-The paid fire deparm nt will probably be in complete working order by April 1st. The engine house now used by the volunteer department, will be entirely remodled under the di-rection of Mr. J. C. Wheeler, who is now in Atlanta looking after the matter. A telegram was received on yesterday from Mayor Price, saying the horses had been shipped, and would probably arrive tomorrow night. The harness for the horses will very likely be made in Macon by Bernd Bros.

IN THE COURTS.

Superior Court Adjourns -- Judge Freeman's Court.

MACON, Ga., February 17 .- [Special.]-The superior court, after trying one case, adjourned until tomerrow morning. The only case settled was the suit for divorce of Mrs. Mary E Howard vs. W. A. Howard. The divorce was granted. This is the first verdict in the case.

Judge Freeman varied the monotony somewhat today by marrying a colored couple in his office. Joe Clark and Jane Craft were the principals, and the judge tied the knot in the most approved fashion.

PAY DAY COMES.

A Pleasant Day For the Employes of the City

of Macon Macon, Ga., February 17 .- [Special.] -Today was the regular pay day for the police and all of the city's employes. The amount paid out was considerable, and was distributed as follows: Police \$2,398.05; hospital and charity \$58.35; public property \$25; park keeper \$83.35; streets \$852.50; cemetery \$264.50; salaries \$687.50; fire department \$309.10; board of health \$234.50.

AT THE CITY HALL.

Recorder's Court-Tramps in the City Bar-

racks. MACON, Ga., February 17.-[Special]-Recorder Baxter presided at recorder's court this morning. The amount of fines collected was \$17.50. The case against Wade Hampton and big bucks engaged in deadly strife near the lot. In this connection we may mention the fact that nineteen deer have been killed on the premises of Mr. James Blackshear this season. The places adjoin. Nathan Henderson was dismissed. Two tramps were brought in by the police They gave their names as John Henderson

and Thomas Reagin. AN ACCIDENT.

A Small Colored Child Falls and Breaks its Arm.

Macon, Ga., February 17.-[Special.]-The youngest child of Colonel Alexander Goode, colored, while playing near the baseball park today, fell and broke his right arm. The frac-ture was a servere one and it was found necessary to summon a physician to set the broken

Two Runaways.

Macon, Ga., February 17.-[Special.]-The horse attached to N. M. Block's delivery wagon ran away today while on Poplar street. In turning around a corner he turned the wagon over and was stopped, but not until considera-ble damage had been done to both the wagon

and harness.

The other occurred near the city hall. A pair of Texas ponies were being fed, and to enable them to cat, the harness had been loosed. They became frightened and broke away and ran up Cotton avenue, where they were finally caught and brought back. The damage to the harness was very slight.

An Inventory Made.

Macon, Ga., February 17.—[Special:]—An inventory of the stock of H. Stien, who was closed by the sheriff on Tuesday, was made today. The stock on hand was found to amount day. The stock on hand was found to amount to \$971.03. The inventory was made by Messrs. M. Nussbaum, I. Herman, D. Wilkoski.

MACON, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—Solicitor Hardeman has returned from Atlanta.
Colonel R. H. Smith, of Knoxville, Ga., is spending the day in Macon.
Judge A. C. Pate, of Hawkinsville, is shaking hands with his many friends in this city.
Mr. R. T. Byrd, a prominent banker and insirance man of Americus, was in the city today.
Mile Rhea and company are stopping at Hotel Lanier. J. C. Howland tendered Mile Ruea a delightful drive over the city this afternoon, which Lanier. J. C. Howland tendered Mile Ruea a de-lightful drive over the city this afternoon, which was greatly enjoyed by the charming lady. The executive committee of the state agricultural The executive committee of the state agricultural society were tendered a drive over this city this afternoon by the citizens of Macon. Macon well understands how to entertain her guests.

ATHENS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—The plans for our new opera house are about completed and present one of the best and safest amusement halls in the state. The exits are large and numerous and the two galleries are emptied directly on the pavement without going through the doors which empty the main hall thus preventing the reshead going inrough the doors which empty the main hall, thus preventing the rush and danger to life in case of a panic. Every seat in the house will be a good one, as they are made higher above those in front than in the average thea-ter. The house will have an elegant box office, parlors and toilet rooms and convenient rooms at the rear of the stage. Mr. W. W. Thomas is the architect.

the architect.

Mr. M. B. McGinley has sold a two-thirds interest in his mill and woodwork manufactory to Drs. Hunnicutt and Lyndon, two leading capitalists. The works will be greatly en-

In Extreme Cold Weather Use Colgate's perfect, pure, superfine Toilet Scape. Cashmere Bouquet the Standard.

THE AUGUSTA AND CHATTANOOGA.

The Athens People Look Upon It as

ATHENS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—The engineers on the Augusta and Chattanooga road are near Point Peter, in Oglethorpe county. The party is composed of a chief, a division engineer and two assistants, with eight day laborers. They have run three routes out of Augusta—one up the Georgia road, one by the little hill and the third by the Savannah river bank. The work in Lincoln county will Paper Road. r'ver bank. The work in Lincoln county will be light, but in Wilkes and Oglethorpe it is very heavy. Washington is passed to the left and Athens is not taken in. The line makes for Harmony Grove as straight as the country will permit. The people here do not take much interest in the road. It is regarded here as a paper road, as it does not seem to have any money behind it. The engineers do not seem to know anything more about it than the people along the route.

Mr. J. W. Echols, a new resident of Athens,

takes a cheerful view of the road. He says there are capitalists in the north who will bond the road at \$12,000 per mile; that General Evans is now in the north in consultation with the bankers. Mr. Echols thinks the road will the bankers. Mr. Echols thinks the road which help Athens, though it passes sixteen miles to one side. He says the object in building an air-line is to prevent the building up, at Elberton and Washington, of cities that will injure Augusta.

GEORGIA RAILROAD RUMBLES.

From the Gwinnett, Ga., Herald. The freight business of the Lawrenceville railroad has been remarkably good this year. The depot is frequently filled with freight until there is not room to get in another car load. From the Americus, Ga., Republican.

The last shipment of material necessary for the completion of the A. P. & L. extension to Antioch was sent out yesterday. The road will be completed to that place this week and a train service put on. From the Walton, Ga., News.

Last Friday the surveying corps on the new road passed between Esquire M. D. Adams's house and well, but meeting with a hill the engineers went back and ran a line — little farther from him. They expect to reach Camp's station by Saturday. From the Hawkinsville, Ga., News.

Mr. J. S. Frink, who has been railroading in Texas during the past two or three years, has been appointed yard master of the Missouri Pacific rail way system at Taylor, Texas, and his salary fixed at one hundred dollars per month. Sol's numerous friends in this section will be pleased to learn of success in the Lone Star state. From the Griffin, Ga., News.

Mr. J. M. Williams was home vesterday from Woodbury, where he has been busy all winter in getting out forty thousand feet of timber for trestle work on the Georgia Midland. He has completed half his contract, but has been delayed by the ne-cessities of the grading contractors, who have been compelled to use his teams.

From the Barnesville, Ga., Gazette. Woodbury is feeling very much like she i Woodbury is reeing very much like she is destined to be the city on the Georgia Midland. Just now she has a prospect of being rapidly improved in the way of new buildings. She is surrounded with a fine territory for trade and many of the farmerf around are well to-do. Concord, in this county, is also improving rapidly in the new buildings being erected.

Who is Daniel Brown?

From the Albany, Ga., News. Mr. N. J. Cruger, who has developed into a successful deer hunter, caused a small sensa-tion by driving through Broad street with his buggy whip ornamented with a deer's tail Mr. Cruger was one of a party of hunters who made a drive on the east side of the river. Two deer were jumped. One, a very large buck, was shot by Mr. Sterling Price, but managed to make the river, in which he is supposed to have been drowned, as his path was traced by a stream of blood to its banks. The other was a small doe which Mr. Cruger killed with a 32 calibre Winchester rifle at a distance of over two hundred yards, running at full speed. That was a fine shot and would have sent a thrill of pleasureable excitement through the nerves of Daniel Boon himself.

An Old Paper.

From the Athens, Ga., Banner Mr. John Booth has shown us an old paper Mr. Jenn Booth has snown us an old paper which bears date of April 1796. It is yellow and tattered with age. It is a summons from the inferior court of Oglethorpe county and was served on John Griffin to testify for the plaintiff in the case of Evan Ragland vs. John Espy. Harrisen Musgrove was clerk of court. It is certainly a curiosity and attracted much extention. attention.

The Place for Deer.

From the Thomasville, Ga., Times. Mr. L. Bowman, living on the Marsh place, was attracted to his horse lot the other night by a noise. Upon investigation he found two

A Bicycle Champion

From the Bainbridge, Ga., Democrat. Last Saturday Byron B. Bower, Jr., a lad of fourteen years, mounted a forty-two inch bi-cycle, made the trip from this city to Faceville, a distance of thirteen miles, in two hours and twenty-five minutes. Considering the hills and sand on this road we deem the perform-ance somewhat remarkable.

COLUMBUS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]— The couple which married here secretly yester-day was Mr. John F. Hartley and Miss Ellen Vinson, of Houston county. They left for home today. The cause of their conduct could not be learned. They are both of age.

They Were Both of Age.

Guilty of the Crime. AMERICUS, Ga., February 17.—[Special.]—In Sumter superior court today, Charlie Will-isms, colored, was found guilty of murder and com-mended to the mercy of the court. RAYS AND FROSTS.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

The long expected, over due blizzard reached Albany on Saturday.

From the Pouglasville, Ga., Star.

The sunny days are upon us, and the farmers are getting out their plows for the beginning of the year's work.

From the Sandersville, Ga., Mercury.

The backbone of winter is broken, but we are very apt to have some very cold weather in Februry and March. From the Newnan, Ga., Herald.

A few days ago winter seemed to be napping, but he is on duty again. From the Milledgeville, Ga., Recorder.

The weather was so warm last week that overcoats and fires were dispensed with. A cold wave struck us on Sunday, followed by a disagreeable cast wind.

The backbone of the winter seems te have been broken, if the late pleasant weather may be trusted as an indication. 'The voice of the turtle' was 'heard in the land' yesterday. From the Buffton, Ga., Spring.
We are now having delightful spring weath-

er. Our early gardeners have many vegetables up and growing. Our late ones are busy putting their seed in the ground. From the Lumpkin, Ga., Independent During the last two weeks the sweet south has breathed upon us the warm gentle airs of spring, and the latent activities of plant life have felt its rejuvenating influence. Already the little buds are bursting into a wealth of snowy bloom, and spears of green are peeping from the imbrica ted foldings of their hyemal sepulchres.

From the Fairburn, Ga., News.

Blind Tiger Hunts. From the Hawkinsville, Ga., News. The whisky trade during the past two or hree days was pretty lively.

The grand jury, we understand, made a searching hunt for the "blind tiger" last week. We have not learned whether or not they found him. From the Gwinnest, Ga., Herald.

Lew Langley had a little altercation with the mayor last week. Lew had been sampling Law-

renceville whisky, and the sample proved to be a better man than Lew. He concluded to board at "Buchu-Paiba." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. \$1. At Drug-

THROUGH THE STATE. NEWS OF INTEREST GATHERED UP FROM ALL SECTIONS.

Conviction of Reese Walker-Fires Throughout & State-The Kitchen Murder Case-The Dan-ger of Throwing Away Poison-Odds and Ends Gathered up in the State.

Gwinnett county jail is empty. Guano is reaching Wilkes county by the car

Watermelon planters are getting ready to Mr. Peckam, the St. Simons lighthouse keeper, has a colt which chews to

Mr. J. B. Lapsley, of Cave Spring, has sever-al varieties of marble, white, variegated and John Easterling, of Reidsville, had one of

his eyes ba smithing. badly burned Saturday while black-Shad have commenced to run in the Ohoopee and fishermen are preparing to interview the with their nets.

Young Vaughn, son of the widow Vaughn, near Rock Creek church, in Monroe county, committed suicide on Tuesday morning by cutting his throat with a razor.

Hamilton seems to be sharing to some ex-tent in the boom, and she has as sure a basis for prosperity as many of the southern towns that are attracting public interest. Ben Burgess, a young colored man, was placed in Cobb county jail Tuesday by Mar-shal Banks. He went crazy from disappoint-ment in love. The girl he was engaged to marry went back on him.

Mr. Billy Robinson had his only arm (the other having been cut off in a syrup mill several years ago) so badly mangled in a cotton gin that it will in all probability have to be amoutated. This occurred Wednesday morn-

ing at his home in Cobb county. Rev. Henry Newton now lives at Montezuma. His maternal ancestor, Asa Strong, brought the first grain cradle to Georgia that was ever seen in the state. It is said that people went for miles to see his negroes use it. It was a greater show than the reaper proved to be many years later.

many years later. The Kitchen murder case has been on trial in Glynn superior court. Kitchen was a colored preacher, and was mysteriously shot at No. 1, on the evening of October 28th. Taylor Coley was arrested for the murder, and as there was strong circumstantial evidence against him, was held for trial. Taylor Coley has been ac-

There are now twenty-five prisoners in the Dougherty county jail, and some of these are what the jailers and sheriffs call "bid cases. Seven of them are charged with murder. Only one of these, however (Henry Dickerson), is a Bougherty county subject. Of the other six Eaker county furnishes one, Coffee three and Mitchell two.

Hon. A. P. Turner, county school commis sioner of Pike county, has made his consoli-dated report of the operations of the public schools in this county during the past year. The report shows the number of schools to have been, white, 43; colored, 25; total, 68; number of scholars admitted, white males, 1,041; white females, 920; colored males, 799; colored females, 797; total, white and colored, 3,557 The average monthly tuition was \$1.60. The state paid monthly \$72.

While Mr. John B. Kynard, who lives near Concord church, a few miles from Americus was in the city Saturday, some one set fire to his fence in three different places, but it was discovered in time and extinguished without a great deal of damage. Sunday morning about day his corn crip and shuck pen were ignited, and the latter destroyed with the several tons of guano and a lot of farming implements. The corn crib was saved by unrooffing it and with buckets of water liberally thrown upon it.

Mr. James Buchanan, of Spalding county, reports that while attending court last week, his wife left home to visit her father. A negro took advantage of their absence and broke into his house; he ransacked the bureau draws so lecting such clothing as suited his fancy, took obacco, a small lot of powder and shot, shouldered Mr. Buchanan's shotgun, and marched off. Mrs. Buchanan returned before the negro was out of sight, hailed him and or dered a halt. He seemed impressed with the idea, however, that duty called him forward, and pressed onward. As yet he has not been apprehended.

Mr. Z.T. Ennis, of Dooly county, was arraigned in Pulaski county court last week on a bill of indictment charging him with the effense of malicious mischief—throwing beef poisoned with strychnine into the yard of Mr. C. P. Brown, in this place, killing two dogs. The case attracted considerable attention, and able counsel was employed on both sides. It was tried before a jury, and a verdict of guilty returned. Judge Ryan imposed a fine of \$150 and cost, the whole amounting to \$175, or to serve six months on in the chaingang. The fine was paid, and Mr. Ennis returned to his home and family in Dooly.

Hinesville Gazette: At a meeting held last spring, the following committee was appointed to correspond with the rightholders soliciting as large an attendance as possible, that an elec-tion might be held for five select men whose duty should be the looking after the property duty should be the looking after the property as well as the keeping up the claim of titles. It was determined at said meeting, that in as much as three of the select men who were elected in 1866 are still living, that by common law they are still holding over, and that an annual election be held the second Wednesday in March would thoroughly perpetuate the titles. It was further suggested that it be a basket meeting, social and religious, and that the services of Drs. Axson and Buttolph be secured to address the assembly and that all interested in old Midway, both rightholders and other. in old Midway, both rightholders and other-wise be solicited to sttend on the 9th day of

In the trial of the noted desporado and criminal, Reese Walker, in Sumter county, the jury returned a verdict of "guilty" to the charge of assault with intent to murder. It will be remembered that Reese attempted to split his membered that keese attempted to spit his wife's head open with an ax a year or two since, and thinking he had unceeded litout for parts unknown. He was arrested in Jacksonville, Fla., in December last, and brought back for trial. He freely admitted his crime on arriving here, and expressed a desire to be sent to the penitentiary without delay as he draaded the conference in itself until court conthe confinement in jail until court con-vened. He is a brutal looking negro, and is dreaded and despised by his own race as well as by the whites. A large crowd were present at the trial, and a feeling of relief and satis-faction was expressed by many when it was known that the county was to be rid of him for a while at least. One day, about the first of February, there

ceme to the house of Hon. Jesse Cox, in Harris county, a man who gave his name as James C. Hines. He claimed that that the C was for Cex and that, on his mother's side, he was re-lated to Uncle Jesse. He also claimed to be consumptive, and that while on his way to Florida for his health he had decided to stop over and visit his mother's kinsman. For this purpose he had left the railroad at Opel'ka, had crossed the river at Bartley's ferry and had had walked through. His baggage he had shipped through to meet him at Columbus. He was a pleasant spoken, well dressel man, intelligent and well read, and for several days he was entertained in a royal manner by his new-found kinsman. Monday of last week, after dinner, the buggy was hitched up and he was sent to Fortson, where he was to take the up train to come up to Catania to visit Uacle Jim-mie Cex. Instead of taking this train, how-ever, he bearded the freight train going to Co-lumbus and sent re word of explanation back lumbus, and sent no word of explanation back for this sudden change of programme. The explanation came when Mr. Cox missed three twenty dollar bills put away in the guest-cham-ber for safe keeping. The alleged kinsman is

The next morning John came down stairs smiling; his wife seemed startled, for it had been a long time since he smiled. "What is the matter, John?" "Oh, nothing my dear; enly the effects of a dose of Dr. Chipman's Fills. Per sale by Bradfield & Ware, Atlants.



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SALE OF JERSEY CATTLE

WE WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, THE OTH WE WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, THE 9T L day of Narch, at 10 o'clock, a. m., our entit herd of registered Jersey cattle. This will be these typocumity ever offered the public, to bu Jerseys of superiar merit at a comparatively smaprice. The herd consists of some cighty head, or which sixty-two are grown coss. The inferior an unprofitable members of this herd have bee previously disposed of. It consists of Signal Coomassics and all of the most celebrated strain The time of the present proprietors being entirel occupied, with other business, they have deep mined to sell the herd for whatever they will bring mined to sell the herd for whatever they will bring
IF YeU WiSH A BARGAIN, ATTEND THE SALE
Catalogues will be ready for distribution before
date of sale,
Feb. 13. —d&wky
Atlanta. Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY - TO THE SUPE TEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY — TO THE SUPE-Trior Court of said County — The petition of Theodore Schumann, C. H. Behre, T. S. Bradfield, W. M. Curtis, and J. W. Moorman respectfully prays that they, their associates and successors may be declared a body corporate under the name of "The Georgia Pharmaceutical Company." for and during the term of twenty years, with the privilege of newal at the expiration of said time.

That they may have granted to them the powers specified in section 1679 of the code of Georgia and such other powers as are appropriate and necessary to carrying out the purpose of their organization.

They show that the object of their association and the business they propose to carry on are the manufacture of a full line of chemical and pharma-ceutical preparations and to deal in the same, and to do a general jobbing business in such prepara-tions manufac ured by others: the amount of capi-tal to be compleyed by them to be fifteen thousand dollars with privilege of increasing the same to a

refore beginning business; their principal placelot susiness to be at Atlanta, in said state and county. And petitioners will ever pray, etc. HARRISON & PEEPLE 3,

Petitioners' Attorneys.

Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office January 27, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true copy as appears of record in this office.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

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DR. RICE,

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, new at

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at 322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky Bet. Third and Fourth, a transless will prove. The Chron and Language of Private Chron and Sexual Dis. EASES.

Spermatorrhee and Impotency, at the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual escesses in maturey year, or other curses, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness. Seminal Ruissions, (sight entis shouly dreams), Dinness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Pace, Aversian to Seciety of Females Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and permissions by Grans, Dinness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Pace, Aversian to Seciety of Females Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and permission of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and permission of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and permission of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Sexual Four, and the Contistion of Ideas, Less of Ideas, and Ideas, an PRIVATE COUNSELOR Of 500 pages, sent to any address, securely scaled, for Carry (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above \$250s hep-t-room 6 A. M. top P. M. Sandays, 5 to 6 Page

THE SOUTHERN STATES. News Gathered up from All Parts of Dixie.

SOUTH CAROLINA. Mr. J. J. Cummings is erecting a large lumber During the month of January, 1887, there were only two deaths in Camden.

There is great activity just now in the erection of new buildings at Fort Royal.

In January, 1886, 718 bales of cotton were shipped from Abbeville, against 323 bales for the same month The members of the Barnwell lodge of the Knights of Honor during 1886 received in benefits

The Carteret Street Methodist church, of Beau fort, will be dedicated on March 20th by Bishop W The W. F. Robert places in Beaufort county, containing over 800 acres, sold at sheriff's sale last The Walterboro town council proposes to raise money for a fire department by taxing dogs one

The Atlantic Coast line has determined to ex-pend \$3,000 for a new depot at Sumter. It will be

The Atlantic Coast line has determined to expend \$3.00 for a new depot at Sumter. It will be completed by July 4.

The Clarendon Enterprise, on February 10, began its twentieth volume with flattering prospects of continued prosperity.

The Clifton place in Hampton county, containing \$60 acres, has been sold by the clerk of court for \$1.826. Mrs. J. A. Hoover was the purchaser.

The stockholders of the Chester, Greenwood and Abbeville railroad will meet in Abbeville on the 10th of March, to further the progress of the proposed consolidation.

A Extractive Culu, has been exempted, in Verdier.

A Farmer's club has been organized in Verdier township, of Colleton, with the following officer, Jas. W. Grace, president: R. K. Sanders, vice predent; R. P. Sanders, secretary; H. J. Grant, treespers.

over.

The Marion Index publishes the names of fifty five persons who have erected 124 new houses in that town since 1880, and also the names of fifteen persons who have made extensive repairs on their residences within the same time,

The Medical society of Kershaw, at their received the following officers: Dr. A. V meeting, elected the following officers; Dr. A. W. Burnett, president; Dr. John McCaa, vice-president; Dr. A. A. Moore, corresponding secretary; Dr. J. W. Corbett, secretary and treasurer. At Bacon's bridge, about five miles from Summe

At Bacon's bridge, about five miles from Summer-ville, during the carthquake of August last, a fissure was opened directly under a very large and aged oak along the roadside, and, curiously enough, the trunk of the tree is split perpendicularly to a considerable height from the ground. It is supposed that the foots of the tree were so strongly imbedded on either side of the fissure that the effect of the strain was to split the trunk instead of dislodging the rois.

The Presbyterians' return of deaths within th

At 10 o'clock Tuesday morning a half dozen workmen began to turn the windlass of the huge derick on Marion square, Charleston, and the colossal bronze statue of John C. Calhoun, which was to crown the work and realize the ream of thirty-five years, slowly rose from he ground. The work was delayed until that our in order to allow some of the members of he committee to be present. Six stout cable had been passed around the bottom of the chair and made fast to the figure, which was thus nicely balanced. The heid was still well covered with thick folds of canvass, tightly bound. Guy ropes leading in different direc-cions were held each by a workman; thus enoling them to regulate any circular or latera otion, and at the same time to place the statue in the position it was to occupy on the pedestal. A crowd of several hundred persons, in which were quite a number of prominent citizens, had collected, who watched with intense interest the ponderous mass of metal as it slowly rose in the air. It did not take long to hoistit to the top of the pedestal, and there it was allowed to remain. It was more sugges-C. W Andrews reports sale of the J. E

ive than ever of the idea of an execution, until the men at the end of the guy ropes had b en placed in the proper positions. Then the beam of the derrick slowly moved around, swinging the statue directly over the pedestal where it was to rest. In the meantime Viett, the contractor, who had ascended to the platform built around the monument, directed the movement of the guy ropes, and having adjusted the position, cried to those at the windless to lower away. This was done, and at ten minutes past 11 the statue of John C. Calboun rested on its pedestal, thirty-five years after the cornerstone of the monument had been laid. The figure faces the south, the back of the chair being to the north. Standing on the ground one can hardly form an accurate idea of its dimensions or height, but those who saw the werkmen on the scaffolding near it yester-

day could easily judge of its size—the men looked like the most diminutive of dwarfs. There remains now only the four historical figures and the ornaments to the panels to complete the monament. Mr. Viett, the contractor, who did the granite work, is to be praised as summation of his centract. It is admitted to be an admirable piece of work, and it is somewhat strange that not a single stone was spoiled

in the cutting The work has taken considerably more time than was expected, but there were unavoidable interruptions and moreover t has been splendidly done. When the Cal houn monument is completed there will be few bandsomer works of art to be seen in the United States.

NORTH CAROLINA. The Beecham house on Pamlico river, near see's creek, was built by John Tripp, 1779. The two spoke and handle factories of Greens-oro consume 200,000 cords of hickory wood

Citizens of Winston who have been on a prospecting tour to Birmingham, Ala., report that the impressions received fell short of their

Allen Johnson, an old colored man and resident of Edenton, was found dead on Tuesday night. The old man was digging up an elm tree and the coroner thinks died from exhaust-

ion. He was 70 years of age. The farmers in Pamlico county have almost abandoned the cultivation of rice. After sev-eral years they are satisfied that a continuance of the crop will entirely impoverish the land, insects of all kinds seeming to be produced from the cultivation of this crop.

A gold mine has been discovered on Doe branch, in Madison county, about twelve miles from Marshall, and it is said that this metal is from marshall, and it is said that this metal is found there in paying quantities. Some of the recently built houses of the place are being covered with slate. The material for this work comes from Georgia. It is said, however, that excellent slate suitable for roofing pur-poses is found in this section. poses is found in this section.

The Asheville gas light company was organized under an act of the last legislature. The company has not yet established its works, and Mr Chedister, the proprietor of the Grand Central hotel, impatient for good light, has provided his establishment with a large size Springfield gas apparatus, and most brilliantly lights up this highly esteemed hostelry. The machine and fixtures cost \$500, and is intended for lighting up adjacent premises, as well as for lighting up adjacent premises, as well as all the apartments of the Grand Central.

all the apartments of the Grand Central.

The warehouse and store of Dixon & Watson, commission merchants of Asheville, has been destroyed by fire. The firm was composed of two excellent young business men, the former from Statesville and the latter from South Carolina, and their business here was just developing into one of large proportions, the formation of the partnership dating back only about a year. Their establishment and its contents were totally destroyed, the building being located near the depot, a mile from the public square, and the time of the fire about 3 o'clock a.m. The fire companies did not reach the scene until it was too late to be of service. Less about \$6,600; insurance \$1,500.

There was an exciting affair near Greens-

There was an exciting affair near Greensboro 'Squire J. A. Davis was in his low grounds engaged in doing a job of ditching. Henry Hobbrook approached Davis, saying: "Your time and mine is about up, and yours is up now." When these words word fuished Hobbrook drew out a pistol and aimed at Davis and fired, the ball striking him in a fleshy part of his arm. Davis closed with his antagonist, tripped him, secured the pistol and used the butt over Holbrook's head until he was subjugated. When the report of the pistol was heard, Berry, Morgan and E. S. Tucker, who There was an exciting affair near Green

had been seen hanging around at a distance made a demenstration in the interest of Ho-brock, with gun and rocks, following Davis to the house. Just then Deputy Sheriff J. D. Davis came up and arrested the three assail-ants, Holbrook, Morgan and Tucker.

A gentleman from Mitchell county gives the particulars of the drowning of a child, four years old, by its mother, which took place January 6th in that county: Mary Crowson, sometimes known by the name Cantrell, lived with her mother and had two children. They are her mother and had two children. They are very poor, and her mother told her they would have to make some disposition of the children, as they were not able to support them. Evidently Mary and her mother canvessed the subject in the presence of the children, and it seems that drowning was agreed upon. On the way to the river with one of them, the little boy said to its mother: "Mama, please don't throw me into the river today, as the water is too cold." But the child's nleadings were of too cold." But the child's pleadings were of no avail and the body was found in the river about two weeks after the deed was committed. An inquest was held, the woman arrested and bound over to court and is now in Bakersvill jail to await trial for murder.

ALABAMA. Selma will probably have a soap factory. Several new buildings are in course of con

Struction in Alexander City.

In certain portions of Henry county cattle are dying, and no one can ascertain of what Rev. Mr. Morton, the great Presbyterian re

vivalist, is conducting a protracted meeting a the Methodist church in Alexander City. The small strings of catfish brought to Abbe ville by the Fort Gaines mail boy nearly every day sell on sight at from thirty to fifty cents

Proceedings have been commenced agains the tax collector and treasurer of Sumte

An unfortunate difficulty occurred in Hayneville between W. R. Houghton and Probate Judge A. E. Caffey. The trouble grow from an argument in the Rogers case. Mr. C. P. Rogers, Sr., who is now a member of the house of ers, Sr., who is now a member of the house of representatives, is also county surveyor of the county. It is held by some that he cannot rightfully hold both places, and the matter is being contested strongly in the courts. The case was argued in the probate court, before Judge Caffey, W. R. Houghton, Esq., appearing for Mr. Rogers. After the argument was concluded a difficulty ensued between Judge Caffey and Mr. Houghton, in which the latter was knocked down. Mr. Houghton was considerably stunned by the blow, but his injuries are not serious. The affair is very generally are not serious. The affair is very generall regretted by the friends of both gentlemen.

The absorbing topic of conversation in Ope lika is the extension of the East Alabama rail way. A meeting of the directors of the comany was held in New York on the 9th instant at which it was decided to extend the roa rem its present terminus at Buffalo to th own of Roanoke, in Randolph county, Ala., a town of Roanoke, in Randolph county, Ala., a distance of 17½ miles. From there it will be extended to Anniston. The East Alabama railway company is one of the few companies which is free of debt. A meeting of the stock-holders of the railway has been called to take place at Opelika on April 19th, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the company. The law of Alabama requires that sixty days notice shell be given before the conjust stock. notice shall be given before the capital stock can be increased. The law will be observed, but in the meantime, the subscription lists will be opened and work on the extension vigorcusly pushed so that the line may ready for the spring trade.

FLORIDA.
Six brothers of G. W. Holland, the postmaster at Fort Reed, are spending a few weeks

Parker farm and grove one-half mile out of Plant City for \$6,000 to the Canada colony. A company has been organized and notice of intended application for charter been made for building and operating a street railway com-pany at Tampa. Among those interested are General J. B Wall, George R. Boaz, Solon A. Tugman and H. A. Fuller. Work will be com menced as soon as the charter is granted.

The first attempts to raise figs about For Ogden were abandoned on account of the ray-ages of the small ant, which is so abundant on some new lands, but which, by thorough culti-vation of the soil, become less troublesome. As an early protection against all classes of bugs and worms chickens are unexcelled—besides they are great fertilizers. An elderly gentleman, a Mr. Carroll. accom

panied by a young man, stopped at Marianas on Tuesday last, on their way to St. Andrew's on Tuesday last, on their way to St. Andrew's hay, having in their pessession a certificate of the payment of 25 cents to the St. Andrew's Bay Land company; of Cincinnati, which, when returned with \$1, they would receive a deed for a valuable tract of land. After inquiring concerning their future home, they deliberately took the evening train, declaring they had been dured. they had been duped.

The Dwelling house of Mrs. M. E. Branning on the old Branning homestead on Black creek near Green Cove Springs, was destroyed by fire during the week. Several orange trees fifty years old were also destroyed from the heat of the burning buildings. The woods in the vicinity were on fire and the grass in the old field ignited and thus set fire to the build-ings. The house was partly furnished and unoccupied. Mrs. Branning, now in her eighties s on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Hendricks, n Green Cove.

Over 400 fine sticks of cedar are now on the wharf at Palatka. They were cut near New Snyrna, rafted up the Halifax river to Dayto-na, and thence transferred by the White road to the St. John's. They will be sent to Berlin, Prussia, and the wood used for peneils. Flori-da now contains all the cedar available for this purpose, and the late visit of Faber, the great pencil man, was caused by his anxiety to se-cure a new supply of material. Mr. Faber ex-pressed himself as entirely satisfied with the quality of the wood shown him.

quality of the wood shown him.

The contract for opening up the Withlacoochee river to navigation from Pemberton's to Hay's ferry, was awarded on Monday to Captain S. C. Barker, of Ocala. The amount of the bid was \$1,850. Work is to begin as seen as the necessary bonds and other papers are made, accepted and filed, which will be accomplished in thirty days or less time. Captain Lay, of the steamer Sam Pyles, says that there is not much work to do to put the river in mavagable condition between the river in navagable condition between the points named, that it can be done in a little while, and when it is done he will make regular trips with his steamer from Panasoffkee, on the Florida Railway and Navigation, to Pemberton's, on the Florida Southern.

MISSISSIPPI. Durant is now a dry town. Duck Hill has fine mineral lands. Oxford complains of "blind tigers." Natchez's much needed hotel is to be built. Iron ore has been discovered near Corinth. The federal court is in session at Jackson. The Boonville Pleader begins its twelfth

A. E. Palmer & Co., of Vicksburg, have failed. Crystal Springs is organizing a military com-

Meridian is trying to organize a produce ex-Isadore Levy, merchant of Silver Creek, has

Emigrants from Ohio are settling naar West Fight thousand bales of cotton are waiting

for a rise in Aberdeen. Twenty-seven of Itawamba's citizens moved to Arkansas last week. The students at the State university are be-

oming disorderly. Governor Lowry is generally condemned for paidoning Joe Murphy. The money order busines of Meridian amount-ed to over \$100,000.

Labor agents are not allowed to enter the Buits of Earkin county.

Light hundred dollars worth of cotton was burned below Vicksburg recently.

M. E. Fritz, a farmer of Holmes county,

made last season \$300 worth of hay on seven seres of land.

The Planters' oil mill will soon bein success ful operation. The Jackson compress recently pressed fifty-three bales of cotton in fifty-one minutes.

J. R. Johnston's store, at Brierfield, was burned a few days ago. Loss \$2,500. This state received over \$25,000 through the drummers tax last year. A. A. Owen, a preacher, of Pontotoc county, committed suicide a few days ago by hanging.

Jos. Strosborough's residence, near Talulah, was totally destroyed by fire last week. Vicksburg and Meridian are the only towns in the state that will have the free delivery. "Rough on Dirt."

Ask for Rough on Dirt; a perfect washing powder found at last! A harmless, extra fine A I article, pure and clean, sweetens, freshens, bleaches and whitens without slightest injury to finest fabric. Unequaled for fine linens and laces, general household, kitchen and laundry use. Softens water, saves labor and soap, added to starch increases gloss for 10c, 25c, at to starch increases gloss. 5c., 10c., 25c., at Druggists or Grocers.

A SADLY DUPED EMPEROR. A Curious Story Concerning Napoleon III

and a Contract.

I was lately told by a southern gentleman I was lately told by a southern gentleman a very curious story, going to prove how thoroughly deceived was Napoleon III, at the close of his reign, and how gigantic were the frauds and peculations then being carried on by the imperial officials. This gentleman's father had been on intimate terms with Louis Napoleon when he resided in the United States, and the future emperor had often been his eyest on his injuntation in Louisian. My bis guest on his plantation in Louisiana. My riend was traveling in Europe in the year 1869, and on arriving in Paris, and wishing to be presented to the emperor, whom he well remembered as having, when a boy, seen at his father's house, he wrote to one of the imperial chamberlains setting forth his desire, and also the facts of the case. The enperor, whose kind feelings for the friends of his adversity was well known, at once granted hi a a private

interview.

The French sovereign and the American The French sovereign and the American citizen conversed long and pleasantly, and when the latter arose to take his leave Nappleon asked him as to his next point of destination. "I am on my way to England, sire," was the reply. "Then," said the emperor, "I wish you would go the establishment of Messrs. M——, the great gun makers, and ask them how the order sent them from our war office for \$250,000, curs is progressing. They office for 250,000 guns is progressing. They ought to be nearly completed by this time." The American undertook the commission, and called as requested at the office of the firm. The clerk to whom he first addressed his question simply laughed in his face. "You must be out of your senses," he said. "Such an or-der has never been given, and the gun; do not exist." My countrymen became indignaut, and insisted upon seeing one of the members of the firm. Mr. M.—, the senior partner, was summoned, but could only confirm the statement of the clerk. "I assure you, sir," he said, courtcously, "that we have never received an order of any kind from the French government for so much as a single gun." Yet these guns had been paid for, though un-Yet these guns had been paid for, though unordered, and non-existent. A striking proof was this incident of the vast peculations that took place during the later years of the empire. My friend forwarded a statement of the facts to Napoleon III., but doubtless all precaution bad been taken to prevent any such information from reaching the deluded sovereign, whose bright days were then fast drawing to their closes Paris for Philadelphia. ing to their close.—Paris Cor. Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Beginning of the Eud. The beginning of disease is a slight debility or disorder of some of the vital organs, the stomach, the liver or the bowels usually. There are dyspeptic symptoms, the liver is troublesome, the skin grows tawney and un-healthy looking, there are pains in the right side" or through the right shoulder blade. The climax is often an utter prostration of the physical energies, perhaps a fatal issue. But if the difficulty is met in time with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is always effective as a remedy, and it should be resorted to at an early remedy, and it should be resorted to at an early stage, there will be no reason to apprehend those injurious subsequent effects upon the system often entailed by entirely cured diseases. Far better is it, also, to employ this safe remedial agent in fever and ague, and other malarial complaints, than quinine and other potent drugs, which, even when they do prove effectual for a time ruin the stomach and imffectual for a time, ruin the stomach and im

reflectual for a time, ruin the stomach and impair the general health.

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's
Little Nerve Pills Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable and these little pills cure both.

Administrator's Sale.

('EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-BY VIRTUE OF J an order of the court of ordinary, granted at chambers February 17, 1887, will be sold at 296 Peachtree street, at public outry, on Tuesday the ist day March, 1887, and from day to day until sale is completed, within the legal hours of sale, the following personal perishable property of the sale is completed, within the legal hours of sale, the following personal perishable property of the estate of John N. Landrum, deceased, to-wit: A general stock of merchandise, consisting of canned goods, cigars, tobacco, flour, meat, produce, and all kinds of goods usually kept in a retail grocery store. Also all fixtures in said store. Also one horse and one mule, 2 delivery wagons and one buggs. Terms cash.

LEWIS W. THOMAS,
Administrator.



W. BAKER & CO., Dirchester, Mass.

ROME AND CARROLLTON RAILROAD

SUPEINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ROME, GA., December 26, 1886. Taking effect Sunday, December 25, 1895.

Taking effect Sunday, December 26, 1895.

Trains will run as follows until further notice. Daily.

No. 1. No. 3. Rome East Rome.... 7.00 a. m. 3.00 p. m. 7.05 ... 3.05 ... 7.16 ... 3.16 ... 7.17 ... 3.17 ... 7.27 ... 3.27 ... 7.41 ... 3.41 ... 3.7.2 ... 3.52 ... 8.00 ... 4.00 ... 8.05 ... 4.00 ... 8.18 ... 4.13 ... 8.18 ... 4.13 ... 8.40 a... m.4.0 p. m. Dyars..... Cedartown... Daily. No. 2. | No. 4. Cedartown....

9.20 a.m. 5.20 p.m. 9.38 " 5.33 " 9.51 " 5.51 " 9.56 " 5.55 " 10.04 " 6.04 " 10.11 " 6.11 " 10.23 " 6.23 " 10.36 " 6.36 " 10.47 " 6.47 " Dyars..... Lake Creek...

Connecting with the E. &. W. R. R. of Alabama at Cedertown, also with the Rome Railroad, and the E. T., V. & G. R. R, at Rome.

J. D. WILLIAMSON,
President.

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CURE FOR DEAF.
PROUS PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS
PROTECTLY REPORT THE REALISE and perform the work of 'an
statral drum. Invidits, comfortable and always in position, as
convenition and very whitepure heast distillarly. Send for PLEATENANT

CHICAGO CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR



MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanills, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO, AND ST. LOUIS july15-dawky top col n r m or fol &nxrm Sp

LOST.

REWARD! REWARD!-STOLEN FROM A PRI-PEWARD! REWARD!—STOLEN FROM A PRI-vate residence in this city a box of books, con-taining about three dozen volumes of a denomina-tional historical nature. Suitable reward will be paid for the recovery of the books or for informa-tion leading to their recovery. Although not in-trinsically very valuable, a liberal reward will be paid for their return to the "Old Book Store," or to the office of the Daily Constitution

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A GOOD INVESTMENT—FOR SALE—ONE third interest in, sash and door factory, with lumber yard attached, doing a thirving business Last year's net profits eight thousand dollars. Address W. N., P. O. box 35, Atlanta, Ga. 1w

THERE ARE NOW OVER

Eight Hundred and Fifty Subscribers Con-

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

We think it will be a matter of public interest to know how many persons in each line of business in the city have Telephones, and the names of judgment.

There are more than thirty different classes into which the list of Exchange subscribers may be thus divided, and we propose to publish the name of one or two classes each day, until the entire lis is gone through with. We print today the names of

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

who have Telphone Stations. Tomorrow we will

print names of the DRUGGISTS.

We shall be glad to have your order.

W. J. COLE,

W. T. GENTRY. H. H. JACKSON,

Commission Merchants Stations in the Atlanta Tel,

ephone Exchange,

Assistant Manager

February 18th, 1837.

WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS 433-Eabb, James P. 477-Barnes & Co., J. J.

744-Boyd & Co., W. L. 461-Bradley, J. M.

478- Carlton & Smith. 593-Clarke & Co., A. B. 611-Coleman, J. M.

1000-Johnson Elam, Son & Co. 378-Kicklighter, C. J. 162-McDonald & Co., E. D.

444-Phillips & Co., J. W. 485-Roberts, J. B. 663-Sanders, W. P. 542-Shaw & Co., A.

424-Shomo Bros. 400-Simons & Drummond. 548-Snow, H. Y.

434-Stewart, Robert E. 187-Stokes & Co., W. F. 441-Tidwell, R. W. 567-Verner, J. J.

405-Webster, W. S. Bee Line to New York and Boston, Bee Line to New York and Boston.
THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING
1 cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only
fine running through cars into the city of New
York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the
disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river.
No extra charge on the limited express. Four fast
express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffaio, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York,
New England and Canada. Ask your ticket agent
for map and folder, or address

J. E. REEVES.

General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O



AND BREAKFAST BACON. NONE GENUINE
SEALING OUR PATENTED TRADS-MARKS, A LOS
STALLO SEAL ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND
THE STRIPE CARRIE AS SERIE AND

HELP WANTED-MALE

WANTED-CIGAR SALESMAN FOR FIRST-W class retail trade on commission. Experienced man preferred. Liberal arrangements with right party. Address, stating references and experience, H. E. Walter & Co. 1228 Second avenue, New York. WANTED - AN EXPERIENCED CARRIAGE

Y and wagon salesman; to such good salary and permanent employment. Answer, P. O. box 23, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED-FIRST-CLASS DRAUGHTSMAN TO work by the day for fifteen or twenty days. Expenses paid. Good references required. Address R. E. Hardaway, Chief Eng'r. Tus. Co. d. Iron and Lumber Co., Tuscaloosa, Ala., and state sulary expected. WAYTED—BY A NEW YORK IMPORTING AND
jobbing tea house, a first class saiesman for
the southern states; none out man of experience
and having an established trade need apply. Address with full particulars and written references,
Daniel Ellis Woodhult, New York city.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALES.

WANTED-SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED Y traveling salesman, well acquainted in middle and northeast Georgia and South Carolina. Can fumish satisfactory references. Address one week, Salesman, care Constitution. 17, 19, 20.

WANTED-AGENTS.

INSTALLMENT MEN AND AGENTS GENerally will find just what they need by addressing Installment Dealers Supply Co., Erie,
Pa.

GENTS WANTED—TO SELL FAST SELLING
A article, (patented) in Georgia. Experience and
reference required. Address, F. A. Hubka, 730
and 732 S Halsted, Chicago, Ill.

GENTS: EVERY HOUSEKEEPER WANTS
It. Big money for you. Send stamp. Lock
Eox 139. Erie, Pa.

FOR SALE-THE BEST BOOK OF THE YEAR.

Memories of General R. E. Lee. A rare chance for active agents. For terms and territory address W. F. Morse, General Agent, 4/2 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. tue thu sat sun WANTED-A GENERAL AGENT FOR PART OF WASTELL-A GENERAL AGENT FOR PART OF Georgia by a Manufacturing Co., in Virginia. The party will be required to furnish \$900 ca.n. capital which will be controlled entirely by himself as well as a much larger amount belonging to the company. The salary is \$2.000 per year. Best of references required. Address Corporation, care Constitution.

BOARDERS WANTED.

DOARDING-MR. AND MRS. J. T. REDDING. No. 67 Ivy st., corner Wheat st. car live; centual; house newly papered and furnished. Terms reasonable to couples, or young men and day boarders. boarders. wed sun 12t GOOD BOARD-LARGE ROOMS, HOT AND cold bath; central; No. 9 Houston street; terms

WANTED--Miscellaneous

WANTED - AN UPRIGHT ENGINE, WITH bother a tached, from 6 to 10 horse power; must be in good working order and at reasonable price. The Logan Broom company, Atlanta, Ga. 2 wed fril

FOR SALE-HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

FOR SALE-ONE CARRIAGE MADE TO ORDER; used but little; will sell cheap. J. S. Clarke, 27 CARRIAGES, PHAETONS AND BUGGIES, HOME Omade, cheaper than ever. Repairing fine carriages a specialty. W. C. Soence, 81 and 83 Decatur street. WAGONS -ALL KINDS-HEAVY DRAYS &C.
First class. Cheaper than ever. N. C. Spence, 81 and 83 Decatur street.

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE—I WILL SELL A. bargain in a large store extending from Whitehall to Broad street. G.W. Adair. BUY YOU A HOME-FRIERSON & SCOTT WILL B sell you a home or mouthly, quarterly or aunual payment. Call and see them at their office in the Kimball house.

FOR SALE—AT EDGEWOOD, GA., 20 ACRE well improved land, beautifully located, fronting on Georgia railroad. Apply at 87 Decatur st. sun wed

G. W. ADAIR, REAL ESTATE—I WILL SELL A G., bergain for cash in a clean, new, rent-paying well situated Whitehall street property. Call and tee me. G. W. Adair.

Harry Krouse, Real Estate Agent, 2 Kimball House, Wall st. BEST BARGAIN, NEW 8 ROOM COTTAGE, large lot at West End fine grove \$3.750.

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE AND JACKSON streets, 3 lots, 10.0x200 each, for \$2,500. BRICK HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS, NEAR IN, ON main street, \$3,500-\$1,000 cash, balance long

WHEAT STREET VACANT LOT, 81x120 FEET, DOULEVARD AND JACKSON STREET LOT, 200 feet front, on each street, for \$1,601. PONCE DE LEON AVENUE, PINE GROVE LOT, the best on the avenue, for \$3,250. Telephone

FOR SALE-Machinery.

FOR SALE-A FIRST-CLASS BAND SAW IN If first-class order; sold only because the room it occupies is wanted for other purposes. A bargain can be had in this saw. It can be seen in operation. Apply at the Constitution office.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneou

FOR SALE—A CALIGRAPH TYPE WRITER IN good order and perfect in all its parts. Will be sold low. Address Talbott & Sons, Macon, Ga. 3t POR SALE—FOUR COPIES OF THE NEW AT-lanta City Directory, price \$5 per copy. Apply to W. J. Campbell, Mgr. Constitution Job Office. If ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT post paid to any address for 50c. for a tablet of 50, or 85c. for 100. Address the Constitution.

50, or 85c. for 100. Address the Constitution.

dawy.tf.

DULES AND FLOWER SEED-TUBE ROSES,

Gladiolus, Madeira vine, Peony, Rhubarb roots,

also flower seed in great variety at Johnsul's Seed Gladiolus, Madeira vine, Peony, Bhubarb roots, Iso flower seed in great variety at Johnson's Seed tore, 61 Peachtree. wed fri su

AUCTION SALES. CEND YOUR GOODS, HORSES, ETC., TO OLCOTT & Co., the best auction house in the city—il North Broad street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ON A 1 COMMERCIAL PAPER: WILL HOLD AS O collateral to notes, stocks, bonds,dfamonds,etc.; everything strictly private; only first-class need ap-ply. Chas. C. Nelson, 16½ Whitehall st. fr sun tu tf

WANTED—TO BUY GOOD NOTES NOT CON-nected with real estate or, to make loans on good collaterals. The Tolleson Commission Co., 23 South Pryor street, Jackson building. E. P. McBurney, 15 NORTH BROAD STREET,
Lloans money on real estate, su we3m
MONEY TO LEND ON FIRST-CLASS REAL
estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous. Whitehall and Garnett, for rent, and ront traded out. Dr. D. Smith, 66½ Whitehall st. th su tf. TOR RENT - FRONT PART OF NO. 20 Marietta street, adjoining Reading Room; also two billiard and pool tables for sale or reut. Apply L. R. Folsom, 22 Marietta street.

FOR REN-Houses, Cottages, etc. POR RENT—A NICE FOUR ROOM HOUSE, 73
Courtland avenue. Apply to G. M. Downs, 25
Lyyst.

PERSONAL.

THE FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC WILL please remember that J. A. LeSueur is yet in the building business, and will be glad to serve them by doing their building, repairing, etc. No. 70 N. Butler street.

them by doing theirs, and win be glad to serve
them by doing their building, repairing, etc. No.
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WE EEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank mortgages and blank bonds for title at the following
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MISCELLANEOUS.

CINDERS TO BE HAD PREE OF CHARGE AT

· THE CONSTITUTION. Published Daily and Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA. THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIER IN THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE AT \$1.00 PER MONTH, \$2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR. THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TRAINS LEADING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS 13

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ATLANTA, GA., FEBRUARY 18, 1887.

INDICATIONS for Atlanta, taken at 1 o'clock a. m: RAIN Local rains; slightly lower tem perature. North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama Mississippi and Tennessee: Local rains; followed by fair weather; southerly to northwesterly

THE county in which Anniston is located has just voted out the sale of liquor. The prohibitionists carried the day by a round majority.

MILLEDGEVILLE enjoys the possession of a negro who is slowly turning white. The change began to take place about six months ago.

THE president has vetoed the bill to distribute seed in the afflicted districts of Texas. He does not believe in the idea of paternal government.

THE section contiguous to Griffin is gaining notoriety for its number of moonshiners. It is said that within a radius of fifteen miles from the city there are eight illicit

THE man who sheds blood can have no peace. The latest victim is Boston Corbett, who slew John Wilkes Booth. The deed has so borne upon his mind that he is now a hopeless imbecile.

THE Columbus Enquirer-Sun gives some valuable information in regard to the Mexican veterans who went out from Georgia. It seems that the Georgia contingent mustered in Columbus preparatory to their Mexican

THIRTY-FIVE years ago the foundation was laid for the erection of a statue of John C. Calhoun, in Charleston. It was not until a few months ago, however, that the project grew into shape for realization. The statue is now on its feet, and the people are await ing the formal unveiling ceremonies.

Boston pays Chicago \$10,000 for the release of Mike Kelly, the famous right-fielder and change catcher, and in addition will pay Mike about \$5,000 for the next season. Georgia pays her governor \$3,000 annually. Three thousand dollars for a governor and \$15,000 for a baseball player shows a healthy state of public sentiment.

THE action of the Chicago man who committed suicide on account of the death of his mother-in-law has been explained. She allowed him fifty dollars per month and asked no questions on condition that he stay away from home. On the death of the old lady his wife claimed him and he committed suicide. Cause-mental depression induced by impending calamity.

A PHILADELPHIA court recently gave a verdict of \$18,000 against a street car company for injuries sustained by a newsboy. The car companies thereupon issued an order rigidly excluding all newsboys from the cars, whereupon the papers of the city are indignant. It is claimed that the exclusion of the newsboys from the cars will seriously effect the afternoon papers, as it shut off one of the largest sources of their sales.

AND now comes little Portugal, which also wants to fight. She has ruptured diplomatic relations with the sultan and has dispatched a fleet to Tungi. The trouble arises out of the refusal of the sultan to comply with the demand of the Portuguese govornor of Mozambique to surrender the territory claimed by Portugal but recognized by the sultan as belonging to Zanzibar. Matters are growing interesting in Europe, and the whole continent seems involved in a restless desire to have blood.

Ir is said in Chicago that Master Workman Powderly has issued orders directing that no boycotts be instituted unless by authority of the executive board of the Knights of Labor. As socialists have captured the district offices of Chicago the lodges are inclined to act independently of the order and proceed as they deem best. The Knights of Labor should handle the Chicago socialists something after the fashion which characterized their treatment at the hands of the Chicago courts. It is an easy matter to construct a beam which would accommodate more than seven appendages.

GENERAL FAIRCHILD has issued notices to the various Grand Army posts, asking that they begin work at once on the members-elect of the next congress, for or against the pauper pension bill, which has just been vetoed by the president. The grand commander's idea is to have the organization show its strength when the question again comes up for legislative action. Of this the Springfield Republican says:

The propriety of such a call or order may well be questioned, and it comes dangerously near projecting the old soldiers into politics as a body—a state of things higherto carefully guarded against. General Fairchild slants his circular into something very like an appeal for the vetoed bill. The mistake is serious and deplorable, and the old soldiers who do not sink their individuality in an organiration may well regard this move with ser apprehensions. Some of the most distinguished veterans from all parts of the country have already expressed their disapproval of the action of congress, and their satisfaction with the conscientious action of the president. But this organized attempt to selfishly influence legislation is a different apprehensions. Some of the most distinguished matter. The Grand Army of the Republic has hitherto kept itself out of the reach of reasonable

NOTWITHSTANDING the fact that the men's suffrage movement does not meet with material favor with the national legislature, it is progressing finely in the states of New York and Kansas. The state senate of New York has voted to allow women the orfyilege of the ballot in municipal elections It will probably pass the house, after which will be a magnificent subject for gubernaorial veto. The Kansas legislature has, by

a handsome majority, provided for municipal suffrage for women. The question is being agitated in the legislatures of other states and meets with marked favor in some of them. Truly, the world moves, but on many questions it is moving entirely too

The Democrats and the Tobacco Tax. It is to be borne in mind that Mr. Carlisle, in refusing to permit any democratic congressman to make a motion that might lead to the repeal of the tobacco tax, was careful not to argue the question. It is true that he is opposed to the repeal of the tax, but it is equally true that neither he nor any other person now living on the American continent, can present a reasonable argument in favor of this tax on one of our most important agricultural products.

Tobacco in any form may be a luxury, or t may be a poison; but the fact remains that it is a very important agricultural product. Like cotton, it is a cash article, and a tax on it, no matter what the doctrinaries and fools may say, is a tax on its production. As a matter of fact, the tax is paid one and a half times. It is partly paid by the producers in the effect that such a tax must have on production, and it is paid by consumers, the great majority of whom are the poorest people in the country.

Thus we behold the spectacle of a great government with a treasury overflowing with money wrung from the tax-payers, levying contributions on an agricultural product that is depended on by thousands of humble farmers to supply them with a little pocket money. We also behold the spectacle of the speaker of the democratic house of representatives refusing to entertain a motion for the repeal or modification of this unnecessary and unjust tax.

We know very well why Mr. Carlisle refused to entertain the motion. The ramifications of the whisky ring are ingenious, but they are not surprising. If the tobacco tax were out of the way, the people would make bold to strike at the whisky tax, and this doesn't suit the ring. By exporting its products and bribing government officials, the whisky ring can escape the payment of the tax; but if the tax is repealed, the ring will lose its prestige and cease to be a powerful monopoly. This is why Mr. Carlisle refused to entertain a motion for the repeal of the tobacco tax.

We say, candidly, that the democratic party cannot afford to go before the people on the record that Speaker Carlisle has made for it. The tobacco tax must be repealed. The people of the country, republicans as well as democrats, are a unit in favor of the repeal, and congress must carry out the wishes of the people. If Speaker Carlisle and the agents of the whisky ring stand in the way, they must be side-tracked,

The Socialists and the Bible.

At a ministers meeting in Chicago the other day, the Rev. F. Taylor, a Baptist clergyman, created a sensation by stating he had been converted to Henry George's views. He said that it was easier to denounce socialistic theories than to answer them, and that when we turned to the Bible it would be seen that Moses. David and Solomon stood in line with Henry George.

In conclusion, Mr. Taylor said: To digest the whole matter, God's ancient land law made a per capita distribution of the soil, made the metes and boundaries of each inheri-tance perpetual, provided a periodical cancellation of incumbrances and ready redemption at any time without interest. At the very vestibule of the New Testament we find John the Baptist advocating socialistic principles when he said: "He that hath two coats let him give one to him that hath none, and meat likewise." Turn it which way you will-Old or New Testament-the Bible afford the absolute property theorists magnificent fighting all along the line. It is passing strange that with such strong intrenchments in the Bible the social ists of recent years have nearly always been athe-ists, and have entertained toward organized Chris-tianity sentiments of incurable bitterness. But the mystery disappears when we remember that they like the people, are more disposed to read the church than the Bible, and find it mustering with

At the very time when Mr. Taylor was engaged in bolstering up socialism with the Bible, a talented gentleman in St. Louis was making a strong and convincing argument from the opposite standpoint. quoted about two columns of extracts from the Bible to show th esacredness of individual property in land and other things of

If the discussion of the question will induce the socialists to read their Bibles some good may come of it. Still, it is doubtful. The cranks are on top, and they will not hesitate to twist the gospel into a justification of red-handed anarchy. The cranks will keep us busy for some time to come.

Where Criminals Are Protected.

About three weeks ago Henry Shipman, a young man of good family in New York shot and killed his landlady, Mrs. Josephine Mason, because she refused to marry him. The other day Shinman was called to the bar of the court, and the clerk called upon him to plead to the indictment.

The prisoner very coolly put in the ples of guilty. "What does he say?" asked the judge sharply. The paralyzed clerk repeated the question, and Shipman again pleaded guilty. "Now, this can't be permitted," said the judge, "Remand the prisoner until I can assign him counsel, and ecord a plea of not guilty."

The prisoner was carried back to jall An interview with the court officers developed the fact that no such plea had ever been made in that court, and the clerk de clared that no judge would receive it.

It is quite probable that Shipman will h acquitted in spite of himself.

The End of a Mystery.

For some years past New England ha been stirred up on account of the peculiar relations existing between one Doc Wilson

and Philip L. Moen, a millionaire. It will be recollected that Wilson was tramp. He extorted hundreds of thousands of dollars from Moen, and finally asserted that the millionaire was his father. At last Moen took a decided stand. He threw Wilson into jail and sued him.

Imprisonment brought the blackmailer to his senses. He has agreed to let Moen alone, and consents to a judgment against himself in all the Moen cases. But the bot tom facts still remain concealed from the public. How the tramp got the rich man o completely under his control for a number of years is as much of a mystery as ever.

FRANCE is beginning to believe that Bismarck is getting too thick with the pope.

"DIXIE" for February is out in a new cover brighter and handsomer than ever. It con-

tains three notable articles: "The question of Convict labor," by Rev. Jas. Vader: "Labor and Capital," by Ben. E. Green, and "from the Stalk to the Bobbin," by D. A. Tompkins. "Dixie" is evidently on the high tide to prosperity. The industrial south finds in it a faithful exponent.

AT Frederick, Virginia, the other day, s dentist's office was the scene of a terrific explosion. A Whitney vulcanizer blew up, demolishing a stove, shattering chairs, and sending a set of false teeth far into the wall, No one was in the room at the time of the explo sion, and consequently no one was hurt.

IT is wonderful with what tenacity the stupid Britishers cling to the policy of oppression so far as Ireland is concerned.

CHICAGO thinks that, in case of war, th treaty obligations between Great Britain and the United States would prevent either government from employing more than one gun-boat on the lakes. This view permits the poets and merchant princes of that community to sleep sweetly at night.

GEORGE D. RANDELL, of Brooklyn, is a bald headed citizen with grown children. Nevertheless he could not resist the charms of lovely Emiline F. Moorecroft, and after a year of courting a marriage was agreed on. Here is the way the pair got married:

BROOKLYN, February 17, 1887.
To any and all whom it may concern, that I George D. Randell, of the city of Newark, and state of New Jersey, do hereby by these present take Emeline Moorecroft to be my lawfully wedded wife from this day and henceforth forever un til death do us part, to be to her the same and in all ways as if joined together by the holiest ties of our church; and as I keep this yow and deal by her in the true letter and spirit thereof, so may the Almighty deal by me GEORGE D. RANDELL.

Witness-RACHEL D. BROOKE. No preacher was called upon to pronounce the pair husband and wife. Some children were born. After a time Mr. Randell, got tired of his wife and married again. The "con tract wife" now sues for divorce, in order to establish that her children are legitimate. Mr. Randell says the affair is a wicked conspiracy against him.

CINCINNATI thinks that a European war will increase the price of lard. There is nothing more consoling than this. It seems to us that

Gath ought to write a brief history of the in-OUR naval establishment will grow a pace. But under democratic rule it will not grow into

a parcel of old hulks. PERSONS AND THINGS.

THE Crow Indians in Montana have made about \$10,000,during the past year by charging cat-tlemen for the privilege of driving stock across their reservation.

EX-PRESIDENT PORTER, of Yale, has finally succumbed to his vanity and will join the thordes who are "writing a book." MISS CLEVELAND is reported to have se

leeted that blood-curdling spot, Holland Patent, as the scene of the novel on which she is now en-Boys under sixteen years of age can no lon-er buy tobacco at Grass Valley, Cal.

MR. LABOUCHERE ventures the just and sen sible opinion that the queen could not mark her jubilee by a more graceful and popular act than writing an open letter to the Irish landlords calling pon them to treat their tenants humanely

A RECENT trlp of the mail stage from Mount Idaho to Lewiston, Idaho, required tour days twelve hours being the regular schedule time), and one of the horses died on the trip from exhaustion. A commercial traveler was the only passenger, and he got through in safety. A loca paper says that no one but a drummer could have survived the trip.

THERE are labor troubles at Seattle appar ently, judging from the following notice sent out br the Knights of Labor: "Workmen are cautioned to keep away from Seattle for at least two months from the date of this notice. Men, women and children are wanting for the necessaries of life here. Believe no garbled interviews or advertise ments to the contrary."

JAMES ARBUCKLE, of Missouri City gravely insists that he has a cat that can sing "Sweet Violets." It cannot speak the words, but can "carry the tune" so that it is easily recognized. The cat can also say "yes" and "no."

A Young man of Harney station, N. B., out shooting came upon a bear cub, which he captured and started to carry home. But its cries brought its mother, who soon overtook the hunter and grabbed him in her strong arms. As she began to squeeze be pricked the cub, which cried, and at that the mother bear relaxed her hold. the bear caught him sgain, and he repeated the trick with success. So they kept it up until the man overtook a lumberman's team, and the old bear gave up the chase and went off, leaving her cub to its captor.

J. A. HOSPODERSKY and Frank J. Kaspe proprietors of a Bohemian paper at Omaha, have appealed to the police for protection. They had published an article making fun of the anarchists and Mrs. Parsons, who lectured in that city. Ou Wednesday last seven anarchists visited Hopodersky's house to kill him, but he was, fortunately, absent. He has since been notified to leave the city, on pain of death.

TONY HART's face, which he burned with carbolic acid, looks more than it feels. He played on Friday night in New Haven, and when, in a love scene with his wife, he laughed, she was ho rifled to see the skin of his cheeks begin to crack ing at his mouth, the skin split toward the his face. "You are gone, Tony," exclaim ed his wife. With considerable presence of mind

the actor grasped his wife's hand and assured her that he was all right. She recovered her com-posure before the audience noticed that anything was out of the way. THEY have been having a series of dancing parties in the staid old town of Amherst, N. H., concerning which a correspondent writing to the Nashua Telegraph, says: "These dances have been kept upon as purely a moral basis as practicable." We should like to know about how much morality is "practicable" at a dance in Amherst,—Lowell Courier.

COMMENT OF THE PRESS.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Governor Foraker will probably live to regret that he was foolish enough to sneer at "The New South." The new south is growing to be a great industrial factor in this country, and her growth is of vital interest to Cincinnati and Ohio. It is not a sucer that should go to her, but a warm and hearty congratulation St. Louis Republican: Mr. Gould admits

that congress has authority to regulate interstate commerce, but denies that any of the authority can be delegated to an interstate commerce commis-sion. Congress must do the work itself. This shows that Mr. Gould has a legal mind, but it puz zles other legal minds to see how, under this ruling, congress, having the power and duty of controlling the currency, can escape doing the engraving for the bank notes.

N. Y. Times: We advise all friends of home rule for the United States to observe attentively the progress of theipope's campaign in support of Bismarck's demand for a reichstag which will give up all control over the army for seven years. Protestant Germany would doubtless pronounce agains Bismarck. With the aid of the pope, who is not German, and still less protestant, Bismarck is likely to succeed. The spectacle presented by this use of the power of the church is not without interest to the citizens of this republic.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Members of the New York snow shoe club have been prohibited by the park commissioners from skating on the lake in Central park, when attired in their Canadian bed blanket uniform. The reason for the prohibition is that the uniforms arouse the scorn and derision of the small boys and a disturbance is thereby created. At the present stage of the fisherles game it is rather presumptuous to flaunt a Canadian uniform in one of our unfortified seaports.

New York Tribune: The right of employers to employ whom they please is as clear as the right of workmen to work for whom they please. The two rights go together, and so long as civilization stands they will be maintained. Capital must be free just is labor is free, and there never can come a time when third parties having no interest in the contracting persons. The situation of the men who abandoned their employment and now find their places filled is to be pitied, but no one in this world can escape the consequences of his own acts, and they will have to bear the results of their mistakes.

New York Hesrald: The Tribune says "Sending good advice to Washington is like pour ing water into a rat hole." From the amount o advice, however, which republican journals are daily forwarding to Washington C. O. D. we judge that the highest mission which the party of great meral ideas can conceive of is to assemble about rat hole and pour water into it. No wonder some one asked at the Blaine banquet, "If Mr. Lincoln were to return would he be a republican?"

Cincinnati Enquirr: The republican party is not so weak a body that it canno bear without going to pieces a single col-ored democrat, and when it proclaims its edict that no colored democrat shall hold office, it hurts itself, not the democrats. Mr. Matthews being wholly fit for the office to which he was nominated which it for the omce to which he was nominated he should have been confirmed, and by republican votes. Had he been, the colored people would not now be holding meetings and signing protests against the republican party for slighting their race, as they indignantly declare.

Philadelphia Times: "The United States con gress cannot restore to life the twenty-eight China-men brutally murdered by a mob of adult hood-lums at Bock Springs. But it can pay the \$147,500 demanded by the Chinese government in the way of reparation for the outrage. The action of th house on Tuesday in passing a resolution to that effect leads to the hope that this stain upon the honor and credit of our government will soon be wiped out so far as it can be by the payment of th required money damages. The government of China has ever acted in matters of this kind in a way to put to shame our own tardiness. American citizens suffered losses in some late riots in the in terior of China. Those losses have been paid in full, while the Rock Springs demands hav been held in abeyance. During the time whe Great Britain was at war with China an American citizen was arrested by mistake as an Englishman Though held as a prisoner not more than twelve hours, the Chinese government paid \$31,600 for the outrage. On a former occasion China gave us \$700, 000 to pay losses which footed up, with 12 per cent interest added, only \$500,000.

HUMOR.

It is the empty heart that aches. The head lifferent.-New Orleans Picayune

The railroad stove, dangerous as it is, has no r for the legislator who rides on a pass. kosh Times.

The latest popular song is entitled "The Tomcat Must Not Yowl Tonight." postpaid for \$3, or with seven chambers and selfcocking action for \$7.50.-Burlington Free Press. "Did you ever hear 'The Maiden's Prayer' asked a traveling man of an old merchant who had five daughters. "Did I ever? You bet I have, with

all the variations, from matinee tickets to scalskin ues."-Merchant Traveller. In China a man never sees his wife until he is wedded to her for life. Chi nese courtships must be very inexpensive affairs, but contain no in fun than walking two miles home from chu

alone on a dark and rainy night.-Norristow Herald. Canon Farrar says that in India the English "have made one hundred drunkards for one Chris

"Give me a dude egg, please," said the boarder to the table girl.

"A dude egg? What is that?"
"A fresh one."—Boston Courier. "Who is the god of battles?" asked a teacher

of the class in mythology.

"Mar," answered little Johnnie Henpeck.
"Mars, you mean, Johnnie," corrected the teach "No, I don't, neither. I've only got one mar."-

These polite members of the house of representatives: First member-Come, why don't y take part in the debate? You havn't opened you mouth yet. Second member-Pardon yawning the whole time you were speaking.-Tid

DeForest-Where did you learn to make such mince pie, Mrs. McDoodle? What tender recollections it revives. Mrs. McDoodle, tenderly—Home and mother, I suppose. DeForest—No, not exactly that. I reminds me of the dreams I had last night—New Haven News.

Wife-John, what do you think of the new cook? Husband-Excellent, my dear, excellent I never enjoyed a better meal than my dinner to day. Where did you ever manage to find such a remarkably good looking young woman, anyway? In just five minutes by the watch the cook was in-formed that she might find another place.—Peoria

Call.
Did you ask if it was cold in Dakota? Why only two weeks ago I raised my window and the wind carried my hat out. It cost \$6, but it was too cold to go after it. Suddenly a bright idea struck me. I raised the window and took a pitcher o water and poured it on the hat. What good did that do? Don't you see? The stream froze solid into a long icle, which I drew up hand over hand, and got my hat. Fact.—San Bernardino, Cal.,

A new baby had arrived at little Johny's residence, and the youngster was admitted to take his first look at the little stranger.

He surveyed it calmly for a moment, and then tooking up exclaimed enthusiastically:
"His face is just the color of Uncle George's. Rosh, but he must be a head distinction." Gosh, but he must be a hard drinker!"-Pittsburg Dispatch.

In the Arkansas legislature, member from In the Arkansas legislature, member from white Oak Fork-Mr. Speaker, you, sir, have doubtless read something concerning the tariff. Sir, I am opposed to all kinds of oppression, and I therefore move you, sir, that we abolish the tariff. Speaker—That power belongs exclusively to concess. "And hasn't the state of Arkansas anything to do with lit?" "No." "Then, sir, I was laboring under a misapprehension. As I arose to make a motion, I will withdraw my tariff motion and move you, sir, that we adjourn till I o'clock.—Arkansaw Traveler,

"Owing to ill-health," says Bill Nye, "I will sell at my residence in town 29, range 18, we cording to government survey, one crushed-rasp berry colored cow, aged six years. She is a good milkster and is not afraid of the cars—or anything else. She is a cow of undaunted courage and gives milk frequently. To a man who does not fear death in any form she would be a great boom. She is very much attached to her home at present, by very much attached to her home at present, by means of a trace chain, but she will be sold to any one who will agree to treat her right. She is one fourth shorthorn and three-fourths hyena. Purfourth shorthorn and three-fourths hyena. Pur-chaser need not be identified. I will also throw in a double-barrelled shotgun which goes with her. In May she generally goes away somewhere for a week or two and returns with a tail red calf with long, wabbly legs. Her name is Rose, and I would prefer to sell her to a non-resident."

Useless British Bayonets.

The Times of India tells the following story o show how worse than useless are the bayonet ow used in the British army: An English soldier in Lucknow was on sentry near the oter's stores, where, under the veranda, near the quartermas of bales, containing shirts, socks, etc., were placed It appears that some persons were attempting to take away one of the bales under cover of the dark-ness, but, the sentry coming upon them, they de-camped, not, however, before the sentry had charged them, and giving a severe thrust with his bayonet, he pierced, not one of the thieves, but a bale containing 500 pairs of socks. He,then loaded and fired off his rifle, and on the non-commissioned officer of the guard, along with an escort, coming up to ascertain what was the matter they found the sentry's bayonet was quite as inquisitive as they were, for the point of it was looking down the muzzle of the rifle to see where the bullet had come from.

From the Cosmos, San Marco, Texas. In publishing this paper we are working under disadvantage. Six subscribers and two copies sold of the last issue of this paper is not flatte ing to the editor. If an editor of a monthly ing to the editor. If an editor of a monthly or quarterly paper, even with a large circulation to begin with, would undertake to publish all original matter, he would despair after the first six num matter, he would despair after the first six num-bers. We have in stock an immense supply of arguments and explanation in support of our theo-ries, but it would not be proper to publish them unless called upon. Nevertheless, we intend to make good our promise to subscribers, and publish twelve numbers of this paper with original matter, the acme of literature, according to our reasoning. Under the circumstances, we deem it advisable to Inder the circumstances, we deem it advisable t

eave a vacant space in some of the papers, Sale of the Great Eastern. LIVERPOOL, February 17.—The steamship Great Eastern was sold at auction here today for \$150,000. CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortstop Caught on the Run. One of the rising young men of the west

Mayor David R. Francis, of St. Louis, who has re cently been in Washington to secure a charter from ongress for a company that is to build another bridge across the river two miles above the great t. Louis bridge.

Mr. Francis is only thirty-five years old. He is one of the largest exporters of grain in the west, and has been president of the St. Louis produce exchange. Last year he was elected mayor under the most complimentary circumstances. He i very wealthy and has taken a fancy to politics. It is said that if he chooses to enter the race he can succeed General Marmaduke as governor of Missouri year after next. He will then be on thirty seven years old.

Captain James B. Eads has been about Washing ton a good deal this winter working up his scheme for a ship railway across the isthmus of Tehauntepec. The captain is a compactly built, nervous little man, apparently sixty years of age. He manages to combine business and pleasure, and to have a good time while he is at work on the most gigantic enterprises. He is a favorite in Washing drawing rooms, because of his genial manner and his fascinating powers of conversation. He reads and recites better than most professionals Out of his romantic life and varied adventures he weaves some most interesting narratives. One o Captain Eads's best friends in Washington is Mrs Cleveland. Recently Mrs. Folsom and the dent's wife visited the capital accompanied by the gallant captain, and there was many a man who had rather have been in his place that day than to have owned his big ship railway, which, as yet, s only in the captain's fertile imagination.

While Mr. Cox, of New York, is an invalid, Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, is coming to the front as the funny man of the house. He made a speech or congressional funerals and one on the diplomatic appropriation bill, both of which tickled the house immensely. A few days after the latter speech Mr. Allen rose to discuss some proposition in the most serious manner, and everybody began to laugh. His assurances to the house that he was in dead earnest were all in vain and only served to increase the merriment, for Allen had the same sol things a few days ago. Mr. Allen is a bright man but he has acquired a dangerous reputation. Mr Cox has often said that he would have been speak er of the house long ago if he had never made humorous speech.

Mr. J. F. Queen, of Washington, showed me the other day a copy of "The Washington Gazette," which was the first newspaper ever published at the capital. This copy is of No. 91 of volu and is dated May 10th, 1797. The head of the yellow old sheet is adorned with a cut representi "Liberty" and "Justice" leaning on either side of a circle out of which peers an eye, surrounded by the nscription, "Nunquam Dormio," "I Never Sleep. The Gazette was published by Benjamin More every Wednesday and Saturday, at four dollars a year; and I doubt not, was esteemed a marvel o ournalistic enterprise in those days.

The contents of this venerable sheet are decidedly interesting. There are three long editorials all clipped from other papers and duly credited and all denouncing England in a manner which would delight the soul of Senator Riddleberger. The foreign news columns consist of items from Calcutta over four mouths old, news from Germa ny concerning events which : transpired three conths before, and a thrilling special from Paris that is only seventy days behind the times. There s nothing like a local page and not a single refer ence to local affairs, which all the readers of the Gazette were supposed to be able to find out for themselves. The fourth page is devoted to religjous literature of the most sombre variety, includ-ing a column of "mora's," cataloguing all the du-

The advertisements constitute the most interesting feature of the Gazette. Half a dozen of them are adorned with cuts of negroes, represented as in rapid motion, and above them in big letters are nagnificent offers of five and ten dollars reward the return of the runaway
In one place "Citizen" slave. In one place "Citizen' gives warning that if the owner of certain stallion do not prevent them from running at large on the streets and commons of Washington, "injured in habitants" will take the law into their own hands. A certain facetious Lewis Clepham advertise "one-half cent reward" for the return of a runaway

The printing, though ninety years old, is remarkably clear and neat. In the entire four pages not the slightest error of typography or punctuation is to be found. Those old publishers were slow and quaint, but they were admirably correct.

Think of the Washington of ninety years ago with its pride in a semi-weekly paper like that, and of the Washington of today and its news facili ties. In the early light of every morning a thousand newsboys are singing their matin greeting on every street. At eight o'clock there comes puffing and panting into the city an iron messenger which has sped at the rate of a mile a min-ute from the great metropolis, two ute from the great metropolis, two hundred and thirty-five miles away, to bring the New York Herald, containing the history of every civilized and uncivilized country on the globe for the past twenty-four hours.

the past twenty-four hours.

Ninety years is a long way back. It is a long way from the honest old Gazette, which doubtless did the best it could, to the great newspapers of today, which do anything they want to do, and which every morning present the complete story of the world's doing on the previous day and night.

F. H. R.

THE FORESTRY CONGRESS.

A Telegram Received from the Emperor of Germany.

DEFUNIACK SPRINGS, Fla., February 17 .-Special.]—The Southern Forestry congress met at 10 a. m., today. An instructive paper on the hygenic effects of forest trees was read by Profess Northrop, of Connecticut.

The tree planting exercises were begun by the

The tree planting exercises were begun by the appointment of individuals to perform the dedicating services for various states represented in the congress. The Georgia members participating were C. R. Pringle for Georgia, John B. German of Talbotton, for Pennsylvania; M. M. Folsom of Macon, for Wyoming Territory, and Sydney Root of Atlanta, for a special tree planted in honor of Henry W. Grady. Sydney Root, John B. Gorman and T. T. Wright were appointed to select the tree, and Mr. Root to perform the dedicating services. A tree was ordered planted in honor of the retiring president. C. R. Fringle, of Georgia.

T. T. Wright presented a telegram from the emperor of Germany, also from the governor of Alabama, which were read.

Mr. Wright was proposed by Alabama as the man of whom the tree of that state should be planted in honor. The emperor of Germany thanked Mr. Wright for his communication in reference to the tree, and suggested that it be planted in honor of the present German minister at Washington.

At 2:30 p. m., the services began and were most happily conducted. Georgia's tree was planted as suggested by Governor Gordon, in honor of the illustrious Alexander H. Stephens, by C. R. Pringle. Four olive trees were then planted, the first in honor of H. W., Grady, Mr. Root prid an elegant tribute to Mr. Grady, which was met with applause.

At the night session resolutions of thanks were appointment of individuals to perform the dedica

tribute to Mr. Grady, which was met with applause.

At the night session resolutions of thanks were offered The Constitution for its enterprise in receiving full report. The election of officers followed: A. O. Lang, of Birmingham, president; the former vice-presidents were re-elected; Mrs. Ellen Call Long, Tallahassee, corresponding secretary; John B. Gorman, Talbotton, recording secretary; Sidney Root, Atlanta, treasurer. The next meeting at Huntsville, Ala. The congress adjourned.

Interested in Crenshaw's Contest. NEWNAN, Ga., February 17.-[Special.]-The

people here are greatly interested in the pending contest between Collector Crenshaw and Chapman over the removal of Deputy Chisholm and the ap-appointment of Mr. T. T. Moses, of this county, as his successor. There is a general feeling of indighis successor. There is a general feeling of indignation that this republican appointee should be
trying to dictate to a democratic administration
who shall hold the offices. Crenshaw is fully sustained by our people, and we want the good work
of removal to go on until all these republican appointees—who are republicans under republican
administrations and democrats under a democratic
administrations and democrats under a democratic
administration are succeeded by such democratic
administration are succeeded by such democratic
administration are succeeded by such democratic
administration are succeeded the successor,
we will all be gratified here to see Chisholm walk
down and out, and T. T. Mose his successor.

MARCHING TO MEXICO.

COLUMBUS THE RENDEZVOUS FOR THE GEORGIA VOLUNTEERS

panies and Regiments Organized in 1846 and 1847

-Who the Officers Were and Where They Were
From-A Word About Pensions for the
Mexican Veterans-Other News.

From the Columbus, Ga., Enquirer Sun. The Mexican soldiers pension bill which passed the present congress and is now a law, while only a barren recognition of the claims of soldiers of the Mexican war, yet no doubt a pension will be of great help to many a poor soldier or to

their widows.

We find by a reference to the files of the Enquirer for 1846 and 1847 that Columbus was selected as a piace of rendezvous for one regiment of infantry and one battation of mounted men and one battation of infantry, where they were mustered into the service of the United States as volunteers for one year's service. The governor of Georgia in response to a call from the president of the United one year's service. The governor of Georgia in response to a call from the president of the United States invited the enrollment of volunteers, and this city was selected as a place of rendezvous, and as fast as a sufficient number of men were enrolled to form a company it was organized and marched this release where it was mustaged into service. to this place, where it was mustered into service.

In June, 1846, the following ten companies of infantry had rendezvous here and organized a regiment, electing the following field officers. Colonel-Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah, Lieutenant-Colonel-Thomas Y. Redd. of Co-

Major-Charles J. Williams, of Columbus.
Adjutant-John Forsyth, of Columbus.
Sergeant-Major-S. McConnel, of Cherokee

quartermaster-Sergeant - B. F. McDonald, of

larietta.

Surgeon—Dr. J. J. B. Hoxey, of Columbus,
Assistant Surgeon—W. F. Beall, of Griffia.
Chapla'n—Rev. Mr. Cairnes, of Columbus,
Colonel's Secretary—James Kellog, of Columbus,
Musicians—George Gallhouse and Dennis Holand, of Savannah.
Columbus Guards, Columbus, Ga.—Captain John
C. Davis.

Crawford Guards, Columbus, Ga.—Captain John ones. Georgia Light Infantry. Columbus, Ga.—Captain S. Calhour,

. S. Calhoun, Canton Volunteers, Cherokee county—Captain K. Framling. Richmond Blues. Augusta, Ga.—Captain D. W.

Macon Guards, Macon, Ga. - Captain Isaaq Holmes. Fannin Avengers, Pike county-Captain H. J. Salgeant.

Kennesaw Rangers, Cobb county—Captain Allison Nelson.

Sumter County Volunteers, Sumter county— Captain J. A. S. Turner, Jasper Greens, Savannah—Captain John Moi The regiment numbered 893 men, and took up The regiment numbered see men, and took up-the line of march for Mexico June 29, 1846.

On the 1st of July, 1846, the Enquirer published a full list of the officers and men in each company.

The files of the paper are in our office where any

one desiring to do so can have access to them.

A requisition was then made for another regi-ment of volunteers, which was organized into a battalion of mounted men 500 strong, and a battalion of infantry. The following six companies composed the bat-alion of mounted men with the field officers: Lieutenant-Colonel—James S. Calhoun, Colum-

Is, Ga.
Adjutant—Lieutenant Haliday.
Quartermaster—Lieutenant Berry.
Sergeant-Major—Allen Lee.
Quartermaster-Sergeant—J. E. Jones.
Company No. 1, 1st Squadroon—Captain E. R.
oulding, Columbus.

Goulding, Columbus.
Company No. 2, 1st Squadroon—Captain K. R.
Company No. 2, 1st Squadroon—Captain Chas. A.
Ismilton, Cass county.
Company No. 1, 2d Squadroon—Captain Henry
lendall, Muscoge.
Company No. 2, 2d Squadroon—Captain Wm. D.
Ulton, Chattooga county.
Company No. 1, 3d Squadroon—Captain Chas. H.
elson, Cass county. Company No. 2, 3d Squadroon—Captain W. T. Wefford, Cass county.

Vefford, Cass county.

This battalion left Columbus the first week in September, 1847, having been mustered into ser-rice the last of August, 1847. vice the last of August, 1847.

The files of the Enquirer contains a full list of the officers and members in each company of this

The battalion of infantry was composed of the

ollowing four companies: Captain A. Gaulden, Stewart county. Captain J. H. Foster, Harris county.
Captain W. B. Grant, Cass county.
Captain William N. Nelson, Muscogee county.
We failed to find a list of the field officers or a

ist of the men. The battalion marched from here the last of September, 1847, and was under the command of Captain William N. Nelson. We think another company was added to it after it left here; and the field officers elected.

There was also one company of mounted men; 100 strong, under the command of Captain John Loyal, mustered into service here on the 28th of June, 1847, as an independent company. It was marched from here on the 20th of July, 1847. The Enquirer, on the 1st of July, 1847, published a ful list of the officers and men of this company.

The soldiers of the Mexican war or their widows who are entitled to a pension under the "act granting pensions to the soldiers and sailors of the Mexican war, passed by congress on January 16, 1887," will have no difficulty in establishing their claims, as congress, a short time after the war, passed an act giving all soldiers of that war a land warrant for 160 acres of land. The presump-tion is that every one of them made application for the warrant. In doing so it was necessary to make proof of service, etc. These applications are on file in Washington, and will doubtless be sufficient proof, so far as it goes, to show that the service wa rendered. It is not now known what proof will be equired, but the presumption is that it will only be necessary for each soldier or widow to identify themselves, however. As soon as the con of pensions is ready to take up these claims he will of pensions is ready to take up these claims he will issue a circular giving the necessary instructions to all claimants, and there will be no need for the intervention of a pension attorney at Washington. No attorney can hurry the allowance in the least, and when the necessary evidence is put in shape by the local attorney of a claimant, there will be nothing more to do that cannot be cheerfully done by his representative in congress.

The Widow Ross's Fence. From the Hamilton, Ga., Journal There is a fence on the Widow Ross place, near Mr. Lynch's residence, made of rails that were split over fifty years ago. They are chestnut, still good, and will last some time yet. There is also a field around the Ross residence that has been in constant cultivation for fifty years, and it produces finely now. The place is situated on a high hill, and the fruit is scarcely ever a failure.

Suspension of the Lynchburg Virginian, LYNCHBURG, Va., February 17.—The Lynch-burg Virginian, one of the oldest papers in the state established in 1808, announces a suspension opublication this morning.

TOPEKA, Kan., February 17,-Boston Corett, slayer of John Wilkes Booth, has been de clared insane and sent to the insane asylum.

From the Griffin, Ga., News.
Yesterday a flock of wild geese was seen to fly over the city. This is said to be a sure sign that

From the Eastman, Ga., Emmigrant, In the flower garden of Mrs. J. W. Griffit can be seen hundreds of full blown japonicas in exquisite perfection. From the Walton, Ga., News.

It was a real picturesque scene—pulling candy in the moonlight in Judge Walker's back yard last Wednesday night. From the Govington, Ga., Appeal. The early gardener this year, we fear, will

be left. It's likely that we are to have more hard winter yet, and probably another snow. From the Butler, Ga., Herald. On the 11th instant, Mrs. F. F. Paris had the following list of vegetables of this year's growth from her garden: Radish, lettuce and

From the Hinesville, Ga., Gazette. If this warm weather continues, our neighbor, Mr. Josiah E. Butler, will not wait for the 22d of February to plant his corn, but will plant a patch before the week is out. He always celebrates Washington's birthday by planting his Washington.

From the Monroe, Ga., News. Menroe has a variety of musicians and Menroe has a variety of musicians and music. The inspiring strains of the brass band, the sobbing piano, the dulcet notes of the violin, the mellow strains of the guitar, the wild gamus of the French harp, have all been laid in the shade by the lonesome tum-tum of a banjo in the hands of a mulatto boy who will never know how to pail a tune out of it. Verily the sap is rising a square is stealing this way.

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TO MEXICO. ENDEZVOUS FOR

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THE ADDRESS ADOPTED. AND THE LONG DEBATE IN LIA

MEN The Farnellites Defeat. From the House-Obstruction Tactionsorted to by the Irish Members-Dillon Refers to His Trial, Etc.

LONDON, February 17 .- In the house of commons tonight Lewis L. Dillwyn, liberal, moved to adjourn the debate on the address in reply to the queen's speech, for the purpose of assing irregularities in the conspiracy trial at Dublin, by which the interests of certain members of the house were prejudiced. The speaker declined to put the motion or permit debate on the subject. He said that according to a previous decision, a motion to adjourn could not be put on a subject respecting which s motion stood on the order book, and that as Mr. Sexton had already placed a motion referring to jury packing, Dillwyn's motion could not be entertained.

W. H. Smith moved that the discussion of the rules of proceedure have precedence over all orders of the day. He said that the prolonged debate on the address showed the need of putting some limit to speaking, which had become olix. It was now the sixteenth day of the debates and restraint was needful in order to enable the house to carry on practical business and save parliament from self-destructio through the a' nogation of its duties.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt said the oppo tion did not desire to place obstacles in the way of the progress of business. He hoped the matter of proceedure would not be made a party question.

Labourchere objected to giving a blank check of this sort to the government, thereby permitting them to monopolize every day with a discussion of proceedure rules. He did not think the government was able to effect good legislation. The session ought therefore, in his opinion, to be made an educational session. The best thing liberals could do was to occupy the time in making speeches. [Laughler.]
Henry Richard, member for Merther, Tydvil, Wales (liberal), moved an amendment that
a day be granted for debating the Welsh disstablishment bill.

The motion was carried by a vote of 261 to Mr. Parnell asked the government to con cede time to discuss his proposal for admitting Irish leaseholders to the benefit of the land act of 1881. Under Mr. Smith's motion, he said it would be five weeks before any Iris question would have a chance to be heard.
He, therefore, moved that the rules of proceedure be not considered before the government ses the nature of their proposed legisla

tion for Ireland. [Cheers.]

Centinuing, he said he was not disposed to surrender the interests of Ireland in order to give the government precedence for their pro proposals. The motion had been spr house suddenly in defiance of the that there were no precedents for such an in terruption of the debate on the address. Th affairs of Ireland were in too critical a condi-tion to be thus put aside. The Westport board of guardians had just received notice of the intended evictions of one thousand persons, while Lord Cork was asking for police to assist in further evictions. Was it at such a time as this that the Irish members were debarred from bringing forward grievances?

Smith said he thought the proceedings of the last three weeks were sufficient to show how useless it was to go further into the Irish question, until the rules of the proceedura were settled. A divison was taken on Mr. Parnell's motion, and it was rejected by a vote of 21

The announcment of the result was received

with cheers by the conservatives.

Mr. Smith announced that the government would begin giving precedence to rules of proceedure on Monday.

Mr. Dillon, upon rising, was loudly cheered.

He complained of the removal of venue of his trial and accused High Sheriff Hamilton of having dismissed a sub-sheriff who had come. having dismissed a sub-sheriff who had compiled jury panels for thirty years in order to appoint Captain Hamilton, who was a personal enemy of Dillon's. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, interposing, said

that Captain Hamilton had not been appointed

mon knowledge that the post had been offered to Captain Hamilton. He proceeded to refer to the jury panel, when the speaker ruled him out of order.

Mr. Dillon bowed to the chair, but said he had already expected that he would not be allowed to refer to his being tried by a jury that had been deliberately and maliciously packed by his enemies. [Lond Parnellite cheers] is enemies. [L

The speaker again interposed, and in reply to Messrs. Dillon and Kelly, ruled that the subject could not be referred to in that way. The speaker then suggested the putting of the

question on the address.

Arthur O'Connor moved to adjourn, on the ground that the Parnellites had not been fairly treated. Mr. Smith opposed the motion.

Mr. Bradlaugh supported it, saying that he sympathized with the Parnellites.

The motion was rejected by a vote of 261 to After another attempt had been made to continue debate on the address, the speaker said it was evidently the sense of the house that the

subject had been sufficiently discussed.

subject had been sufficiently discussed.

Mr. Smith moved that the question be now put. The motion was carried—259 to 74—and the address was adopted by a vote of 283 to 70, amid conservative cheers.

The government's double victory tonight was partly due to the continued disorganization of the liberals. Conservative whips, being aware that Smith would declare urgency for the giving of precedence to the discussion of procedure rules over other business, kept a full complement of members ready to vote. full complement of members ready to vote.

The liberals had issued no call for the attendance of members and were taken by surprise, their benches being almost empty. The broad of the debate fell upon the Parnellites, and

of the debate fell upon the Parnellites, and before the division on Parnell's amendment, the bulk of the liberals had left the house. After the division the Parnellites held a hurried conference and decided to try obstructive tactics in order to prolong the debate.

Mr. Smith will counteract this move, by insisting that precedence be given to the discussion of proceedure rules on Monday, whether the debate on the address be concluded or not. Many Gladstonians share in the almost general Many Gladst ny Gladstonians share in the almost general bate has become a matter of opprobrium to par

LONDON, February 17 .- The News, comment ing on debate in the house of commons las night, considers that Mr. Dillon raised a ques tion of privilege and cannot understand why he was refused a hearing. In the divisions, Chamber an and Hartington voted with the government.

THERE IS NO PEACE.

The German Press on the Present Critical Situation. Berlin, February 17. — The North German Gazette says: The liberal press continues to circulate a "urbi et arbi" falsehood that Europe

circulate a "urbl et arbl" falsehood that Europe lives in a condition of most profound peace; and that contrary statements are only maneuvresto intimidate the poor electors and influence them in favor of the septennate. In support of this assertion, reference is made to the declaration of General Von Schellevdorf, when he introduced the army bill in raichstag.

tion of General Von Schellendorf, when he introduced the army bill in reichstag.

The political horizon was totally different then. It has since become clouded, solely in consequence of the attitude of the opposition, whose unpatriotic conduct caused the conviction in France that Germany is weakened by internal divisions, and that the moment to attack Germany has arrived. General Von Schellendorf's words, when uttered, were quite appropriate to the situation, but he would scarcely repeat them today, the opposition having conjured up danger of war, which will only disappear when France sees that Germany does not allow unpatriotic politicians to lead her—that is when majority is returned to the reichstag determined to protect the empire against its enemies.

HAPPY BOB NERVY On Trial for Shooting Down His Sweetheart's

Brother.

WAESAW, N. Y., February 17.—"Happy Bob" Van Brunt, a Salvation Army soldier, is on trial for his life in the circuit court here, and the case promises to be vory interesting.

The murder was committed about midnight of October 6, 1886, and grew out of jealousy of the half brother of his intended wife. It occurred at the house contact atter's father, Simon Roy, at Castile. Van twas arrested right after the murder by Free Roy, a brother of the victim, whose name was Will Roy. In jail on the following Saturday Van Brunt made a statement which will be used as evidence against him by the people.

ment which will be used as evidence against him by the people.

"This is a pleasant window to look out and see them build the scaffold to hang me on," was the cheerful way in which Van Brunt talked today. "I'm sorry for Eva, but I am not going to worry about it otherwise. We were engaged to be married. I loved her dearly, and was jealous when I shot and killed him. I shot to kill, too."

Asked to describe the circumstances, he said: "I had the revolver in my room, and I had got it to protect myself against John Gibbs and his friends. He had been tried for selling liquor,

friends. He had been tried for selling liquor and I swore falsely against him. He and his friends threatened to thrash me, so I got the

"Early in the evening I asked Eva to marry me. I went up stairs and went to bed about 12 o'clock. An hour later I woke up and heard somebody talking down stairs. I made up my mind that it was Will Roy, sitting up with Eva, and picking up my revolver I went down stairs. They were sitting close together in the front room. I asked Eva why she did not go to bed. I think she wanted to annoy me a little She then saked Will when me a little. She then asked Will where he was going. Then he leaned toward her and she whispered something to him. I thought, being engaged, that I ought to know what was going on, but she ignored me altogether. I was standing by the piano about seven feet away, and losing all control over myself, and blinded with jealousy, I pulled the revolver and shot him. I kept company with Eva about seven months. It was not right for him to sit up at night until 2 or 3 o'clock with his half sister."

sister."

"She was a nice girl," said the murderer,
"and I would have liked to marry her, but I
suppose it's out of the question now. I used to
know lots of girls in the Salvation Army, and was engaged to be married six times. All my girls were pretty and young, but she was the the first one I really loved." Van Brunt is so enthusiastic about the Salvation Army tha when he had his photograph taken in jail he

when he had his photograph taken in jail he insisted on wearing his soldier hat.

There appears to have been very little ground for Van Brunt's jealousy. The girl's parents had at first opposed the match, which originated at a Salvation Army meeting, While away from this locality the girl corresponded with him, and when he returned to Castile after a forage against the enemy, he began boarding at the Roy home.

MOVING THE BOYS. The Slayer of John Wilkes Booth in a New

Role. TOPEKA, Kan., February 17 .--- Boston Cor bett, the man who gained a reputation as the slayer of John Wilkes Booth, added somewhat to his notoriety by today terrorizing and cap turing, for a time, the Kansas house of repre sentatives. Corbett is a confirmed crank, and has made himself somewhat notorious in various ways. He was at the commencement of the legislature appointed assistant doorkeeper, There have been few signs of insanity unt today. This morning he strapped on two re-volvers and a box of cartridges, and with a drawn weapon drove a negro-attendant from the representative hall. Sergeant-at-Arms Norton attempted to expostulate, when Cor-bett cocked his revolver and, pointing it direct at the officer, told him to travel. He went. The maddened man then searched for Speaker Smith, and meeting a member who somewhat resembled the speaker was about to fire, when the member threw up his hands and said he was not the speaker Corbett then took possession of the speaker's gallery, which he held during the entire morn

Three city policemen were called, but they would not venture into the dark corridor, and the slayer of Booth held possession. At 12 o'clock he sent word down to the house to adjourn, or he would come down and adjourn at himself. The house adjourned. Corbett was afterward captured in the lower corridor, dis-armed and taken to the police station, where he was confined. He was afterward taken before theprobate judge, adjudged insane and ordered

Labor Troubles in Mississippi. NEW ORLEANS, February 17.—The labor question is still agitating the farmers and planters of the hill country of central Mississippi, ing it hot for the labor agents. The latest sensation in this is the expulsion of G. H. Hammond, an old resident of Hamiston, on the Mississippi valley road, from that town for inducing negroes to leave the county for the

A Nun Returns to the World.

NEWARK, O., February 17 .- It has just been discovered that Sister Genevieve, superior of the convent attached to St. Frances de Sales, of this city, has left the institution and gone to her friends. The cause is said to be disagreements and dissatisfaction. She had been a nun for twenty years. Her real name is Mary Hewitt, and she is supposed to be in Chillicothe.

New Orleans Races.

NEW ORLEANS, February 17.-First rac five-eighths of a mile-Fred Davis won, Pat Daly second, Red Belle third. Time, 1:07. second, sed selle third. Time, 1:07.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile—Our Friend won, Faxor second, Peacock third. Time, 1:17½.

Third race, seven and a half furlongs—Handy Andy won, The Bourbon second, Beecherbrook third. Time, 1:43½.

Ronmania Military Credit.

BUCHAREST, February 17 .-- The chamber of deputies today voted an extra military credit of 1,200,000 pounds to defend the neutrality of the country. The measure was adopted by a vote of 99 to 11. Premier Bratiano, in asking for the credit, declared that the government was unwilling that Roumania should again become a field of battle.

The Pope Congratulates the Americans. ROME, February 17.—In his audience with Cardinal Gibbons, the pope said:

"You are indeed happy. The American Catholic church enjoys the greatest civic freedom. Her bishops have no other work than to live like shepherds guiding and tending their flocks.

Austria and Russia Agree. St. Peterseure, February 17.—It is semi-officially stated that the relations between Austria and Russia are so much improved that it is no longer expected that Austria would make the Russian occupation of Bulgaria a

The Disabled Steamship.

NEW YORK, February 17.-The disabled SEW 108K, February 17.—The disabled steamship Wisconsin, of the Guion line, arrived at her pier at 4:20 p. m. today. The captain says:

"Pllot Beebe, of boat No. 4, came on board outside. He was in bed at the time the vessel went ashore. There was a thick fog. I was entirely misled in the matter, any if there is any one to blame it is myself."

A New Receiver Appointed. HARRISONBURG. Va., February 17 .- At a special term of the United States circuit court held here today Jacob Wissler, of Shenandoah county, was app inted receiver of the Columbia Liberty iron company in that county, vice Charles H. Krumbhaar and H. H. Yard, of Philadelphia, re-

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., February 17.—The British ship Shuan, from New Orleans for Havre, is ashore in the gulf of Mexico, sixty miles west o Cedar Keys. The cargo of 5,024 bales of cotton and the vessel are fully insured.

Still Not Ended. The Brietenbucher case did not bother Judge Anderson during the session of police court yesterday morning, further than to grant a continuance until today, when it will be called up and completed. THE GRAND SIRE DINED.

Canton Atlanta Do Honor to Their Worthy Commander--The Exercises at the Hall. Ex-Lieutenant-Governor Underwood, of Ken tucky, deputy grand sire of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows, and who is in the city for the purpose of giving instructions in the military branch of the order and to pay his respects to the Odd Fellows of Georgia, was tendered a banquet last night by the Canton Atlanta No 2, at Pause's restaurant. About forty guests were present. The table was spread in Pause's best style. In the center of the table was a pyramid five feet in height, upon which were mblems of the patriarch militant, including the three links, representing "Friendship. Love and Truth." Supper was served at 10 o'clock Following is the menu:

Following is the menu:

Sherry Cocktails.
Chicken and Shrimp Salad.
Small oyster patties.
Eclipse Champagne.
Turkey stuffed. Qualis with French Peas.
Tongue. Ham.
Malaga Grapes. Oranges. Bananas Apples.
Vanilla Ice Cream. Mixed Cakes.
Coffee. Cigars.
The address of walcome was delivered by The address of welcome was delivered by

Mayor Cooper.

The following toasts were then offered and responded to:
The Sovereign Grand Lodge—Response by Deputy Grand Sire John C. Underwood,
Odd Fellowship in Georgia—Response by Hon.
Adolph Brandt, past grand master.
The Order in Atlanta—Response by Past Grand
J. A. Anderson.
The Press—Response by C. S. Atmosphered.

A. Anderson.
The Press—Response by C. S. Atwood.
Patriarchal Odd Rellowship—Response by Hon.
C. Hutchison, past grand patriarch.
Canton Atlanta, No. 2—Response by Lieutenant
R. Greege. Several short addresses were then delivered

by various guests upon the principles of the order and the growth of Odd Fellowship in Georgia.

Hon John C. Underwood responded to the toast "The Sovereign Grand Lodge" in forcible, but feeling terms, impressing upon all present the charitable and brotherly principles which are two of the main objects of the order, and closed by heartily thanking Canton Atlanta and the citizens of Atlanta for their generous and kindly interest taken in his behalf during his stay in the city.

his stay in the city.

The affair passed off in a very pleasant man Yesterday morning Lieutenant-Governo Underwood, in company with Mayor Cooper Mr. Adolph Brandt and Colonel J. B. Good win, was driven over the city. The route taken was out Peachtree, the boulevard to the McPherson monument, then returning by Oak-land cemetery to the new capitol building

land cemetery to the new capitol building, thus presenting to the visitor a good view of the city. The party returned to the Kimball house at 2:30 o'clock.

In the evening at 7:45 o'clock a mass meeting of Odd Fellows was held at the hall, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets, at which an eloquent address was made by Governor Underwood to those assembled. The military exercises was then gove through with when exercises were then gone through with, when the canton escorted Grand Sire Underwood to Pause's restaurant to partake of the banquet given in his honor. Past Grand Master Wright, of Savannah, was in attendance

A YOUNG MAN BEHIND THE BARS. C. S. Reeves Arrested at the Atlanta National Bank -- He Confesses.

C. S. Reeves, a young man who hails from Clinton, Ga., is now behind the bars at police headquarters, charged with forgery.

Reeves was arrested yesterday morning.

Soon after the Atlanta National bank opened

resterday morning a young man walked up to the paying teller's desk and, handing in "Cash that, please."

The teller picked up the check and saw at a glance that it was for \$25. It purported to have been drawn by W. S. Moomough, of Atlanta, and was made payable to C. S. Reeves. The writing was not the best in the world, and two or three unusual items appeared on the payar.

or three unusual items appeared on the paper. The cashier's suspicions were aroused and, handing the check to Mr. Romare, asked and, nanding the cheek to Mr. Romare, asked for instructions. Mr. Romare quickly concluded that the paper was a forgery, and telephoned to police headquarters for an officer. Captain Crim responded to the call, and after acquiring all the information in Mr. Romare's possession, approached the young man and

"What's your name?"

"C. S. Reeves, sir," was the reply.
"Where did you get that check?"
"I bought it from a man named Bill Jones."
Reeves was not able to tell anything about
Bill Jones, and was escorted to police headquarters, where he was searched. During the quarters, where he was searched. During the search he threw a bundle of papers into the fire, which could not be recovered. Other papers found in his pockets, however, showed the same handwriting as that on the check. Reeves was then locked up, and after the key was turned on him, confessed that he had forged the check. A warrant charging him with forgery will be sworn out this morning and a preliminary trial will take place during

A WHITE WOMAN IN TROUBLE. Ida Wilkinson, a Woman Unknown In Atlan-

ta Arrested for Larceny.

Ida Wilkinson, an attractive looking white woman of about twenty years of age, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Patrolman Barnes, and given a cell in the city prison.

The woman is charged with larceny.
Vesterday morning the woman went to the

Yesterday morning the woman went to the residence of Mr. S. S. Bivis, No. 150 Courtland avenue, and applied for work. Her general appearance was enough to recommend her almost, and Mrs. Bivis asked her in, with a view

appearance was enough to recommend her almost, and Mrs. Bivis asked her in, with a view to discussing the chances of giving her employment. Soon after the woman entered the house, Mrs. Bivis was compelled to leave the sitting room a minute. As she walked out of the room she threw her hand satchel upon the center table. In the satchel was a purse containing four dollars in change. After Mrs. Bivis re-entered the room she concluded her talk with the girl, who then left. Not long after the girl's departure Mrs. Bivis discovered that her purse was gone, and when her husband came home informed him of her less and told him of the visit of the woman. Mr. Bivis, more learned in the ways of the world than his wife, instantly suspected that the girl had stolen the money and at once visited police headquarters and reported the loss, and described the girl. Mr. Ryan, the stationhouse keeper in charge, quickly notified the entire force, and in a few hours Patrolman Barnes arrested the girl on Marietta street. After the prisoner reached police headquarters Mr. Ryan managed to induce her to give up all she had concealed about her. Among other things which the woman disclosed was a purse containing three dollars and ninety cents. The woman and the purse were identified, and the money and purse were turned over to Mr. Bivis. A warrant charging the woman with 1 sceeny has and purse were turned over to Mr. Bivis. A warrait charging the woman with larceny has been sworn out, and she will be given a pre-liminary trial before Judge Tanner this morn-

LANIER GONE AWAY.

The Atlanta Boy Taken Back to Mississipp -- His Friends Working for Him.

-His Friends Working for Him.

Captain Wilson, chief of police of Meridian, Mississippi, reached Atlanta yesterday morning, armed with the papers necessary to authorize Chief Connolly to surrender B. F. Lanier, the man who was arrested a few days ago on a felegram. Soon after reaching the city Captain Wilson called at police headquarters and making himself known secured an interview with the prisoner. Lanier knew the captain at a glance and the recognition was mutual. Lanier denied knowing anything about the murder of which he is charged, but manifested a willingness to go to Meridian. Captain Wilson says that the evidence against Lanier is purely circumstantial, but that it is very strong. Lanier's Atlanta friends assert most positively that he cannot be guilty of the crime charged and have made up quite a sung sum for his defense, and yesterday sent an attorney to Meridian to give personal attention to the case.

Send to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass., for a book containing statements of many remarkable carea by Hood's Sarraparilla.

. GROUND UP BY A TRAIN.

A Boy Killed by a Freight Train in Dallas

A Boy Killed by a Freight Train in Dallas

Night Before Last.

William Rodgers, an eight year eld white
boy, was actually beheaded and horribly mangled by a freight train on the East Tennessee
railroad at Dallas, in Paulding county, Wednesday night.

The first intelligence of the boy's tragic
death reached Atlanta yesterday morning.

In Dallas, as in every other town, boys who
are not kept at home at night are liable to get
into trouble. Night before last, soon after
dark, an East Tennessee freight train rolled
up to the depot at Dallas, and after stopping
started to take a side track to cut out some
cars. There were then several boys about the started to take a side track to cut out some cars. There were then several boys about the depot and among the number was young Rodgers. The boys were all in the habit of swinging on trains and as the train started back Rodgers with others grabbed the side rails on cars. In some way Rodgers did not secure a good hold and after the train had started to move he dropped under a car. In falling the boy's neck laid close upon the rail, and before he could escape a heavy wheel passed over it, cutting his head entirely from his body. In attempting to escape the horrible death, young Rodgers threw his arms and one leg under the wheels and both arms and a leg were amputated. The accident was quickly discovered, and the boy was taken to his home. Yesterday Coroner Baxter held an inquest, and the jury exonerated the road from all blame. The road, howed the road from all blame. The road, how ever, consented to defray the funeral expenses

HE INVESTED IT IN MINING. Where the Texas Odd Fellows' Money

Went. GALVESTON, Texas, February 17 .- Judge Thomas M. Joseph, for several years treasurer of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows of this state, is short in his accounts \$23,185, being the en-tire funds of the grand lodge. Mr. Joseph was defeated for re-election last week. He says he lost the money nearly four years ago in min ing. He was mayor of Galveston from 1858 to the fall of 1862, and always stood high in the community. He is nearly seventy years old, and has a large family of grown children. He is utterly prostrated over his downfall. Grand Master Gibbs declares that he will prosecute the defaulting officer until the doors of the penitentiary are closed more him. Joseph is penitentiary are closed upon him. Joseph is practically under arrest now

The Italians and Abyssinians. SUAKIM, February 17.—Advices from Massowah say that eight hundred Italian troops, with gatling guns, landed there on the 15th instant, and that 2,000 more men were expected. The Italians have raised a corps of 1,000 Bashi-Bazouks and have armed the inhabitants of Massowah. Pesalouk has gonete meet the of Massowah. Rasaloula has gone to meet the king of Abyssinia, who is displeased on account of the attack upon the Italians. Count Salem-beri, who was sent by Rasoloula to Massowah

to arrange for the ransom of Italian prisoners

has started on his return to the Abyssinian camp, provided with funds. The Augusta and Chattanooga Road. AUGUSTA, Ga., February 17 .- At a meeting of the stockholders of the Augusta and Chattanooga railroad company, General C. A. Evans was reelected president. The directors were authorized tered president. The directors were authorized to issue bonds, not exceeding \$20,000 per mile, and to make such other arrangements as may be necessary to push vigorously the construction of the road. Aforce of men is at work grading and it is expected that steel rails for forty miles, from Augusta to Lincolnton, will soon be purchased.

Lynching in Texas. NAVASOTA, Texas, February 17 .- Deputy heriff Upchurch, at Dedias, on Monday had a negro named Jim Richards under arrest, and the lat fer watching his opportunity jerked Upchurch's sistol out of its scabbard and shot and killed him About sundown Monday evening over seventy five masked men, armed to the teeth, took Richards from the custedy of guards and swung him to a neighboring tree.

COLUMBIA, S. C., February 17 .- [Special.]-The Salvation Army has a detachment on duty here—eight men and four women. They are not warmly welcomed. Somehow the impression pre-vails that religion with them is but a matter of business, and so far their auditory has been com posed of those drawn by curiosity alone.

No Change in New Jersey. TRENTON, N. J., February 17 .- Two ballots were taken by the legislature in joint session to-day. The vote was exactly alike in each—Sewell 35, Abbett 35, Kays 2, Erastus E. Potter 2, Bedle 2, Ludlow 1, William E. Potter I, Parker 1, Potts 1, Morrow 1—total 81.

An Explorer in Hard Luck. CAPE TOWN, February 17 .- Emil Holub, explorer, has reached Shoshong, Bechuanaland, in a destitute condition. His camp on Lake Banwelo was attacked and plundered by natives and his fellow explorer, Joldner, was murdered. Holub was absent at the time of the attack.

Miss Moore Entertained. NASHVILLE, Tenn., February 17 .- [Special.] Miss Adelaide Moore and her brother were enter-tained at lunch today by a number of Miss Moore's friends. The affair was one of the most elegant social events of the season.

The Opening of Coosa River. MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 17.—Mayor Reese has issued a call for a convention in this city on March 15th to promote the opening of Coosariver to navigation. Delegates from points bordering on the Coosa and Alabama rivers, from Rome o Mobile, have been invited.

Five Miners Killed. LAVANT, Ont., February 17.—Five men, named John Benton, Thomas Woodruff, Julius Begot, William Carver and James McCormack,

were killed today, and two others seriously injure it Wilbun mines by the fall of earth from the roo Dissatisfied With the Veto. ROCK ISLAND, Ills., February 17 .- The state encampment Grand Army of the Republic adopted resolutions today asking congress to pass the dependent pension bill over the veto.

Cardinal Jacobini. Rome, February 17.—Cardinal Jacobini now desires to retain the office of papal secretary. The final decision as to his successor has been post-poned until next consistory.

REAL ESTATE NOTES.

Plans have been prepared for a new building for the Sunny South seminary. The building will be located on Whitehall street, somewhere near Hood, and will be exceedingly handsome.

Colonel George W. Adair's sales so far this week foot up \$20,800. All of the transactions except one were in vacant property.

The following stores have been rented within the past ten days: Shulhaefer, on Whitehall street, Nos. 111 Whitehall. 73 Whitehall. 3 Whitehall. Pryor street, near Kimball house, 5 Peachtree, 8 Peachtree, 17 Peachtree, 16 Marietta, 17 Hunter, and corner Decatur and Loyd.

"The Proper Study of Mankind is Man," "The Proper Study of Mankind is Man,"
Says the illustrious Pope. If he had included woman in the list, he would have been nearer the truth, if not so poetical. Dr. R. V. Pierce has made them both a life study, especially woman, and the peculiar derangements to which her delicate system is liable. Many women in the land who are acquainted with Dr. Pierce only through his "Favorite Prescription," bless him with all their hearts, for he has brought them the panaces for all those chronic ailments peculiar to their sex; such as leucorrhoz, prolapsus and other displacements, leucorrhoea, prolapsus and other displacements, ulceration, "internal fever," bloating, tendency to internal cancer, and other ailments. Price reduced to one dollar. By druggists.

Frank X. Billey,
D. G. WYLIE & CO., John P. Barclay

Embalmers,
Undertakers and Funeral Directors.

& W. Alabama street.

Telephone 788, Notice.

In compliance with a resolution of more than a majority of the capital stock, a meeting of all shareholders of the East Georgia and Florida railroad company will be held in the office of Chisholm & Erwin at Savannah, Georgia on Wednesday, March the second, 1887, at eleven o'clock a. m.

President East Georgia & Florida E. R. Co. febilo-diff on r m

Defending His Father.

Col. Fred Grant has written a letter to Major Carroll, of Baltimore, relative to the alleged intem-perance of the dead hero, in which these pathetic words occur:
"I was 35 years old when my father died. I

spent twenty-six of those years by his side, and never saw any signs of the weakness of which Boynton speaks. There are several persons assassins of the reputations of others in the United States. They have for years been trying to ruin the fair fame of the purest man and best father that ever lived. They have succeeded in making the hearts of these who loved him bled. God foreign them and make their him bleed. God forgive them and make thei burden lighter in the next world than they have endeavored to place upon the hearts of the family of Géneral Grant in this."

A Rare Case.

From the Oglethorpe, Ga., Echo. The justice court of Lexington was the scene of a rich trial on last Saturday. A case was on trial for the possession of a hog, valued at \$3, and the parties to the cause were husband and wife. The husband sued out a possessory warrant for the ownership of the hog, and the wife brought a counter suit. Witnesses to wife brought a counter suit. Witne prove the title to the pig were brought for-ward in numbers by both sides. Witnesses for the husband affirmed that on several occasions when parties to whom the wife was indebted in when parties to whom the wife was indecided in trivial amounts, wished to attach the hog as her property, she affirmed that the hog be-longed to her husband. Upon the other hands witnesses for the wife eagerly testified that the witnesses for the wife eagerly testified that the husband, when approached by any creditor whose face seemed long and hungry, the husband hastened to affirm that the hog was his wife's undisputed property. The case occupied the entire day, and was argued with a vengeance by two of our most prominent attorneys. The justice decided that the husband had the better title to the hog, and awarded it to him, providing he gave bond in the sum of \$6, guaranteeing the forthcoming of the property in case further litigation ensued. Up to the hour of going to press the bond had not been given, and the hog remains in the custody of the bailiff.

A Large Grizzly.

From the Montgomery, Ga., Monitor. We are informed by one of our citizens, who requested us not to mention his name in this connection, that he saw a large grizzly bear in the public road just below town on last Saturday morning, in broad daylight. Upon repairing to the spot, the tracks were plainly visible to our eyes, but bruin had decamped.

An Old Violin From the Convers, Ga., Weekly, Mr. L. C. Henslee, of this place, has the oldest violin in America. It bears the date of 1736. This is, by reason of its antiquity, costly construction and splendid tone, a very valuable piece of property.

OPERA HOUSE!

Friday and Saturday, Saturday February 18 & 19. Matinee at 2:30. RHE

Supported by MR. ARTHUR FORREST and an ex-

riday ADRIENNE LECOUVREUR. Saturday THE WIDOW

Saturday Matinee, FAIRY FINGERS. With the most exquisite toilettes of the season. Prices: \$1, 50c., 25c. Reserve seats 25c extra at Miller's.

REDUCED RATES

"Mardi Gras"

NEW ORLEANS, LA., -VIA THE-:

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILW'Y AND BIRMINGHAM, ALA. DAILY FAST TRAINS

NO CHANGE OF CARS. Mann Boudoir, Dining and Sleeping Cars on both LEAVE ATLANTA 10:40 A. M. AND 5:05 P. M.

RATES FROM Atlanta to New Orleans and return...

Tickets on sale February 15th to 21st inclusive, good to return until 28th. For Sleeping car reservation, etc., call on or ad-

Pass. Agt., Pass. Agt., 17 Kimball House, Charlotte, N. C. Atlanta, Ga. ALEX. S. THWEATT, G. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.

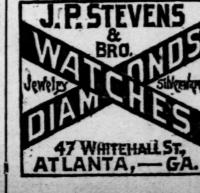
MARDI GRAS!! **EXCURSION TICKETS** ATLANTA TO

ONLY \$15. The Atlanta and West Point Railroad will sell Excursion Tickets on February 15th to 21st, inclu-sive, good to return until February 28th, to New Orleans, at \$15.00.

New Orleans and Return,

PULLMAN PALACE, BUFFET AND DRAWING ROOM CARS! Atlanta to New Orleans WITHOUT CHANGE!

C. P. ATMORE, Gen. Passenger Agt, A. & W. P. R. R. Gen. Pass. Agt, L. & N. R. R. 8t





This powder never varies. A maryel of purity trength and wholesomeness. More economics han the ordinary kind, and cannot as sold it competition with the multitude of low jeet show weight allow or physical products. Sold only if

Semi-Annual Statement of the U. S. Branch

QUEEN INSURANCE CO,

Furnished the Governor of the State of Georgia as required by the Actof the General Assembly approved October 3, 1879. NAME AND LOCALITY.

Name of the company-Queen Insurance Company.
Locality—Street, Wall, No. 37 and 39, city of New York, county of New York, state of New York. CONDITION. (On December 31, 1886.) I.—CAPITAL STOCK.

Amount of capital stock, \$9,700,000 00 Amount paid up in cash, \$873,169 79 II.-ASSETS. 1. Real estate held by the Company (Where located, state fully.) Actual

3. Cash in hands of agents and in course 144.331 63 4. Loans secured by bond and mortgage on real estate, (Where located state

ACCOUNT OF STOCKS AND BONDS OWNED ABSOLUTELY BY THE COMPANY. Total par Total m'k't United States 4 Present bonds.\$672,300 00 \$ 858,022 88 p'r cent bonds 8072,000 00 United States 4½ p'r cent bonds 84,000 00 92,610 00 Mississippi state 20,000 00 100,000 00 10,000 00 sin 6 per cent
R. B. bonds...
Chicago, Burlington and
Quincy 7 per
cent R. R.
bonds...
Chicago, Book 10,000 00 Chicago, Rock Island and Pa-cific 6 per cent R. R. bonds ... 5,000 00 6,600 00 R. R. bonds ...
Fremont, Elkhorn and Mo.
6 per cent R,
R. bonds
Chicago, Mil.
and St. Paul
(DubuqueDiy) 6 per cent R.R. bonds..... 10,000 00

Chicago, Mil. (Chicago and PacificW.Div.) 5 per cent R.R. Chicago, Mil. (Wis. & Minn. Div.) 5 per cent R. R. bonds..... 10,000 00 Chicago and Northwestern 10.000 00 10,737 50 10,000 00

10.000 00 40,000 00 Total par and

carried out at market value.\$991,300 00 \$1,240,473 52

Total assets, actual cash market value \$1,976,093 12 III -LIABILITIES. III.—LIABILITIES.

1. Losses due and yet unpaid, amount... \$2. Claims for losses resisted by the company, amount... \$3. Losses not yet due, including those reported to Company, on which no action has yet been taken, amount... \$4. Dividends declared, and due, and remaining unpaid, amount \$5. Dividends declared, but not yet due, amount... 19,100 00 64,468 72

NII 8. Re-insurance, amount......

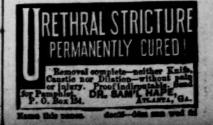
Total liabilities .. \$1,235,183 53 IV .- INCOME. (During the preceding six n
Cash premiums received, amount.
Notes received for premiums, amo
Interest money received, amount.
Income from other sources, amou nonths.)8 773,167 06 30,979 12 2,497 98

.. 8 806,644 16 V.-EXPENDITURES.

Total expenditures 568,909 89 VI.-LARGEST RISK. Greatest amount insured in any one risk, amount 40,000 00

JAS. A. MACDONALD, Manager. JAS. A. MACLE STATE OF GEORGIA,
County of Fulton—Personally appeared before
the undersigned, W. F. Prioleau, who, being duly
sworn, says he is the chief officer or agent of Queen
Insurance Company, residing in said state,
and that the foregoing statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and
belief.

W. F. PRIOLEAU. belief.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 17th of February, 1887.
R. A. HANCOCK,
Notary Public, Fulton County, G



RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE | FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

-	
ARRIVE.	DEPART.
EAST TENNESSEE, VII	GINIA & GEORGIA R. R.
Day Express from S'v'h	*Day Express North, E
& Fla. No. 14 10:50 a m	and West No. 14 12 15pm
Rome express. From	*Cannon Ball, No. 12,
north, No. 15, 5:45 am	
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from	*N. Y. Lim. north, N. Y.
north, No. 11, 11 52 pm	Phila., etc., No. 16,
Day Express from n'th	5 00 pm
No 13 8 35 pm	*Cannon Ball South for
•Cannon Ball, from	Sav. and Fla. No. 11
Jacksonville & Bruns-	12 night
wick, No. 122 25 am	*Fast Express South for
• Fast mail from Florida,	Savannah and Florida No. 13
No. 16 7 25 pm	*Day Express south, No.
	15
PIEDMONT	AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and 1	anville Railroad.)
New York fast mail ar-	New York Lim'd Express
rives daily10 40 am	leaves daily7 40 am
New York Lim'd Express	New York Fast Mail
arrives daily9 40 am	leaves daily 6 00 pm Lula Accom'n 4 30 pm
Lu'a Accom'n8 25 am	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T
CENTRAL	RAILROAD.
From Macon* 12 15 am	To Macon* 3 00 am
Sav'ah 7 27 am	To Savannah*6 35 am
Dut saine, tot um	To Macon*2 00 pm
macon 1 00 pm	To Barn'sville*5 15 pm
pay an a oo pm	To Savannah*6 50 pm
	LANTIC, RAILROAD.
From Chatta'ga* 2 15 am	To Chattanonga* 7 50 am
" *6 80 am	To Chattanooga 1 40 pm
Marietta 8 35 am	To Rome 3 45 pm
rome month	To Marietta 4 40 pm
CHAIR EST. T AT DITT	To Chattanooga* 5 50 pm To Chattanooga*12 30 am
- 0 00 pm	
	T POINT RAILROAD.
From M'tgo'ery* 2 15 am	To M'tgo'ery* 1 20 pm
" LaGrange*9 37 am " Mt'go'ery*1 25 pm	To LaGrange* 5 05 pm To M'tgo'ery*12:20 am

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All otherrains ally except Sunday. Brokers., and Bankers

J. W. GOLDSMITH. WEST & GOLDSMITH,

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Real Estate and Loan Office, 25 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. We buy and seil all kinds of Real Estate inside and outside the city. Long time loans negotiated Also buy land notes and commercial notes.

W. H. PATTERSON, BOND & STOCK BROKER,

24 South Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—
Ga. State Bonds.
Atlanta City Bonds.
Ga. R. R. Bonds.
Aniericus, Preston and Lumpkin R. R. Bonds.
Marietta and North Ga. R. R. Bonds.
Ga. Pacific R. R. Bonds.
WANTED—
Georgia R. R. Stock.

Georgia R. R. Stock.
A. & W. Pt R. R. stock, and all other investment

GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

-OF ATLANTA, GA.-STATES DEPOSITORY

Capital & Surplus \$300,000 Isssues Certificates of Deposit Payable

on Demand with Interest. Three per cent per annum if left four months. Four per cent per annum if left six months.

4% per cent per annum if left twelve months.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN, Broker and HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN, Broker and Dealer in Boads and STOCKS, Office, 12 E. Ala. St FOR SALE—State Ga. bonds, 4½, 6 and 7 per cent. City of Atlanta bonds, 5, 6, 7 and 8 per cent; Ga Pacific R. R. bonds, Americus, Preston and Lumpkin R. R. bonds and other bonds and R. R. stock. WANTED—All kinds of investment securities, state, city, R. R. bonds, R. R. stocks, Capital City Land and Imp. Co. stock, Atlanta Home Ins. Co. stock, Atlanta and West Point R. R. and Central R. R. stock and debentures.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO. FLOUR, BRAN AND GRAIN,

38 South Pryor St.

Correspondence from reliable bookers or wholesale dealers solicited. Can name prices on grain
in car load lots delivered at any point in South
Carolina, Georgia or Florida. DARWIN G. JONES. EDWARD S. PRATT.

JONES & PRATT. Bankers, and Brokers In all classes securities. No. 3 E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. P. REESE & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

DECATUR, - - ALABAMA DECATUR, SHEFFIELD and other ALA-BAMA STOCKS bought and sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

A Rare Chance!

THE HEALTH OF THE SUBSCRIBER BEING stock, tools and good will of his Book Bindery to sale. Would sell at a bargain for cash. He has the best selected lot of tools in the south-everything that is needed, nothing superfluous-with an assortment of material for every description of work,

R. J. MAYNARD 43% Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga

ABSOLUTE PERFECTION IN BAKING! MEATS ROASTED IN THEIR OWN JUICES, BY USING THE **WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR**



MARVELOUS RESULTS LOSS IN SHRINKAGE OF MEATS.

Effect of the SOLID OVER Door.
A TEN pound Sirloin, medium or well-done, will be approved to SIX pounds and four onnees of Reasted meat, showing a loss of three pounds and tweive ounce of fulce. While the loss is 5% per cent of the total weight, it shows the enormous Loss or First Fine Curr, or First June.

Effect of WIRE GAUZE OVEN Door.
A TEN pound Sirioin, medium or well-done, will be A TEN pound Striotn, medium or woll-done will be founded to nine pounds and sight ounce of furies. While his loss in the pound of sight ounce of furies. While his loss in the pound of sight ounce of such that when the very small LOSS OF DUT SEVEN FER CHEST, or FIGURE OF STRUCTS.

Bonds, Stocks and Money. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

E.		AT	LANTA, February 17	, 1887.
m	Money easy.			
2,		anna l	ouying at par and	solling
m		range r	myring at par and	Borrens
.,	at ¼ premium.			
6,	STATE AND CITY I		R.R. BONDS. Bid.	Asked
m	New Ga., 41/2 Bid.		Ga. 68, 1910112	114
or	P3 year105	107	Ga. 68, 1922114	116
1,	Ca. 68, 18891023		Cent. 7s, 1893110	112
nt	Ga. 7s, gold109	111	C. C. & A. 1st112	114
or	Ga. 78, 1896121	123	A. & C. 1st120	122
8	8. C. Brown107	109	A. & C. ine105	107
m	Savannah 5s102	1031/4	W. of A. 1st105	107
0.	Atl'ta 8s, 1902.124	126	do. 2d109	111
m	Atl'ta 8s, 1892.113	115	Ga. Pac. ind108	110
7	Atl'ta.7s, 1904.121	123	Ga. Pac. 2d 55	60
	Atl'ta 78, 1899.117	119	Am'cus Prest.	400
SS	Atl'ta 68, L.D.114	115	&L'mkn 1st7s.183	108
m	Atl'ta 6s, S.D100	105	M. & N. G. 1st	1021/
il	Atlanta 58 105	107	RAILROAD STO	
m	Atlanta 41/8 102	103	Georgia201	203
m	Augusta 7s 103	105	At. & Char 93	95
-	Macon 6s109	111	Southwest'n127	129
_	Columbus 5s 98	100	S. Carolina 5	10
m	ATLANTA BANK ST		Central125	127
m	Atlanta Nat'1.200	-	Central deb102	104
m	Merch'ts B'k 120		Aug. & Sav125	130
m	B'k State Gn 120	-	A. & W. Pt 108	110
m	Gate City Nat.120	-	do. deb101	105
	RAILROAD BON		C. C. & A 45	50
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NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, February 17.-Today's stock market exhibited more animation than has been seen for a few days, which result, however, was attained at the expense of quotations. There was no news of a character to have much effect upon values, but in the absence of support by leaders and cliques, professional traders seized the opportunity to bring about a decline, though the only apparent cause for the movement was a general disposition to do semething which should relieve the monot-ony of duliness. The market in general was quite ony of duffness. The market in general was quite feverish and friegular throughout most of the day, and though a few stocks were firmly held, a majority of the list yielded readily to the pressure. The movement was accelerated by heavy selling in Richmond and West Point by brokers supposed to represent insiders. A rumor was circulated that an influential parsy was realizing in Richmond and West Point, andthat a large loan to the com-pany had been called. This brought renewed presure to sell and the stock scored an extreme de cline of 21/2 per cent. The opening was rather heavy, a majority of the list showing declines from last evening's figures of from 1/4 to 1/4 per cent. The market in the early dealings was dull but irregular and feverish and generally heavy, while Canada Southern and West Point were conspicuously wear. There was more activity toward noon, but the decline continued until nearly 12 o'clock, when a rally occurred, though the gains recorded were for fractions only. The decline was then renewed and continued to the close, subject only to one or two slight rallies, and the market closed weak at or near the lowest of the day, with the entire active list lower. The total business was

260,000 shares. Exchange quiet and fairly steady at 486@439. Money easy at 31/64 closing offered at 3. Sub-t easury balances: Coin \$132,839,000; currency \$19, 0/3,000. Governments dull and heavy; 4s 128%; 3s 1'0 bid. State bonds dull but steady.

Chesap'ke & Ohio... Chicago & N.W....... do. preferred...... Del. & Lack..... Chicago & N.W. 1139/a Rock Island... 124
do. preferred... 140
Del. & Lack... 1851/a
Del. & Lack... 1851/a
Erie Tenn., new... 134/ Tenn. Coal & Iron... 234/
East Tenn., new... 134/ Tenn. Coal & Iron... 451/
Lake Shore... 934/ Union Pacific... 55
L. & N. C. Char... 58/
Memphis & Char... 58/
Missouri Pacific... 1074/
Mobile & Ohio ... 1634/
N. & C. ... 84
*Bid. †Ex-dividend.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, February 17, 1887. New York—There was a slight decline in the cot-

on market today, and a dull tone prevailed. Spots, middling 91/c. Net receipts for 5 days 73,344 bales, against 83,534 bales ast year; exports 85,783 bales; last year 85,416 bales; stock 865,448 bales; last year 1,028,307 bales. Below we give the opening and closing quota

	Oper	ned.	Closed.
February	9.410	9.48	9.41@ 9.43
March			9.43@ 9.44
April	9.55@	9.66	9.52@ 9.53
May	9.83@		9.60@ 9.61
June	9.70@	9.71	9.69@
July			9.75@ 9.76
August			9.81@ 9.82
September	9.620	9,64	9.58@ 9.61
October	9.4260	9.43	9.39@ 9.41
November	9.350	9.37	9.30@ 9.32

Closed dull; sales 26,400 bales.		
Local-Cotton quiet; middling 8 15-16c		
The following is our statement of reshipments for today	eceip	tş an
RECEIPTS.		
By wagon	29	
Air-Line Railroad	-	
Georgia Railroad	-	
Central Railroad	39	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	-	
West Point Railroad	1	
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. Railroad	-	
Georgia Pacific Railroad	12	
Total 8	81 9,258	
Total11	0 220	
Stock September 1	2,506	
Grand total		121,84
Shipped today	_	
Shipped previously	7,426	

Local consumption previously..... Total 101,267 Stock on hand ... 17,578 Stock on hand.
The following is our comparative statement:
Receipts today.
Same day last year.
Showing a decrease.
Receipts since September.

NEW YORK, February 17-C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: The market has lost three points today and closed dull under a sort of dry rot. No one cared much about selling, but buying was of a still more indifferent character, and matters have simply dragged along with both bulls and bears apparently satisfied with the lines they have out, and awaiting developments. Port receipts were light, but still large enough to prevent any stimulating features to be drawn from the showing, while abroad the tone appeared to be about as apathetic as here, and throughout a gen-

eral feeling of lassitude is shown. By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, February 17—12:15p. m.—Cotton unchanged with a good business; middling uplands 5½; middling Orleans5½; sales 12.000 bales; speculation and export 2.000; receipts 4,000; American 3,000; uplands low middling clause February delivery 5-7-63; February and March delivery 5-5-64; March and April delivery 5-8-(4; April and May delivery 5-9-64; May and June delivery 5-11-64; June and July delivery 5-13-64; september delivery 5-17-64; September and October delivery 5-12-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

and steady.

LIVERPOOL, February 17—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 9,300 bales: uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 7-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 7-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 8-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 9-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 9-64, buyers; August and September and July delivery 5 13-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 15-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 12-64, buyers; September and October delivery 5 12-64, buyers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, February 17—4-90 n.m.—Tolands low livery 5 12-64, buyers; futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, February 17-4-00p.m.—Uplands low
middling clause February delivery 5 7-64, buyers;
February and March delivery 5 7-64, buyers;
March and April delivery 5 8-84, sellers; April and May delivery 5 9-64, buyers: May and June delivery 5 11-64,
sellers: June and July delivery 6 15-64 sellers; July
and Anguis delivery 5 15-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 17-64 sellers; September and October delivery 5 12-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and
steady.

steady.

NEWYORK, February 17 -Cotton dull; sales 57 bales; middling uplands 9½; middling Orleans 9 11-16; net receipts 665; gross 7,250; consolidated net receipts 12,041; exports to Great Britain 656; to France 2,700; to continent 7,212; istock 250,867.

GALVESTON, February 17—Cotton steady; middling 813-16; netreceipts 1,140 bales; gross 1,140; sales 419; stock 66,526.

419; stock 66,526.

NORFOLK, February 1"—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 1,411 bales; gross 1,611; stock 25,458; sales 922; exports coastwise 370.

BALTIMORE, February 17—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts none bales; gross 225; lasies—; stock 18,015; sales to spinners 175; exports to to continent 1,760; coastwise 104.

BOSTON, February 17—Cotton quiet; middling 5½;

net receipts 526 bales; gross 4,233, sales none; stock

WILMINGTON, February 17—Cotton firm; mid-ling 9 3-16; net receipts 69 bales; gross 66; sale

WILMINGTON, February 17—Cotton firm; mid-dling 9 3-16; net receipts 69 bales; gross 66; Sales none; stock 3,525.

PHILADELPHIA, February 17—Cotton quiet; middling 99; net receipts 73 bales; gross 335; sales none; stock 26,536.

SAYANNAH, February 17—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 9 1-16; net receipts 1,746 bales; gross 1,746; sales 20; stock 65,764; exports coastwise 1,010.

NEW ORLEANS; February 17—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 9; net receipts 4,802 bales; gross 5,460; sales 3,00; stock 339,531; exports to continent 5,005; coast wise 4,700.

wise 4,700.

MOBILE, February 17—Cotton quiet; middling 8 15-16, her receipts 346 bales; gross 365; sales 390; stock 21,392; exports coastwise 371.

MEMPHIS, February 17—Cotton steady; middling 8 16-16; net receipts 1,496 bales; shipments 2,634; sales 5,500; stock 166,224; sales 10,5pinners—AUGUSTA, February 17—Cottón quiet; middling 8 15-16; net receipts 79 bales; shipments—; sales 74.

CHARLESTON, February 17—Cotton firm; middling 9½; net receipts 643 bales; gross 643; sales 3:0; stock 22,89.

THE CHICAGO MARKET. Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.
CHICAGO, February 17—The wheat market was

moderately active and stronger today. The market opened 1/12 higher at 791/22 for May delivery, owing to the favorable tenor of European market advices Public cable advices quoted firm markets with Public cable advices quoted firm markets with prices tending up, and private cables also came in quite strong. Offerings were free at the advance, and prices fell off to 79%c, but, on a report of a good export movement, rose to 79%d-70%c and closed for the day at outside figures. Receipts at eleven points were only 173,000 bushels, while export clearings from three Atlantic portswere 152,000 bushels. It was stated that stocks of wheat in the interior warehouses in the northwest have been considerably reduced. considerably reduced.

There were no new features developed in corn The market was moderately active early, but later ruled quiet. Toward the close there was a firmer feeling with fair purchases, and the market closed

Now higher than yesterday.
Outs ruled steady and a shade higher.
Large receipts of live hogs, accompanied with a reduction in prices, was the signal for a large speculative offering in provisions, and the markets all ruled lower at the opening. Mess pork opened 20c lower at \$14.25 for May delivery, dropped to \$14.17%. but turned at that point, and only ceased going up when \$14.70 was reached. A reaction to \$14.371/6

bllowed, where the market rested for the day.

Lard closed 10c lower and short ribs 5c lower.

The following was the range of the leading futures in Coicago tosay: Lowest 7334 7334 79 80% WHEAT-February March CORN-34 1/4 39 1/4 40 1/3 341/8 391/9 403/8 Sebruary .. OATS-Februar 233/4 233/4 283/8 March. 231/4 14 30 14 30 14 37½ 14 171/6 LARD-February
March
SHORT RIBS
February
March

7 15 7 15 7 2736 PROVISIONS, GRAIN ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

ATLANTA, February 17, 1887.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, February 17, 1887.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, February 17—Flour—Best patent \$5.50

685.75; extra fancy \$0.00685.25; fancy \$4.50684.75; extra family \$4.25684.59; choice family 4.09; family \$3.5063.75; extra \$3.26685.75. Wheat—Tenesse 50c; western \$5.26685.00. Bran—Large sacts \$9c; small \$6c. Corn meal—Piain \$5635c; bolted \$56360; can meal \$1.00681.10. Grits—\$1.2063.50. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee \$56356c; No. 2 white mixed 64c. Cats—No. 2 mixed \$10641c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$90c; small bales 90c; No. 1 large haice \$6c; small bales \$90c; No. 2 wheat \$4.000 \$1.000 \$1.00. NEW YORK, February 17—Flour southern more active but rather weak; common to fair extra \$3.50 \$84.000; wheat \$4.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000 \$1.000

ST. LOUIS, February 17—Flow dull; family \$3.00 \$23.1b; choice \$4.3 % \$3.50; faucy \$3.70 % \$8.9 \$8.5 \$1.00; \$8.9 \$3.70 % \$8.9 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$1.00 \$ bid; May \$6@56%. Corn dull and easter; No. 2 mixed cash 39; March 33%; May 35%@36%. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed cash 27%; May 25%. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed cash 27%; May 25%. CINCINNATI. February 17—Flour weak; family \$3.45@\$3.65; fancy \$3.90@\$4.10. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 83%. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed 30%. CHICAGO, February 17—Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 spring wheat 73%@76%; No. 3 do.—; No. 2 red 77%. No. 2 corn 31%@35%. No. 2 cats 23%. LOUISVILLE, February 17—Grain firm. Wheat, new No. 2 longberry 84; No. 2 red 82. Corn. No. 2 mixed 39; do. white 41. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 31.

new No. 2 longberry 84; No. 2 red 82. Corn. No. 2 mixed 39; do. white 41. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 31.

Grocerles.

ATLANTA, February 17—Coffee—Gholce 17%c; prime 17c; good 10%; fair 16c; low grade 15%c, standard granulated 6%g6%c; off grade 6%g6%c; standard A 6%g6%c; off A 66%c; extra C5%g60%c; off A 66%c; extra C5%g60%c; off A 66%c; extra C5%g60%c; extra C5%g60%c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy 55c; choice 50c; prime 30%35c; common 20%25c. Teas—Black 35 660c; green 85%60c Nutmegs 70c. Cloves 28c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6%c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5%. Candy—Assorted stick 8%. Mackerel—No. 3 bbis 89.00; % bbis 84.50; kits 60c; pails 60c. Soap 2.00@85.00 % 100 caks. Candles—Full weight 11%c. Matches—Round wood % gross \$1.15; % 200 \$2.50; % 300 \$3.50; % 400 \$4.50. Soda—In kegs 4%c; in boxes 5%c. Rice—Choice 6%c; prime 6c; fair 4c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 15c; factory 12%c/31c. NEW ORLEANS, February 17—Coffee quiet and steady; Rio cargoes common to prime 13%15%. Sugar steady; Louislana open kettle choice 4%; prime to strictly prime 4%c/45-16; good fair to fully fair 41-16c/4%; fair 3%c/4%; common to good common 3%c/6%; centrifugals, choice white 51-16; off white 57-166/5%; choice yellow clarified 57-16.65%; prime 26%28; good fair 30%38; prime 276838; good fair 30%38; prime 276838; good fair 30%38; prime 276827; common 20%25; centrifugals, strictly prime 10 fancy 30%33; fair to good prime 21%25; common to good common 16g0. Common 10 good common 20%25; centrifugals, strictly prime 10 fancy 30%33; fair to good prime 21%25; common to good common 16g0. Common 10 good common 16g0. Common 10

NEW YORK, February 17—Coffee, fair Rio dull at 14; options lower but active; No. 7 Rio February 12.15@12.20; March 12.10@12.20; May 12.05@12.20; May 12.05@12.20; May 12.05@12.20; May 12.05@12.20. Sugar quiet and unchanged; fair to goodrefining 4.9-16@411-16; refined quiet; C 4½@4½; extra C 4½@5; white extra C 5½; yellow 4½@4½; off A 5½; mould A 5½; standard A 5½@5½; confectioners A 5½@5½; cut loaf and crushed 6½; powdered 6½@6½; granulated 5½@6; Cubes 6½; Molasses dull; 50-test 19½. Rice steady; domestic 4@7.
CINCINNATI, February 17—Sugar dull; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 4½@5½.

Provisions. Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, February 17—Provisions active and strong. Pork \$14.75. Lard 6.70@6.75. Bulk meats, loose lots long clear 7.35; short ribs 7.50; short clear 7.75; boxed lots, long clear 7.35; short ribs 7.50; short clear 7.75. Bacon, long clear 7.87½; short ribs 8.00; short clear 8.12½, @8.25; hams 11@15.; NEWIYORK, February 17—Pork steady; old mess \$13,75@814.00; new \$14.50. Middles dull and nominal; long clear 7. Lard 5@8 points lower and less active; western steam spot 7.15; March 7.13@7.18; May 7.26@7.35; city steam 6.90; refined to continent 7.50@7.55.

7.50@7.55.

LOUISVILLE. February 17—Provisions firm. Bacon, clear rib sides 7.62%; clear sides 8.00; shoulders 6.25.

Bulk meats, clear rib sides 7.12%; clear sides 7.57%; shoulders 5.75. Mess pork \$14.90. Hams, sugar-cured 11@11%. Lard, choice leaf 8.

CHICAGO, February 17—Cash quotations were a follows: Mess pork \$14.90. Lard 6.9%, Short ribs loose —. Dry salted shoulders, boxed 6.80@6.90; short clear sides 7.60@7.65. short clear sides 7.00g7.00. CINCINNATI, February 17—Pork quiet at \$14.25. Lard dull; steam 6.72@6.80. Bulk meats quiet; short rib 7.25. Bacon quiet; short ribs 7.87%; short clear

8.12%.
ATLANTA, February 17—Clear ribsides 73/@8c.
Sugar cured hams, small average 13%@14c; dc, large average 13@13%c. Lard—Refined 7%c; leaf9c.

Naval Stores.

firm at \$1.10; crude turpentine hards firm; \$1.00; yellow dip \$1.90; virgin \$1.90.

SAVANNAH, February 17—Turpentine firm at 35½ bid: sales — barrels; rosin firm; strained and good strained \$0@\$1.00; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, January 17—Turpentine quiet at 35%; rosin steady; good strained \$0.

NEW YORK, February 17—Rosin steady at \$1.00@ \$1.07%; turpentine dull at 39.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, February 17—Apples—4.50. Lemons—
4.50. Oranges—42.26,92.50 \$ box. Co-connis—
56.00 \$ 100. Pineapples—None on marzet. Bamanas—51.00622.00. Figs—13@18. Rais ns—New
Landon 22.40; ½ boxe 51.40; ½ box 99c. Cirrants—
7%@Sc. Cranberries—512.00 \$ bol. Leghorn citron
—30c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Bratil—
10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—17c. Dried
fruit—Peaches 2@3c; apples 2c.

ATLANTA, February 17—Market steady. Hors shoes \$4.00; mule shoes \$5.00; horse stoe units 125-96 20c. Iron-bound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains 30.6 70c. "Ames' shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Well buckets \$3.78@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16e. Sweed iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 2½; rate. Cast-steel 10.912c Nails \$2.50@\$2.00. Gilidden barbed wire, galvanized \$1.90. Bar lead 7½c; shot \$1.85.

Live Stock. ATLANTA, February 17—The wholesale mule market and prices are very satisfactory. Horses quiet. We quote horses—plug\$65@90; circrars \$125@\$140; good drivers \$150@\$200; fine \$250@\$300 Mules—14½ to 15 hands \$115@\$1 125; 15 to 15½ hands \$125@\$150. CINCINNATI, February 17—Hogs firmer: common and light \$4 40@\$5.40; packing and butchers \$5.20 @\$5.65.

Country Produce. Country Froduce.

ATLANTA February 17-Eggs-12@13 Butter—
Jersey 274,@30c; choice Tennessee 20@224c; other grades 124,@20. Poultry—Hens 25c; chickens 18@20c; turkeys 10c; dressed poultry—Turkeys 18@15c; chickens 10@124. Irish potatoes 22.25@2 50. Sweet potatoes 75@80c & bush. Hone't, strained 6@7c; in the comb 124c. Onlons \$3.00@\$3.25. Cabbage 1 @11/20.

ATLANTA, February 17.—Leather—Steady; G. D. 2@25c; P. D. 20@25; best 25@28c; white oak sole 40c; harness leather 30@38c; ATLANTA, February 17—Bagging—11/4 lbs, 73/4c; 13/4 lbs 83/4c; 2 lbs, 9c. Ties—Arrow \$1.10.

HACKETT & RICE IRON FENCE ,CO. ATLANTA GA



MANUFACTURERS OF THE LATEST AND BEST Manufacture Wrought Iron Fence on the market-Also Cresting, Grates, Sash Weights, Hitching Posts and Building Castings. All work guarbnied equal to the best made. Send for prices before ordering elsewhere. Good local agents wanted in every town in the south, to whom exclusive territory will be

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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Office with U, S. Attorney, Custom House, second Practice in all the state courts and in the federal Courts where the government is not interested. Telephone 353. top col NO. M. McCANDLESS,

ANALYTICAL AND CONSULTING CHEMIST, Laboratory, 70 and 71 Hill Building. Prompt attention to analyses of Commercial Fer tilizers, waters, foods, tores and metals, as iron maganese, copper, etc., etc. 3 mos

EWIS W. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW! ATTORNEY AT LAW Office over Atlanta National Bank, No. 15½ East Alabama st., Atlanta, Ga. Refers to Atlanta National Bank.

Robert Harbison. James H. Gilbert, HARBISON & GILBERT, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Gate City Bank Building, Rooms 54 and 55, Telephone 750. T W. HIXON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections a Specialty.
Office in Mitchell Euilding, Crawfordville, Ga. M 38. S. M. HICKS, M. D.,

—DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN.—
Office 75½ Peachtree Street—Residence Talmadge
House, Atlanta. Ga.

office hours—11 a. m. to 3 p. m. jan5 1y

H. C. GLENN. C. D. HILL GLENN & HILL, Attorneys at Law. Will practice in the State and Federal courts
Office at the court house for the present. 6m

S. B. BREWER, REAL ESTATE AGENT, ANNISTON, ALA G. L. NORMAN,

ARCHITECT, 24 Peachtree street.
S. N. CONNALLY,

-ATTORNEY AT LAW,-261/2 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. ACTON'S ATLANTA BROOM FACTORY, T. M. ACTON, PROPRIETOR,

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ATLANTA, GA.
Dealer in Hand-made Brooms. Orders from th
trade and jobbers respectfully solicited and fills D
short notice. MARK J. MCCORD, STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER. Copying quickly and neatly done. Office 6% Whitehall street. Telephone 862. N. J&T.A. HAMMOND,
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Depositions in Fullon County;
A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright,
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
Attorney-at-law,

Attorneys-at-law,
Rome, Ga.
Collections a Specialty. J. Russell Hodge.

Tho s. B. Evans, Ph
ODGE & EVANS,
ANALYTICAL LABORATORY,
330 to 336 Wheat street, Atlanta, Ga.
Analyses made of fertilizers, fertilizing materials,
soils, ores and metals, coal and coke, water, soaps
and fats, etc. Physical tests of materials promptly
furnished.

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J. ington, D. C. Refers by permission to A. H.
Colquitt, U. S. S.; Joseph E. Brown, U. S. S.; N. J.
Hammond, M. C.; C. F. Crisp, M. C.; T. M. Norwood, M. C.; J. C. Clements, M. C.; Geo. T. Barnes,
M. C.; H.R. Harris, M. C.; Seaborn Reese, M. C.;
A. D. Candler, M. C.; J. H. Blount, M. C. G. A. HOWELL,
Gr. Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
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Refers to Merchants Bank and Atlanta Nation. BRAY & MITCHELL,

Attorneys at Law, 21½ Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. OCHRANE & LOCHRANE,
Practice law at Atlanta, 6a.
Office over Chamberlin & Johnson's store
(LIFFORD L. ANDERSON,
Attorney at Law,
Cly National Bank by
Company of the Compan toom 18, Gate City National Bank building:
B. W. B. W.

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company The Favorite Route East Double Daily Trains and Elegant Coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK, -AND-

MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON. Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York. Schedule in effect December Mail Rxpress No. 53. No. 51. Salisbury ... Greensboro Leave Danville . . 12 00 a m 10 35 a m

9 40 pm Leave Atlanta Arrive Spartanburg 7 40 a m 3 43 p m 7 00 pm 8 00 pm LULA ACCOMMODATION. Daily except Sunday,
Arrive Atlanta (city time)...
Arrive Gainesville (city time)...
Arrive Lula (city time)...
RETURNING.
Leave Lula (city time)...
" Gainesville... ..6 05 a m Arrive Atlanta (city time) ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD Daily except Sunday. No. 56. No. 41

Daily except Sunday. | No. 50. | No. 52. use.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't.,
Washington, D. C.

L. L. McCLESKEY, D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

Washington, D. C. E. SERGEANT, City Pass. Ag't, Atlanta, Ga. בונהוי ווורבווובוי וציפית W.&A.R.R. The following time card in effect Sunday, De

pember 13, 1886: NORTHBOUND-NO. 8 EXPRESS-DAILY. Stops at all important stations.
NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Atlanta.
Arrive Dalton. NO. 14 ROME EXPRESS—Daily Except S . 3 45 pm . 6 59 pm Stops at all way stations and by signals.
NO. 17 MARIETTA EXPRESS—Daily Exc.
Leaves Atlanta.
Arrive Marietta. ent Sun's Stops at all way stations and by signals. NO. 11 EXPRESS—DAILY.

Stops at all important stations when signaled.
THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.
No. 1 has Fullman Palace and Mann Boudoir leeping cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati without

change.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman Palace sleeping cars Jacksonville to Louisville without change; also Pullman
sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.
No. 19 has through first-class coaches Atlanta to
Little Rock without change via McKenzie, and
Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without

SOUTHBOUND.
N. 4 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leaves Chattanooga...... Leaves Chattan 1 20 am No. 14 ROME EXPRESS-Daily Except 8

Leaves Marietta......Arrives Atlanta.....THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.

No. 4 has Pullman Palace cars and Mann Boudols cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.

No. 12 has Pullman Palace cars Louisville to Jacksonville without change.

No. 20 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta; Pullman sleeper Nashville to Atlanta and through day coach Little Bock to Atlanta without change.

through day coach Little Rock to Atlanta without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.
JOS. M. BROWN,
Gen'l. Pass, and Ticket Agent.
Assistant Gen'l Pass, and Ticket Agent.
A. ANDERSON.
Gen'l Superintendent.

East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia R. A TIME CARD IN EFFECT DECEMBER 19th, 1886,

NORTHWARD. N. Y. Day Express. Express STATIONS. Roanoke... henan'h J't'n 11 20 am 12 26 am 1 15 pm 3 55 pm 6 55 pm 9 20 pm

SOUTHWARD

		-	
STATIONS.	Fiorida Express.	Savaun'h Express.	Cannon Ball.
Leave Atlanta	8 45 pm	6 00 am	12 00 n't
Arrive Macon		9 25 am	.3 20 am
" Hawkinsville	11 03 pm	·1 30'pm	8 45 am
" Jesup	1 05 am	3 15 pm	8 25 am
" Brunswick	6 00 am		11 20 am
" Jacksonville	6 15 am	7 30 pm	12 00 n n
" Savannah	6 10 am	7 58 pm	11 55 n'n
ATLANTA '	TO CHAT	TANOOGA	
STATIONS.	N. Y. Express.	Day Express.	Night Express.
Leave Atlanta	5-00 pm	12 15 pm	2 35 am
Arrive Dalton	9 25 pm	4 35 pm	6 50 am
" Chattanooga	11 85 pm	6 00 pm	7 20 am
Leave Chattanooga		6 35 pm	7 45 am
Arrive Cincinnati		6 50 am	- 6 00 pm
CHATTANO	OGA AND	MEMPHI	6.
Leave Chattanooga	7 10 pm	10 45 am	
Arrive Memphis	6 10 am	10 15 pm	*************
CHATTAN	OGA TO	BRISTOL.	
Leave Chattanooga	10 25 am		
Arrive Knoxville	3 05 pm		
" Morristown	4 47 pm	2 40 am	
" Bristol	8 20 pm	5 45 am	
The second secon			

For Cincinnati at 12:15 noon and 2:35 a. m., alternating with the Mann Boudoir car.

For Jacksonville 3:45 p. m. and 12 night, alternating with Mann Boudoir car.

Fullman sleepers also leave. Pullman Buffett Sleeping cars leave Atlanta daily p. m. for Washington.

lighton sleeping cars leave Macon at 7:20 p. m.

y for Brunswick.

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equipped line between
ATLANTA and NEW ORLEANS,
ATLANTA and VICARBURG,
SHREVEPORT and TEXAS POINTS.
FOUR DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS.
NO CHANGE OF CARS. MISSISSIPPI, LOUISIANA AND NORTHERN TEXAS POINTS.

No. 50. No. 52 10 45 a m 5 05 p m 3 05 p m 9 24 p m 5 30 p m 11 48 p m 12 30 a m 7 40 a m Lv. Atlanta (Ga. Pa.). Birmingham "Meridian (Q. & C.). 7 35 am 3 00 pm Ar. New Orleans " " Jackson " Vicksburg " Shreveport Lv. New Orleans (S. Pac.) Ar. Houston "San Antonio" Austin (H. & T. C.) 7 30 p m 9 20 a m 5 15 pm Lv. Shreveport (T. & P.)... Ar. Marshall "Dallas" Fort Worth ".... No. 51. 9 10 p m 10 25 p m 4 50 a m 6 45 a m Lv. Ft. Worth.
" Dallas.....
" Marshall... Ar. Shreveport... Lv. Shreveport... "Vicksburg.... "Jackson..... 8 00 pm 10 40 am Lv. New Orleans. 3 15 a m 6 40 pm 10 30 a m 1 05 a m 12 59 pm 3 21 a m 5 45 pm 7 20 a m Lv. Meridian .

ALEX. S. THWEATT,
T. P. A., General Pass. Agent,
I. Y. S.'.GE, General Manager. Birmingham. Ala Atlanta & New Orleans

-Atlanta, Ga.

SHORT LINE. VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT, VIA MONT

Takes effect Sunday, February 3, 1887. SOUTH BOUND. No. 50. No. 52. No. 2. Daily. Daily. Daily. 1 20 pm 12 20 am 5 06 pm 2 08 pm 1 05 am 6 14 pm 2 20 pm 1 17 am 6 26 pm 2 24 7 pm 1 49 am 6 53 pm 3 13 pm 2 17 am 7 90 pm 3 52 pm 3 30 am 8 00 pm 4 20 pm 3 32 am 5 04 pm 4 21 am L've Atlanta. Ar. Fairburn. Palmetto. Newnan. Grantville " LaGrange."
West Point
" Opelika.... Ar. Columbus, Ga . 6 34 pm 11 01 am Ar: Montgomery... 7 15 pm 6 45 am . 5 00 am 2 00 pm ... Ar. Pensacola... 2 15 am 2 10 pm 7 12 am 7 80 pm NORTH BOUND. No. 51. | No. 53. | Daily. | Daily. | 8 05 pm 7 55 am 12 55 am 1 20 pm Lv. New Orleans. lma. Montgomery... Columbus.... Opelika..... West Point.... 35 am 8 15 pm 10 27 am 11 12 pm ... 10 52 am 11 44 pm 7 00 am 11 52 am 12 12 am 7 53 am 11 37 am 12 25 am 7 50 am 12 12 03 pm 12 52 am 8 23 am 12 29 pm 1 18 am 18 56 am 12 24 pm 1 31 am 19 56 am 12 41 pm 1 31 am 19 11 am 11 25 pm 2 15 am 10 00 am

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT, Q. and C. Route. No. 12. | No. 5. | No. 54 3 07 pm 5 00 pm

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.
No. 50, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Atlanta No. 56, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Atlanta New Orleans.
No. 52, Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Washington to Montgomery, and Pullman Parlor Car, Mongomery to New Orleans.
No. 52. Family Sleeping Car free of charge, Alanta to Texas without change.
No. 51, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars New Orleans to Atlanta, and at Atlanta to New York.
No. 52, Pullman Pallor Car, New Orleans to Montgomery, and Pullman Buffet Sleeping car Montgomery to Washington.
No. 53. Family Sleeping Car free of charge Texas to Atlanta.

CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, General Manager. Gen. Passenger Agunt. Montgomery, Alabama. A. J. ORME, Gen. Act. M. C. SHARP, Pasa Agt. Atlanta. Georgia.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, Office General Manager.
Augusta, Ga., December 18th, 188.
Commencing Sunday, 19th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.
FAST LINE.
NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

Leave Augusta
Leave Washington...
Leave Athens.
Leave Gainesville....
Arrive Atlanta.... NO. 28 EAST-DAILY. Leave Atlanta... Leave Gainesville... Arrive Athens... Arrive Washington... Arrive Augusta...

Ar Covington ... 8 30 pm | Ar Atlanta ... 7 30 pm | DECATUR TRAIN. (Daily except Sundays.)
L've Atlanta ... 9 00 am | L've Decatur ... 9 35 am | Ar Atlanta ... 10 15 am |
L've Atlanta ... 12 10 pm | L've Clarkston ... 1 25 pm |
L've Decatur ... 12 42 pm | L've Decatur ... 14 pm | L've Decatur ... 14 pm | Ar Clarkston ... 12 57 pm | Ar Atlanta ... 20 pm | Ar Atlanta

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JUSTICE

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1010th dist
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HE Is appears to sanguine of quite cheer think that every day, ble to turn see him.

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THE RA Freight Tari ing in the G Broad street tire session toarrange a eiation then D. C., on Ma make his

THE OFF pany held t at the cha very prosper ing director J. R. Graml N. Speer, L. C. Hallman, Dr. J. S. Too J. Carroll Nutting.

STEPPED is an old well which is not dsy morning to a Mr. Rich about the about the sent to he was atten he was attent horse's neck the well was the boy gave a couple of need out. The horse to star into the well filled ut this way the horse was brbruised, but

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M. ALA. DRLEANS, ESS TRAINS.

AND NORTHERN No. 50. No. 52 10 45 a m 5 05 p m 3 05 p m 9 24 p m 5 30 p m 11 48 p m 12 30 a m 7 40 a m

7 35 a m 3 00 pm 7 30 p m 9 20 a m 7 25 p m 5 15 p m

No. 51. No. 53. 8-00 pm 10 40 am

w Orleans LINE.

VEPORT. VIA MONT

ebruary 3, 1887. 50. | No. 52. | No. 2. ily. Daily. Daily.

pm 11 01 am 5 pm 6 45 am am 2 00 pm 51. No. 53. ly. Daily.

AND SHREVEPORT.

io. 12. | No. 5. | No. 54. 6 45 pm R SERVICE. Sleeping car, Atlanta to

leeping Cars New Orleans
to New York.
Car, New Orleans to Montffet Sleeping car Mont-Car free of charge Texas AS. H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent.

A RAILROAD

TLROAD COMPANY. ET-DAILY.

.5 55 am .1 00 pm ST-DAILY.

COMMODATION.

R TRAIN.
pt Sundays.)
L've Decatur..... 9 45 am
Ar Atlanta..........10 15 am DN TRAINS.

L've Clarkston...1 25 pm
L've Decatur.....1 48 pm
Ar Atlanta.......2 20 pm

8 will, ir signalled, stop at

Gen'l Pass Agent

CONSTITUTION.

EVENTS FOR TODAY.

AMUSEMENTS-AT DEGIVE'S, RHEA. THROUGH THE CITY.

Penciled Paragraphs Caught on the Fly by the Constitution Reporters.

RESIGNATIONS.—William J. Shephard, has tendered his resignation as lieutenant colonel of the Sixth Georgia battalion, and Henry R. Geetchius, has also sent in his resignation as adjutant of the same battalion. Both resignations were yesterday accepted by Governor Gerdon.

BACK FROM SCHOOL.—Mr. Eugene Jacobs, who has been attending the Philadelphia pharmaceutical college for several months has remured to Atlanta to pass his vacation. Mr. Jacobs took a high rank in his classes and brought home a fine medal besides a most excellent letter from his perceptors.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.-James M. Stew-JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—James M. Stew-nt was yesterday commissioned by Governor Gordon, a justice of the peace in and for the 1010th district, of Cherokee county, vice J. N. Simpson resigned, as was also D. A. Royal, for 1402d district, of Brooks county, and W. T. Henderson, was commissioned a notary public and ex-officio justice of the peace, for the 757th district of Cambell county.

POSTAL AFFAIRS,-The Hon. Thomas Stan POSTAL AFFAIRS.—The Hon. Inomas Stan-bope, ex-postmaster of St. Louis, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Robert Copes, of Orange-burg, S. C., came to Atlanta yesterday, and re-ported for duty. He was recently appointed a postoffice inspector. Colonel Asbury Coward, of Yorkville, S. C., who was appointed last week a postoffice inspector in the Atlanta di-vision, has gone to Birmingham on business,

HE IS SLIGHTLY BETTER .- Dr. Jno. G. HE IS SLIGHTLY BETTER.—Dr. Jno. G. Westmoreland has shown signs of improvement since returning from Florida. Each day he appears to grow better and his friends are now snguine of his early recovery. The doctor is quite cheerful and is not at all inclined to think that he is sick. He has many callers every day, but his physicians deem it advisable to turn away more than half who call to

CATCHING TWO MOONSHINERS,-Special beputy W. Earlse went to Forsyth county day before yesterday, and arrested William Evans and A. P. McGuinnis, who had in their posses-tion amule and wagon. In the wagon was cencealed a cask, containing about seventeen gallens of whisky. The liquor, the team and the men were all brought to Atlanta. The two men were taken before United States Commissioner Haight, who committed them to isil in default of bail.

KIREY-DIMMOCK .- Mrs. A. F. Kirby was Kirby-Dimmock.—Mrs. A. F. Kirby was mited in marriage yesterday morning to Mr. Wm. R. Dimmock. The ceremony took place at teno'clock at the home of the bride, No. 8 Wheat street, the Rev. Dr. W. F. Glenn officiating, and was witnessed by a large number of friends and relatives. Soon after the ceremony was over the bride and groom were driven to the union passenger depot, where they boarded the Georgia Pacific passenger train for New Orleans. A large number of handsome bridal presents were received by the happy couple. happy couple.

THE RATE COMMITTEE .- The Southern Freight Tariff association met yesterday morning in the Grant building, corner Marietta and Broad streets. The discussion during the entire session turned upon the result of the interstate commerce bill upon the freight rates. After nearly the entire day had been consumed in direction to the consumed in the second street and the second street in the second in discussion a resolution directing Mr. Sindall toarrange a schedule of rates in accordance with the terms of the bill was adopted. The association then adjourned to meet in Washington, D. C., on March 2d, next, when Mr. Sindall will

THE OFFICERS ELECTED .- The stockholders of the Atlanta Insurance and Banking com-pany held their first annual meeting last night at the chamber of commerce. The cashier made his annual statement, which showel a made his annual statement, which showed a very prosperous year's business. The following directors were elected for the ensuing year: J. R. Gramling, J. W. Rankin, J. W. Harle, D. N. Speer, L. P. Grant, C. W. Hunnicutt, John C. Hallman, H. H. Cabaniss, J. A. Anderson, Dr. J. S. Todd, Robert Winship, H. L. Wilson, J. Carroll Payne, A. J. Hallwanger, W. H. Nutting. At a subsequent meeting of the directory that following collected. John R. Gramling, president; James W. Harle, vice-president; Willard H. Nutting, cashier; H. E. W. Palmer, attorney.

STEPPED INTO AN OLD WELL.—The people living on the old Ponder hill passed their time yesterday morning watching three or four negro men extricating a horse from an old well. Near the old stone building on top of the hill is an old well—or rather there has been one—which is not surrounded by a fence. Yesterwhich is not surrounded by a fence. Yester-day morning a large, fine gray horse, belonging to a Mr. Richardson, was loose in the field about the old house. A boy was sent to catch him and while bewas attempting to put a rope around the horse's neck he backed into the well near by. The well was about twenty feet deep, and after the boy gave the alarm Mr. Richardson hired around of men to aid in getting his quadratic. a couple of men to aid in getting his quadru-ped out. The well was large enough for the horse to stand in by a pinch. Dirt was thrown into the well, shovelfull at a time, and as the well filled up the horse was moved about. In this way the well was entirely filled, and the horse was brought to the surface scratched and bruised, but not hurt.

Mile. Rhea. It is tonight that this fascinating society artiste will reappear among us in the same play, "Adrienne Lecourveur," in which four years ago she obtained such a triumph in Atlanta. Many times she has been requested to play it again, and she has at last consented to gratify the wishes of her admirers. The Richmond papers said she was sublime in it: the Charlestonians went convin sublime in it; the Charlestonians went crazy in

her admirers. The Richmond papers said she was sublime in it; the Charlestonians went crazy in their enthusiasm; Savannah called her twelve times before the curtain. What will do Atlanta, who is never behind any other city in her appreciation of what is grand of whatever character it may be? We will certainly give to the charming lady an ovation that will count in her artistic career, and if it is true that this tour must be her farewell visit, we want her to remember forever hereafter her admirers of the gate city.

But "Adrienne" must not make our readers forget the two other pieces that Mile. Rhea will give us. They are real gems, and as a voucher, we here furnish the opinion of the Toronto Globe:

"There was a large, fashionable and highly delated audience at the Grand opera house last might, and it is safe to say that with all her successes in Toronto, Rhea never achieved a more brillant one than she did in "The Widow." The comedy is one of the highest class in every respect. The vein of satire which runs through it is sufficiently apparent without being at all obtrustive. The humor is of that sparkling and delicate sort that appeals at once to the intelligence and the sense of humor, giving sufficient exercise to the one to render all the more piquant he enjoyment which it yields the other. It is pure high comedy, with none of the art, looking, acting, and dressing it to perfection. (appears to be, of all the characters in which hea has ever appeared here, the one best calcuted to bring out that charming finesse and conmande skill which invariably mark her acting. The plane was abmirably cast. Altogether, "The Widow" was a brilliant success.

The dresses of the iadies, and those of Mile. Rhea apparticular, were decidedly the finest ever seen unbe Toronto stage. Rhea's last act costume, the amous queen of Hoiland dress, might very appronately be called a dream of beauty.

A national dispenser of happiness is a 25 on bottle of Dr. Pull's Cereb Sewer.

A national dispenser of happiness is a 25 ent bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Cherry Malt acts on the stomach and liver, acressing the appetite. assisting digestion, hereby making it applicable for dyspepsia in a various forms, loss of appetite, headache, asomnia, general debility, want of vitality, eryous prestrations. ervous prostration, etc., etc. For sale by ankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga.

Stamps for sale at Constituon. Business office open all

FAIRLY CRITICISED.

ARAILWAY MAN'S VIEWS ABOUT INTERSTATE COMMERCE

What Mr. Charles Owens Says on the Subject-He Does Not Approve of Kicking Against the Act Valuable Opinion of Albert Fink-His Construction of the Act, Sto., Etc.

Mr. Charles Owens, the general tariff manager of the Plant system, with his headquarters at Savannah, has been in Atlanta several days. He came here to confer with the members of the Southern passenger and freight rate committee regarding the revision of rates which must be made so as to conform them with the requirement of the interstate com-

merce act, recently passed by congress.

Mr. Owens is confessedly one of the most sagacious and one of the best equipped railway officials in the south. In the tariff and rate department of the railway service he has few

equals and no superiors.

Yesterday afternoon a reporter of THE CON-STITUTION called upon Mr. Owens to ascertain his views touching the interstate commerce bill, which has been the principal subject of discussion among the members of the rate committee. Mr. Owens was found, with a copy of yesterday's Constitution in his hand and a fragrant cigar in his mouth.

"I am really glad you have come," cordially remarked the railway magnate, as the reporter made known the object of his visit, "I am glad because I wish to say something regarding an ditorial article which appeared an editorial article which appeared in this morning's Constitution. It is headed, 'Trouble for Travelers,' and is based upon an interview with an assistant general "Well, what about it?"
"I dissent from the views of that agent and

concur with the closing paragraph of the ar-

concur with the closing paragraph of the article, which says:

"We do not take much stock in this talk. The raincads know better than to fool with the great American republic. Our people want cheap and quick transit, and they are going to have it. If anything stands in the way, it will be brushed aside like a cobweb."

"What is your opinion of the interstate commerce bill, anyhow?" the reporter asked.

"The interstate commerce bill, I desire to see the public right as to the attitude of the roads in the south, so far as a full and free interchange of opinion amongst the representative men in attendance at this meeting is concernmen in attendance at this meeting is concerned, and I believe they express the views of the great trunk lines of the north and northwest. They fally recognize the fact that the bill in question is the law of the land, and it is their duty to yield obedience to it. They have appreached the matter of making rates under its provisions with a sincere desire to satisfy the mercantile communities whose prosperity is so largely identical with their own. Whatever effects the one must of necessity react upon the other. At the outset of their deliberations they were confronted by article 4 of the bill. This portion of it has been the fruitful source of trouble not only to its friends in advocating its passage but still more to the transportation lines who are endeavoring to arrive at a satisfactory interpretation of it that would enable them to frame their tariff in accordance with its provisions. The phraseology of article 4 is capable of so many conflicting interpretations that none of the companies are willing to frame a new set of tariffs until all the questions now in doubt are tariffs until all the questions now in doubt are finally set at rest. The letter of Mr. Fink goes a long way toward shedding light from a logi-cal and practical standpoint, but at best it is but an expression of opinion, and it is appar-ent that no progress can be made until after ent that no progress can be made until after the president appoints the commission and an opportunity has been afforded the railways to have the law officially interpreted. The present meeting will adjourn to meet in Wash-ington on March 2d. If, at that time, the com-missioners be appointed, the railways will in-vite them to attend this meeting and aid them in revising the present rates." in revising the present rates." "Are there any good features about the

bill?"
"A great many of the features about the bill meet the hearty approval of the roads. We want all rates to be just and reasonable.' We want to stop the indiscriminate issue of free passes.' We wish to forever stop the 'system of rebates.' We are opposed to giving preferences to individuals or places. We believe in giving fall 'publicity to our tariff rates.' We do not believe, however, in the wisdom of abolishing pools, and feel certain that in the near future, the system of pooling will be legalized and form a part of the present law. Our greatest objection to the bill in its present shape is the possibility of a judicial interpretation that possibility of a judicial interpretation that would force a number of lines to withdraw from the through business. This applies to the long and short haul clause. Mr. Fink in his very able letter says, in speaking of the law: "Where that is ambiguous to solve the doubt by keeping in mind the object for which the law was passed, this object is clearly ex-pressive in sections 1, 2 and 3; there can be no pressive in sections 1, 2 and 3; there can be no misunderstanding about it, viz.: The transportation charges of the railroads shall be reasonable and just." The trouble comes in right there. We think our through rates as at present in force are "just and reasonable," and when we try to alter them or rearrange them we find ourselves in a sea of trouble; dozens of experimental rate sheets have been figured upon and through saider some "nely "nely "firely "saider some "firely "saider". experimental rate sheets have been figured upon and thrown aside; some "ugly, contrary river" crops up and says, so far shall you go and no further. We were here first. If you undertake to get your rates in line by advancing we have our boats that will be glad to come back to us. If we try to alter the present basis to interior points it will result in an advance. They we will have the presents in the tile. Then we will have the merchants in battle array, and it can be laid down as an axiom that a business community desires rates that will enable them not only to control the business of their own territory but that of their neighbors. Atlanta wants a basis that will permit her to sell her goods to all points in this and adjoining states."
"What about the long and short hauls?

"What about the long and short haurs"
"The literal and exact enforcement of the
long and short haul clause, and withdrawing
the discretionary power vested in "special
cases" with the commissioners, would seriously
affect the business interests of interior cities. affect the business interests of interior cities. It would destroy the competing power of roads and force them to withdraw from through business, and so far as they possibly could live on their local business alone; and yet it is in the power of the commissioners to so construct the act. local business alone; and yet it is in the power of the commissioners to so construe the act; bear in mind, the exception to the general principle may be granted in "special cases." Every through rate made by a long line in competition as against a railroad or water line would require the special approval of the commission. I learn on good authority, that the trunk lines west of Pittsburg have at this time a force of over 200 clerks revising their through rate sheets. You can form some idea of the magnitude of the job that the commissioners will undertake, if they are asked to make special exemptions on the vast multitude make special exemptions on the vast multitud of rates that will be submitted to them for ac-

'You speak about Mr. Fink's letter. What letter is this? Can I see it?"
"It is a letter written a few days since by Mr.
Albert Fink, a very able railroad man, to the
members of the rate committee, which is now siting in Atlanta. The letter is a valuable one. It has not yet appeared in any newspaper, and I should like for THE CONSTITUTION to print

The reporter was shown the letter and permitted to make extracts from it. Here is what Mr. Fink says about the fourth section of the act, which seems to be the bone of contention

act, which seems to be the bone of contention among the railway men. Mr. Fink quotes the section, which is:

That it shall be unlawful for any common carrier subject to the provisions of this act to charge or receive any greater compensation in the a gregate for the transportation of passengers, or of like kind of property, for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line, in the same direction, the shorter being included within the longer distance. He then proceeds to interpret it, as follows:

"There could be no misconstruction put upon this part of the section, as it is an absolute prohibition of charging more for a shorter than for a longer distance, but by introducing the clausei under substantially similar circumstances and conditions, this prohibition is qualified, and it may be lawful under dissimilar circumstances and diesimilar conditions to charge more for a shorter than for a

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longer distance. The law does not specify what circumstances and conditions would justify a greater charge for a shorter than for a longer haul, and we must, therefore, inquire what are different circumstances and conditions referred to which justify an exception to the general rule.

The circumstances and conditions must necessarily be such as to legitimately influence the relative charges for long and short hauls. The law cannot mean any other circumstances and conditions on the weather, whether it rains or snows, or whether it is hot or cold, but it must refer to the conditions and circumstances which, from the very mature of the case control transportation charges, and the principal elements that control transportation charges are the cost of the services and competition, using the word "competition" in its widest sense—competition with water routes, competition with rail routes, competition between markets, etc. These are the main factors regulating transportation charges and have done so as all times in this and other countries. It must, therefore, be these conditions and circumstances to which reference is had in this clause.

If it can be shown, for example, that it costs a railroad more to carry freight for fifty miles over its road than it costs to carry the same kind and quantity of freight one hundred miles, this clause would be an authorization for charging more for the fifty mile service; or, if it can be shown that the rate to the end of the one hundred miles ervice; or, if it can be shown that the rate to the end of the one hundred miles service in the road, the railroad company would be justified in making lower rate to the station fifty miles distant; provided, however, that the rate to the fifty mile service, while those who live in the road, the railroad company would be, but not higher than the cost of railroad corperation and a reasonable interest on the cost of the road, the road, the railroad demination exists in the nature of things—it is not upjust; it is not the result of the arbitrar it is not unjust; it is not the result of the arbitrary action of the railroad transportation companies, who are compelled to regulate their charges in accordance with the circumstances and conditions of the situation as they find them. The railroad company would prefer not to make the lower charge for the long haul, but to assess the people along the line of the road ratably, according to the dislance which freight is carried; but this is rendered impossible by the very nature of the case when railroads compete with water routes, because of the cheaner cost of transportation by water than by cheaper cost of transportation by water than by

In all cases, therefore, where the cost of the service and legitimate competition justify a higher charge for a shorter haul than for a longer, section four does not prohibit it; but the charge for the short haul must, of course, come within the restric-tion laid down in section 1, viz: it must be reason-

short haul must, of course, come within the restriction leid down in section 1, viz: it must be reasonable and just.

Assuming that this interpretation of the first clause of section 4, down to the proviso, is correct, the question will be asked, what meaning is to be attached to the proviso, which reads:

"Provided, however, That upon application to the con mission appointed under the provision of this act, such common carrier may, in special cases, after investigation by the commission, be attached to the precedence of the transportation of passengers or property, and the commission may, from time to time, prescribe the extent to which such designated common carrier may be relieved from the operation of this section of this act."

In order to properly interpret the meaning of the proviso, which does not seem quite in harmony with the first part of the fourth section, it is necessary to bear in mind that the original bill, as reported by the senate committee to the senate, did not contain in the first part of the fourth section, it is necessary to bear in mind that the original bill, as reported by the senate committee to the senate, did not contain in the first part of the fourth section, it is necessary to bear in mind that the original bill, as reported by the senate committee to the senate, did not contain in the first part of the fourth section the qualifying clause "under substantially similar circumstances and conditions." It made the prohibition of charging more for a short haul than for a long haul absolute; but it is obvious that the enforcement of such a rule would result in great injury to the commerce of the country. Discretion was, therefore, given to the commission in the proviso to suspend its operation; but it is evident that after the qualifying clause, "under substantially similar circumsiances and conditions," had been inserted by the senate in section 4, there was no longer any necessity for the proviso, as no further exemption is senate in section 4, there was no longer any neces-sity for the proviso, as no further exemption is needed from the operation of the first part of the section as amended by the senate. Bearing this in mind, and reading the proviso in connection with the first part of the section, it can only mean that in cases where the circumstances and conditions are similar the commission may relieve the earriers from the operation of the rule, when application for such relief is made. Should no such applica-tion be made, the commission have no cause for action to made, the commission have no cause for action under the proviso."

After copying the above extracts from Mr. Fink's letters the reporter was about to resume his interview with Mr. Owens, when a servant came to announce that his train for Savannah was about to start. Thereupon Mr. Owens made a hasty departure, bidding the re-porter a flying "good-bye."

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The following parties are purchasers of the Hunnicutt avenue houses from the Balti more Syndicate: Dr. C. T. Brockett, J. O. Scannell, J. M. Goldsmith, A. P. Tripod, Rev. J. G. Armstrong, I. W. Avery, I. C. Bandman, R. S. Rust, J. J. Gidiere, W. B. Crosby and Elgin Lochrane. There are but two of these elegant houses left. will secure one.

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J. C Hendrix & Co.'s Real Estate Column

WE HAVE A CHOICE TEN-ACRE BLOCK ON Jackson street, near Ponce de Leon avenue; also, ten acres on Boulevard, near Ponce de Leon. Ten-acre block on Peachtree, on street car line. Ten acres near West End, beautiful grove, an elegant spring.

Fourteen acres near West End and Atlanta Street Car line, half inside city limits. Ten aeres, Edgewood, beautiful grove, lays almost Eight acres on East Tennessee, Virginia and Geor-gia railroad, near corporation line.

Eight acres on Belt Railroad, near W. & A. R. R. Six acres in West End, on Central Railroad, Nine acres on Boulevard, near two street car lines. One hundred and twenty acres, McDonough road, only four miles from car shed. Must be soid.

Five acres, Kirkwood, beautiful grove and nice cottage, close to railroad. Choice West Peachtree lot, near junction. Lot 100x200 feet on Boulevard, Lot 100x185 feet on Boulevard and Rice. Eight lots 100x300, Boulevard and Jackson. Three acres on Boulevard and Todd road. Two acres near Ponce de Leon avenue.

Twelve-room, elegantly finished house, with all modern conveniences, centrally located. Twelve-room, gem, on large lot, Kimball street. Nine-room, West Peachtree house.

Kine-room, McDonough street.
Four acres near Whitehall street.
Vacant lots in all parts of the city.
Houses and lots of every description.
Call at our office. No trouble to show property
or give information. Our Rent Department is well organized. Mr. Adkins does nothing but collect rent and look after

rent property.

Any of the foregoing described blocks are susceptible of subdivision, and will make the purchaser money at the prices which we are proposing to sell them at. J. C. HENDRIX & CO., 31 South Broad Street.

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in the state.

We find ourselves crowded for room and with a much larger stock on our hands than we deem prudent at this season of the year. The fact is WE ARE OVERSTOCKED! and we must reduce the surplus in short order. To accomplish this, and a the same time demonstrate how astonishingly cheap first-class goods can be sold when bough from the European manufacturers in large quantities, we offer from this date until January I, subject to stock on hand, at date of receiving the order, the following special prices. Note:

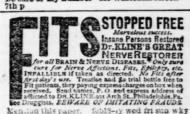
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Fine White Chins Dinner 8 125 New Old Price. Price Price Pine White China Dinner f.ets,100 \$29 95 \$40 00

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118 WHITEHALL ST., TELEPHONE 451. Currants
3 pounds any kind of jelly...
Oatmeal (Schumacher's) fresh, per pound...
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\$750 FOR IVY STREET LOT, 22X100 FEET, between Baker and Harris sts. \$475 for new 2r painted, plastered, weatherboarded house, front and back verandahs, hall, blinds; renting for \$6.

\$650 cash for central property, half block from car line; renting for \$7 per month. \$945 for central new 3 r cottage, corner lot, renting \$1200 for central property renting for \$20 monthly.

\$1000 payable \$250 cash, and \$25 per month for new 3 r cottage on lot 50x130 ft, in good neighbor-hood; renting for \$9, one block from Decatur st. North Atlanta property, first class in all respects.

Improved and vacant W. Peachtree property.

\$4250 for an 8 r W. Baker st residence, and a 5 r cottage and a choice vacant corner lot, all on W.

Baker st. just two blocks from the Hill statue.

\$2250 for a very choice Merritt's ave lot. \$3500 for a neat 5 r Merritt's ave cottage on fine lot, with side and rear alley, \$800 cash, balance at rate of \$600 a year, with 8 per cent interest, Will exchange for central renting property.

\$7500 for new, neat, well finished 8 r W. Peachtree home on fine lot. \$4000 for 5 central south side lots this side Richard.

\$5000, payable \$1,000 cash and \$1,000 a year for a new 2 story 10-room framed Spring [street central residence; water, gas, lot 50x200 feet, with rear

2 story Jo-room tramed spring street central residence; water, gas, lot 50x200 feet, with rear alley.

\$450 for neat new 2-room cottage, painted, plastered, weatherboarded, front and back verandas, hall, renting at \$6 per mouth in advance.

\$750 for beautiful Boulevard lot, near Wheat street, east front, 54x155 feet.

20 acres at West End, on car line, good residence on it. Price \$10,000.

\$4600 for the prettiest 36 acre tract near Atlanta. It is only ½ mile from Grant Park, lies level and is surrounded by good public roads. One-half sodded in lclover and ordnard grass, half in lovely oak groves, good peach and apple orchard, fine spring. One of the best neighborhoods around the city. Terms liberal.

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\$600 for 100 feet front on Marietta street, this side of the cotton factory. Very desirable and price is low; terms liberal; or will sell 50 feet front for \$4,000.

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57500 for \$4,000.

\$7500 for a choice Washington street home- 10 rooms, water, gas, new, modern, fine lot, on car line; very easy payments.

\$7500 for 75 acres on the McDonough road, opposite the Regers and Lickey places, 3r cottage, and a very choice farm.

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church.

2000 for a 5 r cottage on Courtland avenue, near
Houston street.

2000 for a 5 r on Courtland ave, near Elliot st.

2750 for an Ivy st. lot 22x 100 ft, betweenH arris and
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8500 for a complete 8 r W. Harris st residence, with
water, gas, large lot 100x200 ft, stable, shade
and fruits. Excellent neighborhood near Peachtree street.

water, gas, large lot 100x200 ft, stable, shade and fruits. Excellent neighborhood near Peachstree street.

\$50 for a central, new painted, plastered, weather-boared, 3 r cottage with front veranda, blinds, renting to permanent white tenants, one block from Decaturs t, car line. Terms one-half cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

\$1000 for a new, well built, neatly finished, 4 r cottage in a good neighborhood, 1 block from Marietta st car line; \$50 cash, and \$25 a month, with 8 per cent interest.

\$1100 for a neat, new 5 r cottage, corner lot, 1 bloc from Marietta st. car line; good neighborhood. Terms \$100 cash and \$25 a month, with 8 per cent interest.

\$000 for a cosy 6 r Crew st cottage on a large lot 50x200 ft, with wide rear alley, paved street and sidewalk. No better neighborhood.

\$10000 for 14 scres on Capitol avenue, just outside the city limits: good new 6 r dwelling, largo barn and stables and complete dairy outift, very fine fluits in great variety, excellent vine-yard, 6 tenement houses, running water, rich land; an investment that will continually enhance in value. \$500 for a choice Pulliam st. lot 50x140, with 10 ft. alley, one block from car line; level and choice. Liberal payments.

alley, one block from car line; level and enoice.

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1000 for 10 acres perfectly level, all cleared; plain comfortable frame dwelling and outhouses; good community, 3/2 mile from Kirkwood station and General Gordon's home, near the famous Wade Jersey farm.

5000 for a corner store on Whitehall, now renting for \$3,00.

30000 for a Whitehall store running through to Broad tt; renting to good persanent tenant, and between Alabama and Hunter sta.

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W. EASBY SMITH, Corporal, Signal Corps, U. S. Army. Note.—Barometer reduced to sea level and stand-rd gravity. The dash (-) indicates precipitation



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PEABODY ANNIVERSARY.

Appropriate Ceremonies to be Held in Nashville -- School Commissioner Orr's Letter. It is purposed by the State Normal college at Nashville, Tenn., to notice today with appro priate ceremonies the twentieth anniversury of the first expression by Mr. George Peabody of his kindly intentions toward the south. Mr. Peabody's benefactions to the cause of educa tion in the south were large and numerous. He was the friend of the human race, and in his later years he devoted all his time to the lifting up and ducating the poor, whits and black alike. State School Commissioner Orr was invited to be present at the ceremonies, but on account of his official duties is unable to do so. The following letter, however, from the pen of Mr. Orr, showing what the Peabody trustees have done for Georgia, will be read: Sir: A careful examination of the records of this office shows that the donations to Georda since the year 1871 aggregate the arge sum of \$94,100. Under the wise policy recommended by Dr. Sears, the first general agent, the fund was applied in ail of public schools. Cities so situated as to furnish conspication examples of the advantages of well conducted public schools were chosen as the objects of his benefactions. In no case was enough given to sustain a system. The policy was to give simply enough to stimulate the sided communities to self-action; and as soon as the people were thus prepared to walk alone, the aid was withdrawn. Savannah, Atlanta, Augusts, Macon and Columbus first received and and soon had splendid systems of schools in operation. Other cities and towns of the state followed, and we now have fourteen local systems in successful operation, and three other communities have obtained the necessary legislation and will be added to the list in a few months. At every meeting of our legislature several towns ask for the legislation necessary to put local systems in operation, and the day is not far distant when there will be at least fifty systems of this sort in the state bestowing untold benefits upon as many communities. The results thus sketched are traceable largely to the stimulus given by the Peabody trustees.

The foregoing statement exhibits imperfectly the that the donations to G

he foregoing statement exhibits imperfectly the In the foregoing statement exhibits imperfectly the influence exerted upon our towns and cities by the work of the Peabody trustees. The effect upon our rural communities has not been so marked. The conditions necessary to a high degree of success in public school work are wanting in many such communities. They have very generally, however, felt to some extent the influence of success in the towns and cities. The most marked effect produced on such communities by the work of the trusties was through the agencies which they sustained for a time.

duced on such communities by the work of the trustices was through the agactics which they sastained for a time.

Other cities and towns had not been roused to action, and cureduntry public schools were not kept in operation long enough to entitle them to aid. I wrote to Lr. Sears, suggesting the application of the bulk of the funds in the future to the training of teachers. The policy was adopted, and the results have amply vindicated is wisdom. I know it has been a great thing for Georgia. One of our Georgia graduates has the henor of holding a place in your cops of instructors, and many others of them are now holding preminent and useful educational positions in Georgia and other southern states.

As a part of the new policy, institutes for the training of teachers have been sustained in most of the southern states. Temporary training schools of this kind have been conducted in Georgia for five years past. They have been manned by able instructors and have been kept in operation for a ferm of four weeks. From 200 to 400 teachers have shared in the been fits thus bestowed from year to year.

I have thus endeavored to give a brief sketch of the work done by the Peabody trustees in Georgia. The great man whose heart prompted and whose mind conceived this wonderful benefaction will not be forgotten by Georgians. Most respectfully and truly yours.

There are but four of the Spring street houses left belonging to the Baltimore Syndicate, the following parties having purchased the others: Mrs. S. Hanna, W. A. Wimbish, Jas. A. Gray, Mrs. F. A. McCandless, P. Cook, Jr., and Hon. W. H. Henderson. A small cash payment and a monthly installment of \$30.00 will secure one.

JACOB HAAS, Gate City Bank Building. Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whis-kies by the jug, keg or barrel, Also Cincinnati cor by the keg and bottles, WHAT IS NEW ERA BEER? P. J. KENNY ANKIOUSLY AWAITS

THE REPLY. Another Important Test Case in the City Court-The Rosser, Tom Glean and the Solicitor— The Judge's Charge Today, Etc.

It having been announced in yesterday's CONSTITUTION that the case of the state against P. J. Kenny, for violation of the prohibition law, would be tried, the city court was well filled with visitors when Judge Van Epps appeared promptly at 9 o'clock. In the crowd of spectators were noticed the faces of many well known prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists. The defendant was present with his counsel, Mr. Thomas Glenn and Mr. Rosser.

Solicitor Howell Glenn represented the state. Both sides indicated a willingness to go to trial, and the case was formally opened.

The prosecution introduced as its first witness Detective Aldridge, who, aided by Detective Reeves, obtained the evidence against the accused which caused a case to be made against him. Aldridge testified that he saw two young men go into the saloon kept by Kenny & Werner and heard them call for beer. Following them into the place he, too, called for the same drink. The young men got their dripk and the detective got his. What he drank was the same liquid that they drauk, and he was confident it was beer. Witness bought a bottle of the same and took it to

Mr. Thomas Glenn asked the witness a few questions, but did not succeed in shaking the testimony he gave on the direct examination. The state produced as its next witness Detective Reeves, whose statement was precisely Aldrich. He, too, was subjected to a rigid cross-examination, but he did not change his

Mr. M. Bowden was next placed upon the

stard. He said: "I am an undertaker, and my place of business is in the Markham house building, close to one of the winercoms of Kenny & Werner. I do not remember ever to have seen Mr. Kenny in the place. I have drank what is called "New Era Beer." It tasted like lager, but was not exactly the same thing. It did not appear to be so strong as lager beer. When I went to get a drink I asked for 'New Era' beer, and I thought I got it. I also have drunk 'agaric' in the same saloon; I den't know what 'agaric' is, but it affects one very much like whisky. It not only makes a man drunk, but it also gives him a headache. It seems to arouse in a man the worst passions of his nature, making him unfriendly toward the rest of the human family. Yes, I have drank both corn and rye whisky. Eve liquor makes you feel good and whisky. Rye liquor makes you feel good, and agaric' makes you feel bad; that's the difference between them. I can't remember if I drank anything else in the saloon or At this juncture, Mr. Thomas Glegariche.

ed of the court whether the state had right to go all over Atlanta with a drag-out nunting for witnesses, and Judge Van Epps promptly replied: "I think the state can introduce as nany witnesses as it desires to bring into

Mr. Glenn then raised the question that the indictment as worded restricted the prosecu-tion within certain well defined bounds; that the state was precluded from undertaking to prove that the defendant was guilty of illagally selling wine, and he would therefore op-pose the introduction of any such testimony. The solicitor replied in a brief argument to

show that the state was proceeding in a regular manner. He said that the indictment read, "spirituous, alcoholic, malt or intoxicating liquors," and in his opinion this clearly includes domestic wine.

"I contend, may it please the court," said Mr. Thomas Glenn, "that the sale of domestic wine is legal, under the prohibition law. This indictment specifies that Kenny was guilty of selling liquor. It says nothing about his sell ng wine."

Judge Van Epps did not deem it necessary

to immediately pronounce upon the point raised. No witness had yet testified that he bought wire from the defendant and drank it on his remises. "When such testimony is adduced will be proper for a decision to be made on

this point."
Mr. J. A. Akeridge was the next witness, and his testimony was brief and direct. He stated that he bought "sgarie" at Kenny & Werner's place and drank it, and that it made him drunk. Being crossquestioned the witness said he had drank other liquor before he drank the 'agaric,' and he could not swear that the 'agaric' alone intoxicated him. It might have been the mixture. One thing he did know, however, and that

whisky did.

Mr. Herman Werner, the defendant's partner, was the next witness. He stated that the accused, although his partner, had nothing whatever to do with the management of the

The selicitor asked the witness to state unequivocally whether or not any lager beer is kept for sale at Kenny & Werner's saloons.

The defendant's counsel quickly rose to in-terpese an objection to the question before the witness could make a reply. He based his ob-jection upon the fact that the witness had distinctly stated to the court that Mr. Kenny had nothing to do with the business, and that he (Werner) managed it. When the case against the present defendant was disposed of, the witness himself would be placed upon trial for a similar alleged offense, and the testimony which it was the solicitor's purpose to get out of him would tend to criminate. The law plainly says that no witness shall be compelled to inculpate himself. Even outside of law it is not just. He insisted that the question should be ruled out by the court.

be ruled out by the court.
"I have a perfect right to ask the question," said Solicitor Glein. "The witness may refuse to answer it if he wishes to do so. Besides, Mr. Werner will not be tried by this jury." Judge Van Epps said that the question would be ruled out till the evidence should show that Mr. Kenny had something to do with the bus-

Mr. Werner was allowed to step down and out and one of his clerks, Mr. Connally, who stays in his Markbam house saloon, was ex-amined. He stated that about twice or thrice a week Mr. Kenny came into the saloon. He had never seen him go behind the bar, and had never seen him do anything to show that he had aught to do with the management of the concern. He was hired by Mr. Werner and did not known the defendant in the transaction.

action.
On being cross examined the witness said that he sold in the saloon "agaric" and "new era beer," but he had never tasted it. He was informed that the beer was "new era," and verified that statement by smelling it. The solicitor then addressed the court as fol-

lows:

"I have shown that the defendant, Mr. Kenny, was in the saloon in question, and he had seen the beer drunk, therefore I ask that Mr. Werner again be placed upon the stand, so that I might ask him what kind of beer is kept forsale by Kenny & Werner. I wish to decide this question, and he is the one to prove it by."

Mr. Werner was again placed upon the stand, despite the objection offered by his counsel, Messrs. Glenn and Rosser. The court ruled, however, that the witness could decline to reply to the question if he so elected.

"I advise Mr. Werner, then," remarked Mr. Thomes Glenn, "not to answer the question

Thomas Glenn, "not to answer the question the solicitor is about to put to him." "What sort of beer is sold in your saloons?"

'Under the advice of my counsel," answered he witness, "I refuse to make a reply to that "Then you may come down, sir."

"Then you may come down, sir."

THE OTHER SIDE.

The defense opened by bringing forward a fellow salooukeeper, Mr. Philip Breitenbucher, who is himself the defendant in a case similar to the one under consideration. He stated, in answer to Mr. Rosser's inquiries, that he knew all about "new era beer." I said he, "I am the agent in this city for "new era beer." I sall it to Kenny & Werner. It is not an intoxicating drink."

"What does everybody else say about it? what do people ges think about 'new is approach to the common the common that it is a server to the common the common that it is a server to the common that it is not an intoxicating drink."

"What does everybody else say about it? It is not an intoxicating drink."

era beer'?" was asked by Mr. Thomas Glenn "I object to that question," said the solicitor The court held that the question was not

proper one.

The witness then proceeded to describe "new era bee." He stated that it would not produce intoxication; that it would turn into vinegar sooner than lager beer would. With regard to the stuff which was taken into Re order Anderson's court, and which had been called "new era beer," he could say nothing. It might have been genuine lager beer for all he knew, or it might have been "new era."

Several business men of the city testified that to their own knowledge the defendant had nothing to do with the management of Kenny & Werner's saloons. & Werner's saloons.

a Werner's saloons.

ADDRESSING THE JURY.

The testimony being all in, the court took a recess at 10 o'clock until 2 p. m., when it reassembled. The first argument for the defense was made by Mr. Rosser. It was able and searching. Mr. Thomas Glenn followed in a masterly presentation of his side of the case. His argument lasted nearly two hours. The solicitor then made the concluding argument. He spoke for nearly two hours with his accustomed power. He covered every point in the case. Beginning with the first witness he canvassed all the testimony and subjected it to a careful sifting as he went along. He quoted the law on the subject, and insisted that the jury could not fail to convict the defendant.

fail to convict the defendant.

Judge Van Epps deferred charging the jury until this morning at 9 o'clock, when the case will be concluded.

QUICK WORK EXECUTED. How Fire Chief Joyner Got in His Work.

The Atlanta fire department did some of the finest and quickest work yesterday ever accomplished by any fire department in the world, and Chief Joyner and his men are now the heroes of the city.

About 11 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm was rung in from box 13, located on Mitchell street, between Whitehall and Broad streets, and with its usual promptness the departmen turned out and at a swinging pace made for the fire. Chief Joyner, of course, led the way, and finding the fire located in a two-story brick building, No. 6 West Mitchell street, soon brought the engines and reels to a halt.

The building adjoins the store of Captain W.
H. Brotherton, and is used on the ground floor as an auction house, while the second floor is occupied by a family. The fire had originated occupied by a family. The fire had originated in the auction house, and was still confined to that portion of the building when the department reached the scene. Heavy black clouds of snoke were flooding the doorways and filling the streets when the firemen began work. The interior of the building was so packed with smoke that it was almost impossible for the firemen to enter the building. The fire promised to heave. ter the building. The fire promised to be a most disastrous one, and realizing that prompt and energetic work was the only thing that could prevent it. Chief Joyner gave his or-ders quick and fast. Steamers No. 1 and 2, with the hook and ladder truck, were upon the scene and streams were furnished by ooth

the scene and streams were furnished by both companies. Immediately after the water was first thrown on there was no advantage shown, but in a few seconds the abundance of water began to force the smoke out, and then the large crowd realized that Chief Joyner and his men had added another bead to their string.

Just as the fremps began to gain control. Just as the firemen began to gain control, but long before the fire was absolutely under centrol, an alarm was sent in from box 16, located at the junction of Peachtree and Iv. streets, fully a mile away. Those who heard the alarm saw heavy clouds of smoke, rising towards the skies, near the brewery building and in a few seconds it was currently ra-mored that the brewery was on fire. Chief Joyner did not lose heart when the second alarm came in, but quickly ordered the hook and ladder and No. 3 steamer to start for bex 16. He then surrendered the Mitchell street fire to No. 1 and, springing into his fire wagon, started for the second burning district He was not long in reaching the fire. It was on Baker street and was working upon three cottages belonging to Mr. John Ryan. At this fire he found engine No. 3, from Marietta street, which did not respond to the first call, and with the two began work and soon was again master of the situation.

Eoth fires were bad ones. The one on Mitch-

ell street would have been most disistrous, but for the hard work of the firemen. The auction house of which Mr. G. H. Pratt is the proprietor, was well stocked with goods under consignment and belonging to himself, and his loss is, according to his statement, \$2,300. The fire originated from a stove. In one side of the storeroom was a large stove, and all about the floor was packed furniture. Just before the fire began a countryman took a seat by the stove, and, placing his feet upon it, turned it over. Mrs. Pratt was alone in the store and soon after the countrymen left she smelt burning goods. In a second she descovered the cause and gave the alarm. She then reentered the store to try to save something but the room was so full of smoke that she came near being suffocated and would in all probability done so had not Patrolman Phillips res rued her. Mr. Pratt carried an insurance of \$300. The building was damaged probably to the extent of \$150.

The fire on Baker street was more disastrous. A cottage occupied by Mary Berry caught fire, and in a short time a second and third were on fire. Before the department could arrive one of the buildings had been more than half destroyed, but timely work saved the other two.
The people occupying them lost considerably. Mr. Ryan had an insurance on each of his

Supreme Court of Georgia.

ATLANTA, February 17. Order of circuits, with the number of

naining undisposed of: HEEL OF DOCKET BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.

8. Argument concluded.

7. Hirsch vs. Fleming et al. Certiorari, from Glynn. Argued. Ste vart Johnson: Ira E. Smith, for plaintiff in error. Cravatt & Whitfield, by J. H. Lumpkin, for defendant.

9. Corbett vs. McDaniel, gov'r, ex rel., Cornelius. Quo warranto, from Clinch. Argued. J. P. Mattox; G. J. Holton & Son; Lester & Ravenel, for plaintiff in error. J. L. Sweat; S. W. Hitch, for desendant.

10. Crabtree et al. vs. Gibson. ord'y, et al. Refusal of injunction, from Charlton. Argued. Frank H. Harris, for plaintiffs in error. John C. Nicholls, for defendants.

11. Smith, Sr., et al. vs. Griffis. Dismissed.

ATLANTA CIRCUIT. No. 1. Pledger vs. State. Libel, from City Court of Atlanta. W. F. Wright; Jas. O'Neill, for plain-tiff in error. H. C. Glenn, sol. city court, for the state. the state.

Pending reading of abstract, the court adjourned to o'clock this morning.

Card from Ordinary Calhoun.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Your article in re x collectors and receivers' bonds as to Fulto county is incorrect. The bonds of these officers are approved by the county commissioners and not by the ordinary. The ordinary only administers the cath of office. The bonds, also, after being approved have to be recorded by the clerk of the board of county commissioners, and, of course, remain in his office for that purpose. The tax collector's bond was after being approved and recorded turned over to me, and by me delivered to Colonel Harrison, of the executive department, within the time prescribed by law. I also called for the bond of Mr. Harris, the receiver, within the time prescribed by law; but Mr. Cooper, the clerk of the board of commissioners, was in chicago, and his deputy could not find it. Hence I could not return it. but notified Colonel Harrison at the executive office of the fact, and, also, that I knew that the commissioners had approved it.

W. L. Calhoon, Ordinary. nty is incorrect. The bonds of these

Peculiar in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom,

THE GREAT PORKPACKER

MR. PHILIP D. ARMOUR AND PARTY VISIT ATLANTA

Informal Reception Tendered Them at the Cham ber of Commerce in the Morning - How the Dis-tinguished Visitors Spent tile Afternoon— Surprised at Atlanta's Growth, Etc.

The wealthiest party of ladies and gentlemen that, perhaps, ever visited Atlanta arrived in the city early yesterday morning from Birmingham in a private car, on a pleasure tour The party is composed of Mr. and Mrs. Philip D. Armour, of Chicago, and Miss Julia Armour and Miss May Armour, of New York, nieces of Mr. Philip D. Armour; Mr. and Mrs. A. W.

Plankington, of Milwaukee; Mrs. E. D. Chapin, of Chicago; Mrs. Alice Sloan, of Chicago. The Armours are known all over the world in connection with their extensive beef and

Armour, of Kansas City; Mr. and Mrs. John

pork packing establishments in Chicago and Kaneas City. Mr. Plankington is a partner of the firm of Philip D. Armour & Co.

Upon their arrival in the city the distinguished visitors repaired to the Kimball house, where they breakfasted. The members of the party seemed but slightly fatigued after their long journey.

long journey.

An impromptu reception was tendered the party at the chamber of commerce by the citizens and business men of Atlanta at 11 o'clock. zens and business men of Atlanta at 11 o'clock.
Mr. Aaron Haas acted as master of
ceremonies. Among those present to
greet the distinguished party were the
following: Aaron Haas, R. J. Lowry, Evan P.
Howell, Colonel John N. Dann, Lod. J. Hill,
A. C. Wyly, Governor R. B. Bullock, Captain
J W. English, T. J. Hightower, Paul Romare,
S. M. Inman, W. P. Inman, T. D. Meador W. L.
Peel, J. F. Simons, G. C. Drummond, C. E.
Caverly, J. J. Barnes, J. P. Jones, J. L. Greene,
Wm. Minnigerode, Ollie C. Fuller, Colonel G.
W. Adair, Dr. J. W. Rankin, H. W. Gra'ly,
H. I Kimball, J. C. Kimball, Governor J. B.
Gordon, W. J. Garrett and others.

H.1 Kimball, J.C. Kimball, Governor J. B. Gordon, W. J. Garrett and others.

At 12 o'clock the visitors were taken in charge by a committee consisting of Massrs. G. W. Adair, R. J. Lowry, J. N. Dunn and Aaron Hass. The committee escorted them to carriages in waiting, and then about two hours were devoted to sight-seeing which, embraced were devoted to sight-seeing, which embraced Peachtree, Washington street and Capitol avenue. The visitors expressed themselves in great admiration at what they saw, and highly I raised the citizens of Atlanta for their pluck and energy and progressive spirit. At 2 o'clock the party returned to the Kimball, where they dined, after which a visit was made to the cotton seed oil mill on Decatur street and the cotton compress. The party left last night at 6 o'clock via the Central railroad for Jacksonville, Fla.

ON A PLEASURE TRIP. A CONSTITUTION reporter met Mr. Philip D. Armour yesterday afternoon at the Kimball.

In answer to the reporter's question as to the object of his visit, Mr. Armour said:
"Well, sir, Mr. Plankinton, who is my partner, and myself have been in active business life for so long a time we decided to take a little recreation."
"Do you intend establishing a branch pack-

ing house in Atlanta?" asked the reporter. "No, sir. My visit to Atlanta has no significance whatever. Our party is simply pleasure trip."
"What do you think of Atlanta?

"I am greatly surprised at the remarkable advancement of your city." This is my first visit here, and I had no idea that Atlanta was such a live place. I have had business dealings with the merchants of Atlanta for a number of years past, but I never dreamed that the ber of years past, but I never dreamed that the preminence. As you are aware, no doubt, my line is principally canned meats, and I was not able to judge of the amount of business done here in other branches."

"What are your predictions as to the future of the city?"
"Well, if the merchants and citizen Atlanta pursue the course they have for the past fifteen years, it will not be long before jour city will be in the front, as she is today second to none of a number of cities twice her

opplation Where do you stop next?" "We will go direct from here to Jacksonville,

"Are you limited as to time?" "No. Our trip may consume one month, six months, or a year. It is our intention to 'do' the whole south and southwestern sections theroughly, and travel at our leisure. Of course if our business affairs require our presence the

PERSONAL.

JUDGE NEWMAN is getting well, MR. H. I. KIMBALL left the city yesterday THE Hon. Rufus Lester, mayor of Savannah

ent yesterday in the city MR. CHARLES C. MARION, of Wilmington THE Rev. J. L. Girardeau, of Columbia, S. C., Atlanta yesterday morning for home.

JUDGE BUTT, who has been sick for some

ime, was well enough yesterday to be out in the COLONEL DAVIES, of Jacksonville, Fix., a reminent railway official, spent yesterday in At-

COLONEL THOMAS P. STOVALL, of Augusta, was in the city yesterday. He has just returned from a visit to Birmingham.

ME DAVE CARDWELL, of Columbia, S. C., is registered at the Kimball house. He is one of the rising young railway men of the south. THE Rev. George Summey, of Chest.r, S. C., who hasbeen in the city several days, started for home yesterday morning. He declares that Atlanta is one of the most attractive cities he has ever visited.

home yesterday morning. He declares that Atlanta is one of the most attractive cities he has ever visited.

At the Kimball: Samuel Croyell and wife, New York: Henry Potts, Chattanooga: E H Ellis, Green Bay, Wis: J C Carpenter, Va: R Y Ryan, Cancinnati: J S Cliff, Chattanooga: Geo W Dobson, Louisville; J F Aldworth, Augusta; W W Davies, Fla: A Velcois, New York: M A Franklin, Miss: R Copes, Orangeburg: A B Wilmer, St. Louis; S W Bradstreet, Rochester: J F Kuhn, Evansville; R B Reppard, Savannah; Ed Neil, Cincinnati; H Heller, New York: D D Ellis, Aimsberry, Mass: R E Seston, Savannah; S S Pegram, Muuroe; Mr and Mrs Piankenston, Milwaukle: Mr and Mrs A W Armour, Kansas City; Mrs E D Chapin, Miss Alice Ploan, Chieago; Misses Julia and May Armour, N; Wr and Mrs Phillip D Armour, Chicago; Walter M Dean, W H Robertson, N; W m Basmour, Baltimore; Ed C Tinsley, Chaltanooga; Wm Perkins, Rechester; E M Burockéa, Baltimore; Geo T Miller Fall River, Mass: F M Moyber, Danville; H H Tayler, Athens, Ga: J B Albert, Baltimore; T Griffich, N Y; J G Cloyd, Decatur, Ill: Geo P McTeer, Balti; W H Hudson, Alabama: Jas T Pettus and wife. Miss Howe, Boston: Hugh Blackburn, Luisville; E P McQueen, Louden, Tenn; W V Benderson, S A McGell, Miss Henderson, Knoxville, Tenn; M S F Woodruff, Columbus, W F Rorvis, Cleveland, S F Woodruff, Columbus, W E Newej, Cincinnati; John Porter, Eldon, Ind; T D Smith, Forsyth; Gao W Berden, Louisville, Ky; Jno A Denorille, Nashelied, F W Forsyth, Miss Emma Forsyth, Ohio; T P Hray, Georgia: J O Printup, H S Pintup, Rome, Ga: J G Thurmond, Streve port, Louisiana; V Morris, Cleveland, S F Woodruff, Columbus, W E Newej, Cincinnati; John Porter, Eldon, Ind; T D Smith, Forsyth; Gao W Berden, Louisville, Ky; Jno A Denorille, Nashelied, F W Henry, Chainana, Chanbus, Ohio; C D Henley, Ga: Z Peage, Tennessee; W J Wallace, N Y; W Smithdeal, N C; Geo Ballentine, Cincinnati; F S Woodridge, N Y; J S Hories Ch. Charleston; W T Bohaman, Lynchburg, Va; J F Stony, Tullahoma, Tenn: E D Halman, N Y; W A Loody, Mecon; Chas

The sprest and purest liniment in the market Salvation Oil. It kills pain. Price 25 cents. REVISED MAP

Of the City of Atlanta,

With sketches of the history of Atlanta, its growth in Population and Property; its Churches and Schools; City Government: Police and Fire Deputments. Also, brief notices of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce: Atlanta Manufacturers' Association; School of Technology; Y. M. C. Association; Young Men's Library; The New State Capitol; Poters Park; The L. P. Grant Park; The Artesian Well, etc. For sale by John M. Miller, No. 31 Marietta street. and at all the book stores and news stands in the City. Price 25 cents.

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you need, if you will get our prices on Bed-room, Parlor, Dining room and all other grades of Furniture Call and get our prices

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On and after this date passenger trains will run daily unless marked †, which are daily except 35 a m 32.50 pm 300 am 200 bm 36.55 pm 46.15 pm 46.15 pm 63.5 am 36.40 pm 63.5 am 36.40 pm 76.5 am 36.40 pm * 4 45 1 1 6 15 a m L ave Barnesville. Leave Montgomery.. Leave Eufaula Leave Albany...... Leave Millen.....

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Manna Savannah and Manna Savannah. chees for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union Depot office, Atlanta G. A. WHITKHRAD. Gan Pa

A. P. TRIPOD, Joseph Thompson,

45 DECATUR STREET, ATLANTA - GEORGIA.

HIGH GRADE Lubricating Oils and Greases

SPECIALTIES. "Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardeline," "Eu-

reka Engine," "Extra Machine," "Gate City Grease."

P est Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard Cas or, Parafine, etc. Orders Solicited and Qual-

ity Guaranteed. KENNY & JONES

13 Whitehall Street,

Are now receiving and offering for sale the nices

SPRING GOODS

-KENNY & JONES, 31Whiteh al 1 Street .-

Worth Your Attention Headquarters for all grades of corn, oats, bran hay, peas, pea meal, corn meal, germ meal and especially rust proof and winter grazing oats for seed, is certainly at Morgan & Matthews, 27 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. Their facilities for supplying the wants of their customers, are unsurpassed and their prices surprisingly low. Telephone 274. im;

Just Arrived and for Sale Fixty head of fine horses and mares, three to six years old. The best brought to this market. Cal at Champers & Co.'s stables.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Art Goods, at cost. D. N. Freeman & Co., corner Whitehall and Alabama Sts. Jack J. Spalding, Receiver.

Measles at the Asylum.

Measles at the Asylum.

From the Milledgeville, Ga, Chronice.

The prevalence of measles at the assylum has caused a temporary suspension of the weekly dances and literary and dramatic entertainments that have heretofore been such sources of pleasure to not only the inmates, but to many outside visitors also. Measles has raged there as an epidemic among the patienets and employes for some weeks past, but it is fortunately now upon the decline. It has not been of a malignant type, and not a patient in the asylum has died from it.

LATE OF COX. HILL & THOMPSON,

Wholesale Liquors kit ATLANTA OFFICE, 28 DECATUR ST., AND HILL ST., GRIFFIN, GA.

HAVE STOCK

BAKER RYE, GIBSON, ACME, MONONGAHELA, PICKWICK CLUS

Other brands of Rye Whisky. McBrayer, Spide Hill, and other brands of Pure BOURBON. Imported Wines, Bondins, Gins, Rums and other spirituous liquors.

Baker Ale and Porter, Schlitz's and ATLANA
BEER a specialty.

The finest brands of champagne always in stock.

Haveing made arrangement with Chamblee's distillery, Cherokee county, will always have supply of pure country corn whisky, at two dollars resulted.

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Write direct to me at Griffin, or call at 22 Dectur street for blank orders. All orders will be promptly filled same day. WILLIAM RAVENEL, President.

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COMPANY. CHARLESTON, & C.

ESTABLISHED 1876 HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

SOLUBLE GUANO (highly ammoniated) DISSOLVED BONE. ACID PHOSPHATE. ASH ELEMENT.

FLOATS. CE GERMAN KAINIT. HIGH GRADE RICE FERTILIZES

COTTON SEED MEAL. COTTON SEED HULL ASHER Office, No. 12 Broad Street.

All orders promptly filled.

R. M. MEANS, THE



OL. XVIII.

ARLISLE'S

THE TREASU

that no tender

ould accept t SPEAKER O one man has

MR. CLEVEI official relati tration of the s ild make him a m gh sympathy w accord with th t, it is thought, w

supported by a n the New York d to him. THE RAILEDAN

he five railroad or hundred applicant support from the dppi and Arkansas el Bragg was for as an extreme re own offered and h ting copies of cen General Henry te department,

rown agreed jus be held response from thin the next few d tainly be a declina dence, and wil ooking to a sattle rs of the steam all letters that pass te department, but

not the fault of 8

m out will destro THE POL WASHINGTON, Feb. Is were reported freed on the calendar

ir. Evarts preser and Hiscock, as so w York, for the such 4, 1887. Place the Utah polygam betinte for both the substitute for both the substitute, consistent occurring ns, and occupying read in full by the speeches were made for by Messrs. Ves d in favor of it by